

Rain and cooler tonight;
Saturday fair; moderate south
to west winds.

ESTABLISHED 1878

BIG RECEPTION TO BLACK WATCH HIGHLANDERS

The Killies were in Lowell last night—and Lowell knew it. When the 4 o'clock train pulled in from Boston at 4:45 yesterday afternoon on board were the Killies, the British Royal Highlanders of Canada. The Black Watch—30 of them besides their band and officers—officers who have fought the Hun in France and Flanders, who have been wounded and are now on this side of the Atlantic recovering and who at the end of

their tour in this country will go back to the front to finish the fight.

An immense crowd was on hand at the depot to welcome the men, famed as the ones who protected the rear of the British on the retreat from Mons. The station platforms were blocked and the streets were thronged with people anxious to get as close a view as possible of the fighting Killies.

The police cleared the way for the

Continued to page four

BRITISH LOOKING FOR MEN IN LOWELL

The British recruiting mission has opened up headquarters at the war work room at 119 Merrimack street and is hard at work rounding up British and Canadian subjects for the British forces. Besides the office in Merrimack street a sub-station has been opened in the office of the Massachusetts mill, where applicants for admission are examined. The actual registration takes place in Merrimack street and then the men are escorted to the mill office, where Capt. A. T. MacWilliams, the examining doctor, is on hand to say whether the applicants come up to the physical requirements of the British forces.

The doctor is assisted in examining the men by Sgt. Nichols, a member of the second battalion of the Ontario regiment. Capt. MacWilliams is a Canadian officer attached to the imperial forces.

The British recruiting street station is Lt. Col. W. M. Linton, a member of Gen. White's staff. The lieutenant has been wounded in action, but he is unable to tell anything of himself because of military regulations.

Otto Hoekmeyer and W. A. Mitchell are working as a local committee in co-operation with the officers. The men who have come this evening, this morning and at 4 o'clock were ready for business. Several of the men who signified their willingness to join the forces last evening were given hasty examination and sent away the first thing this morning. Of the others, about a dozen appeared at the headquarters this morning and were sent through to the military examinations. The majority of them were passed and will leave for 44 Bromfield street, Boston, as soon as they are able to arrange their home affairs.

The age limit for men in the British service is between the ages of 18 and 45 inclusive. In the case of soldiers, however, the ages will be extended to 50 years. When they pass the local exams they are sent to the British mission headquarters in Boston and are here given a final examination. All transportation charges are paid and the men are given plenty of opportunity to earn after their release. Information concerning providing for dependents and other subsidies which may puzzle prospective applicants will be given cheerfully by Lt. Col. Linton in Merrimack street. The quarters will be open from 7 to 9 this evening and until 4 o'clock tomorrow afternoon. The recruiting officers will leave this city at 4:30 tomorrow noon.

Following is the list of names of the men who had registered for British service up to the time of going to press:

James H. McCrendle, rear 90 Appleton street.
Leo Blinde, 45 West Fourth st., James Morris, 852 Lawrence st., Robert S. Kent, 45 Merrimack st., Joseph Davenport, 31 Bridge st., John Batho, 29 L st., George Marshall, 13 London st., George Wesley, Dracut.
Thos. Hamblett, 13 England st., John R. Bridges, rear 1 Billerica st., James N. Monier, 9 Dalton st., Wm. J. Peirce, 223 Fayette st., Geo. B. Marchand, 131 Dalton st.

KORNILOFF REVOLT TO THWART GERMAN PLANS

PETROGRAD, Sept. 28.—The last army order issued by Gen. Korniloff, commander in chief, reuniting in the Novaya Zhizn from a Mobile newspaper, tends to show that Korniloff was compelled to launch his revolt largely in an effort to thwart German plans. The order says it had been learned that German agents had brought about the great fire in Kazan, had expended millions of rubles in disorganizing the coal mines in the river Don region and that the Germans were proposing a general offensive along the whole front for the purpose of forcing a disorganized Russian retreat. The Germans also had planned to blow up the bridges across the river Neiper and Volga and were organizing a movement of Marxists in Petrograd.

Gen. Korniloff, the article adds, had reason to suspect treason among irresponsible Russian organizations in German pay. The general was doubtless that irresponsible influences had the upper hand in Petrograd and that Russia was on the brink of an abyss, took an extreme decision for the purpose of saving the fatherland.

Challons TODAY

Is the first day of our great Birthday Sale. We have made very special preparations for this annual event and intend to make it of vastly greater importance this year than ever before. The details of this sale are presented on a full page ad elsewhere in this paper.

OPEN THE DEMOCRATIC CONGRESS IN RUSSIA

PETROGRAD, Sept. 27.—The democratic congress held its first session this evening in the Municipal theatre, 1200 delegates from all parts of Russia being in attendance. All the members of the provisional government, headed by Premier Kerensky, were present. Several members of the diplomatic corps occupied a special box.

N. C. Scheidese, president of the council of soldiers and women's delegates in opening the conference, explained that the main object of the meeting of the country necessitated the constitution of a strong revolutionary power responsible to all elements. M. Avcheksteinoff, president of the council of peasants' delegates, said that the moment had arrived for democracy to gather all its political wisdom to save the conquests of the revolution, which were threatened with irreparable catastrophe if not safeguarded now.

BRITAIN'S ATTITUDE TOWARD PEACE

LONDON, Sept. 28.—Viscount Milner, minister without portfolio in the British war council, speaking today at the American Luncheon club, declared against any peace with the "unreputable German rulers."

"Touching on the entry of the United States into the war, the most remarkable disclosure came from those at the luncheon when he said: "I feel that your country and mine are now united by something far stronger than any written pact or alliance, namely, by an absolute unity of motive and aim of purpose."

Viscount Milner's speech obviously was an answer to the peace talk which has been flittering from Germany in past weeks. He declared that it was the intention of the entente allies to pursue "unflinchingly and resolutely to the end," their crusade so that the world should be a better place to live in than before the world dominated by other law than the law of the jungle.

BEFORE COURT FOR "PROFESSIONAL PRUDENCE"

PARIS, Sept. 28.—The minister of justice, Lt. Col. Monier, has decided to send Fernand Monier, president of the Paris court of appeals before the court of cassation for "professional errors and imprudence." Lt. Col. Monier first came before the public prominently at the time of the Caillaux case three years ago.

HEARING ON PETITION OF B. M. RECEIVER TO PAY INTEREST

TO CONCERN RIVER R.R.

BOSTON, Sept. 28.—Federal Judge Morton today set Oct. 8 for hearing a petition of James H. Hustis, temporary receiver of the Boston & Maine railroad for authority to pay six months' interest, due Aug. 31, on the \$1,000,000 worth of stock of the Connecticut River railroad, a leased line. The court previously had authorized the payment of interest due last February. Judge Morton also allowed the receiver \$9000 as compensation for his services for June, July and August.

FIVE INJURED IN AUTO ACCIDENT AT AYER—CAR CRASHED INTO PUMP

AYER, Sept. 28.—Harvey C. Howard of Boston was knocked unconscious and badly cut and bruised and five other men were severely shaken, broken and cut last night when an automobile in which they were riding crashed into a pump on the Fitchburg turnpike, near Camp Devens reservation, to avoid being run down by an army truck. Howard's life was saved by Lt. Col. George A. MacDonald of the headquarters division of the 8th battle, depot brigade.

As the force of the crash threw Howard backward out over the folded top of the automobile, Lt. Col. McDonald grasped his leg and prevented his falling beneath the wheels of an army motor truck which caused the accident. The truck driver sped up his machine and sped off without attempting to learn if anyone had been hurt in the crash. The automobile was demolished.

5000 HARVARD MEN NOW ACTIVELY ENGAGED IN WAR WORK

CAMBRIDGE, Sept. 28.—Figures compiled by the Harvard Alumni Bulletin show that nearly 5000 Harvard men are now engaged actively in war work, while these 1600 are in the army and 670 in the navy. 1000 armies of the allies 113 Harvard men are enrolled. The medical service has 520, the Red Cross and other relief services 193 and the ambulance service, 361. Others are training in various military organizations or engaged in committee work.

AGREE TO ARBITRATE

PARIS, Sept. 28.—Differences between workers in certain classes of munitions and their employers have been settled by both sides agreeing to the formation of a permanent committee of conciliation, according to an official note issued last night. The statement says that the decision to arbitrate arose from patriotic motives and a full understanding of the essential importance of not allowing any interruptions to work. The munitions will adjust the wages of skilled women and men workers, which is to be done without delay.

160 Indicted in I. W. W. Plots to Hamper Government in Its War Activities

Ton of Evidence Discloses Plans for Anti-draft Demonstrations, Crippling of War Industries, By Strikes, Burning of Wheat Fields and Timber—Seditious Conspiracy Charged

CONGRESSIONAL PROBE OF HEFLIN CHARGE REFUSED

WASHINGTON Sept. 28.—After a heated session today the house rules committee refused to act on resolutions proposing congressional investigating of Representative Hefflin's charge, that a number of members of congress "had acted suspiciously" about the time Count von Bernstorff asked his government for authority to spend \$50,000 to influence congress on the submarine warfare issue.

Heflin Names Men

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—Demanding that congress investigate the German influences on members of congress and that it refuse to be sidetracked into a narrow investigation of himself and his statements, Representative Thomas J. Heflin of Alabama, yesterday named four members of congress whose activities he declared

Continued to Last Page

BRITISH HOLD GAINS RUSSIAN VICTORY

Efforts to break into the new ground won by the British in the renewal of the Flanders offensive in the Argonne region on the French front. The Germans of the crown prince's forces made an attempt last night to break into the French lines in this sector, attacking three times. These assaults all were repulsed. The Germans sustaining heavy losses, says today's Paris war office report.

Zonnebeke is an important point for

the British and their previous efforts to reach and maintain a hold in it

had been desperately resisted by the Germans.

Their present position in the village places them within a half dozen miles of the important north-and-south railway lines connecting Lille with Ostend on the coast, the cutting of which or its domination at

even medium range artillery fire would seriously handicap the Germans in their Flanders operations.

Germans Driven Out

In the Tower Hamlets and Polygon wood regions, towards the right flank, the clearing up process which followed Wednesday's battle was carried out further last night, and the Germans were driven from isolated positions to which strong parties of them were clinging.

There has been little other military

activity of a nature to call for men

in the official statements except

in the Argonne region on the French front.

The Germans of the crown

prince's forces made an attempt last

night to break into the French lines in

this sector, attacking three times.

These assaults all were repulsed.

The Germans sustaining heavy losses, says today's Paris war office report.

On the Caucasus front the Russians are showing renewed aggressiveness.

In engagements with the Kurds de-

ments of these hostile forces have

been driven back in the Ria region

where the Russians today report the

capture of the town of Oromarn, 24 miles west of Meri.

Russian Destroyer Sunk

The Russian admiralty reports the

loss in the Baltic of the Russian de-

stroyer Ochotnik which struck a

mine.

The Russian democratic congress has begun its sessions in Petrograd with 1200 delegates in attendance.

Premier Kerensky met with a mixed

reception when he addressed the

body, the principal applause for him

coming from the less radical ele-

ments among the delegates. The con-

servatives taunted the extremists who

have great strength in the con-

gress with friendliness to the Ger-

mans.

WOUNDED SOLDIER GETS FIST FIGHT IN THE HOUSE

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—The row

in the house over Representative Hef-

lin's charges culminated today in a

fight between Heflin and Representa-

tive Norton, his chief critics. Friends

soon separated them.

ARGENTINE PRESIDENT AGAINST BREAK

Buenos Aires, Sept. 28.—President Irigoyen is preparing a message in

the house over Representative Hef-

lin's charges culminated today in a

fight between Heflin and Representa-

tive Norton, his chief critics. Friends

soon separated them.

WANTED

Experienced Men Furriers. Apply

in person at the

FUR STORE

J. E. SHANLEY & CO.

64 MERRIMACK ST.

Third door from Central

510-511-512 SUN BUILDING

The Bank

For Everybody

Pay 2 Per Cent Interest on Checking Accounts.

Have Always Paid

4 Per Cent Interest on Savings Accounts.

Interest Beginning Last Day of Month.

Issue Foreign Drafts.

Have the Best of Safety Deposit Boxes.

Are Open Saturday Evenings 7 to 9.

Are Under Massachusetts Supervision.

HAS NEVER LOST A DOLLAR

MIDDLESEX COMPANY

SAFE DEPOSIT & TRUST

MERRIMACK-PALMER STREETS

Where the Lowell Thrift Club is Thriving Its 40th Week

FOR 69 YEARS

City Institution

For Savings

Never paid less than

4%

INTEREST BEGINS OCT. 15TH

CENTRAL STREET

LOWELL, MASS.

<p

TERRIBLE SLAUGHTER OF GERMANS IN FLANDERS

FRETFUL BABIES NEED A LAXATIVE

LONDON, Sept. 28.—On his return from a visit to the Italian front, Maj. Gen. F. B. Maurice, chief director of military operations at the war office, yesterday discussed the situation in Flanders with the Associated Press:

"During the past month there has been a long pause, thanks to the rain and mud in Flanders," he said. "The pause made necessary more ample preparations than ordinarily after a first advance—preparations equivalent to launching an entirely new battle. But the result amply justified the preparations, and while on previous occasions we won our objectives only after protracted fighting, we Wednesday were in possession of the whole of our objectives before 6 a.m."

"The fighting Wednesday was in the most vital area, the nexus of the ridge system dominated the plain of Flanders and the key to the way south of Ypres. There is a good deal more to be said about this battle than what we gained."

"Officers who have been with the British army from the beginning all agree that since the first battle of Ypres there has never been a higher tide of German combat power than that displayed in the repulsive counter attacks of the past few days. The Germans counter attacked in masses and dozens of these counter attacks were swept away by our fire with terrible German losses."

"The most important aspect of the fight is that it is summed up in the words 'wastage of reserves.' The Germans have done their best to keep us off the series of ridges. When we finish getting these ridges we shall claim a victory."

"The question then is whether we can exploit our victory, and exploiting it depends on whether we have more reserves than the enemy. Thus far the German wastage has been much greater than ours, and they have used 75 per cent more divisions than we since July 31."

"Regarding the last front situation, I think it is remarkable for the little advantage the Germans have taken of the notorious situation in Russia. The question is, have they done so little because they have been unable to do more or have they been bold their hand for political or other reasons?"

"It is too early to reach a decision on that question, but in my mind I have little doubt that the strain on the west front is the chief reason for the small German progress in the east."

AUSTRIA AND GERMANY AT ODDS OVER POLAND

LONDON, Sept. 28.—A Reuter dispatch from Zurich, Switzerland, says Count Adam Tarnowski von Tarnow, ex-Austro-Hungarian ambassador to the United States, has been refused membership in the Polish regency, owing to reported decided hostility to him in Germany, and that it has been proposed that Count Ostrowski replace him.

The dispatch says the indications are that there are serious differences between Austria and Germany with regard to the composition of the re-

DUTCH EXPLANATION IS ACCEPTED BY U. S.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—The Netherlands minister, Chevalier van Rappard, yesterday presented an explanation, which the state department accepted as satisfactory, of the references in the recently disclosed von Igel papers to sales of ammunition by Germany to Holland.

The von Igel papers contained a dispatch signed by Prince Hirschfeld, formerly counsellor of the German embassy here, transmitting authorization of sale of cartridges and gunpowder.

The Netherlands minister's explanation, presented in the form of a statement, declared the ammunition was part of that bought up in the United States by Germany at the beginning of the war in order to keep it from the allies, but that the Netherlands government finally decided not to buy any of it, and the munitions were later offered for sale, and some were sold to other governments.

DEMAND "REDEMPTION OF PHILADELPHIA"

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 28.—Resolutions calling upon all citizens to unite in the "redemption of the city" and demanding the impeachment or resignation of any public officials shown by the pending investigation of the political feud, which resulted in the killing of a policeman by alleged New York gunmen, have been neglectful of their duty, were adopted at a mass meeting here last night.

The meeting was called to protest against the intolerable conditions in our political life as evidenced by the 5th Ward murmur.

Ex-Mayor Rudolph Blankenburg was a speaker. Forty thousand tickets had been issued and so great was the attendance that overflow meetings were held. Dense crowds blocked the streets.

Brig.-Gen. E. Leroy Sweetser, com-

See Our
Merrimack
Street
Windows

The Bon Marché
DRY GOODS CO.

See Our
Merrimack
Street
Windows

Fall Opening

TODAY and TOMORROW

WE WISH TO ANNOUNCE OUR READINESS OF OUR IM-
MENSE SHOWING OF THE LATEST CREATIONS OF DAME
FASHION IN GARMENTS AND MILLINERY FOR FALL WEAR.

You are cordially invited to inspect our large stocks of up-to-the-minute wearing apparel for women and misses.

WOMEN ARMY CLERKS DROP UNIFORM PLAN

BOSTON, Sept. 28.—Indications last night were that Mrs. John A. Johnston, wife of the commander of the Northeastern department, will not have the opportunity of fulfilling her offer to furnish cloth for uniforms for women field clerks employed at department headquarters here.

The war department has declined to prescribe a uniform for the women field clerks.

Women field clerks at department headquarters were aroused when orders came recently prescribing khaki "coats and breeches" for all field clerks. A few days later official word came from the women field clerks to disregard the order.

Soon afterward some of them decided to make uniforms anyway. They favored military skirts and V-neck blouses, and put the matter up to Gen. Johnston. They were told they were free to pick a uniform for themselves. Then came an offer from Mrs. Johnston to supply cloth to those who appear, not all the women field clerks care on the color and pattern and the question of donning a distinctive uniform, is well off.

Brig.-Gen. E. Leroy Sweetser, com-

manding officer of the Depot Brigade of the 26th division, has taken quarters at Nottingham Chambers and has appointed as his aids Maj. Charles T. Hill of the old 2nd regiment and Lt. Col. Logan, brother of Col. Logan of the old 9th, now of the 10th regiment.

Adjt.-Gen. Preiss of Maine was in conference here with Gen. Johnston yesterday regarding the defenses of the Pine Tree state.

Surrounding the hall an hour before the meeting, the resolutions demanded that the police be "taken out of politics and assessments or solicitation of contributions from policemen and other public employees shall cease."

U. S. HD

manding officer of the Depot Brigade of the 26th division, has taken quarters at Nottingham Chambers and has appointed as his aids Maj. Charles T. Hill of the old 2nd regiment and Lt. Col. Logan, brother of Col. Logan of the old 9th, now of the 10th regiment.

Adjt.-Gen. Preiss of Maine was in conference here with Gen. Johnston yesterday regarding the defenses of the Pine Tree state.

Learning that the national government contemplated building such a plant on Newark flats near New York, Commissioner McNary went to Washington and called the attention of officials in South Boston.

Stating that Halifax is largely used for all Canadian shipments to Europe, because of its comparative proximity to the other side, Mr. McNary asked why Boston's advantage in that respect should be ignored. He learned that in Washington the idea that Boston's terminal facilities are unequal to the present burden has been fostered, and he concluded it, besides showing that Halifax is connected with the rest of Canada practically only by a single track.

An expert sent here by the National council of defense has viewed the territory involved and has even indicated sites for various warehouses.

If the secretary of war approves the plan the commission intends to get the federal government to utilize Boston's shipping facilities for the overflow shipping at New York instead of sending it to southern cities, much farther from Europe.

Mr. McNary yesterday stated that every effort must be made to have Boston's shipping and commercial interests recognized at this time, and the local business organizations should get behind the movement at once.

AMHASSADOR NAON OF ARGENTINA
CALLS ON SEC. LANSING AT
WASHINGTON

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—Ambassador Naon of Argentina was an early caller at the state department yesterday, but both he and officials there refused to discuss the visit.

There was little doubt that the am-

bassador saw Sec. Lansing in connection with the same 400 dispatches

DR. T. J. KING, DR. J. E. ROBILLARD,

The foremost
minutest dentist
of New England.
One of Lowell's
Leading Dentists.

STATEMENT OF DR. ROBILLARD:

I have practised dentistry in Lowell for years and during that time I know I have given satisfaction to the people of this city. To make the big success that my city, and the public demand, I am obliged to avail myself of certain wonderful improvements now being used by Dr. King, and I do not hesitate to admit the superiority of the King System of Painless Dentistry. I hope my patients will agree with me that in doing the right thing in joining with a reputably dentist who has made an enviable position for himself and his methods in our city.



IF I HURT YOU DON'T PAY ME

No pain and a small per cent over the cost of the post materials money will buy is a combination that cannot be beat. Get the other fellow's price for his best, then compare it with mine, is all that I ask you to do.

If you want the best—a set of teeth that defies detection in the mouth—the Natural Gum is the set you must have. Used in my office exclusively.

Gold Fillings.....\$2 up

Gold Crowns.....\$3 and \$5

\$8

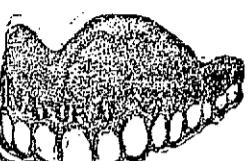
up

Painless Extracting Free

Estimate and Advice Given. Fit Guaranteed.

Dr. T. J. King MERRIMACK ST.

Dental Nurse in Attendance. Phone 3800. Hours: 9 to 8.



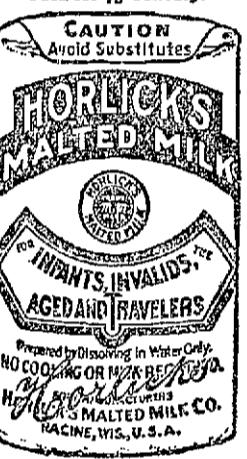
passing through the Swedish legation in Argentina which are believed to show further evidence of how Count von Luxburg, the German chargé d'affaires in Buenos Aires, used the neutral legation to communicate secretly with Berlin.

With the full revelation of German duplicity before it, the next move of Mr. Swartz believes this arrangement will permit a longer growing season.

Protect Yourself!

Get the Round Package

Used for 1/2 Century.



HORLICK'S THE ORIGINAL MALTED MILK

Made from clean, rich milk with the extract of select malted grain, malted in our own Malt Houses under sanitary conditions. Infants and children thrive on it. Agree with the weakest stomach of the invalid or the aged. Needs no cooking nor addition of milk.

Nourishes and sustains more than tea, coffee, etc.

Should be kept at home or when traveling. A nutritious food-drink may be prepared in a moment.

A glassful hot before retiring induces refreshing sleep. Also in lunch tablet form for business men.

Substitutes Cost YOU Same Price

Take a Package Home

YOUR SHIRT

Thousands of men who wore other shirts first are now wearing

Congress Flannel Shirts—

for REAL satisfaction.

Congress Shirts are purchased by the United States Government

Down to the last detail Congress Flannel Shirts have the solid undeniable quality that renders shirt SERVICE.

Decades of experience guide their making; and a new shirt FREE replaces any Congress garment found lacking in fabric or tailoring.

Ask your dealer to show you YOUR Congress Flannel Shirt. He has it in Gray, Blue and Khaki, in several different weights. If by any chance he cannot supply you, write us.

JACOB DREYFUS & SONS

68 Summer Street Boston, Mass.

SHIRT MAKERS SINCE 1863

Congress Working Shirts have attained the same high degree of merit as Congress Flannel Shirts.

WOULD MAKE BOSTON GREAT ARMY DEPOT

BOSTON, Sept. 28.—To make Boston one of the greatest military supply and storage depots in the world, iron which equipment for the armies fighting abroad will flow in a steady stream, is a plan of the Massachusetts waterways commission, endorsed by the storage committee of the council of national defense at Washington.

The plan involves building of great public works along both the East Boston and South Boston shores, requiring enormous financial outlay and labor of hundreds of men, also the taking by the government of 250,000 square feet of floor space on Commonwealth pier for storage and embankment.

Storage buildings and a big shipping platform would be built near the river channel and dry dock, South Boston; there would be an extension of the channel and an extension of whatever land the Metropolitan Coal company's and Boston Malasses company's plan, all the debris to be removed by the existing system of storage tracks.

The project is largely that of William S. McNary of the waterways commission and John A. Conroy, mem-

YOUNG MEN'S Fall Suits

Of Unusual Smartness

\$25

We're making another strong bid for the young men's trade this fall.

We're introducing Sophomore clothes—one of the cleverest lines of young men's clothes produced, noted for their smart styling and superior tailoring.

Sophomore clothes at \$25 is one of our strongest efforts this fall.

We supplement these with a strong display of suits and coats at \$25 from Stein-Bloch—in young men's and men's models.

Altogether we're bearing down hard on the \$25 price—and our active selling seems to have warranted it.

Double breasted models are going well. They are one or three button, with or without belts. Also many models in single breasted.

Plain colored fabrics are in demand: Blue, brown, gray, green, but there's a generous showing of mixtures.

If will pay you to pay \$25 for your Fall Suit

D. S. O'Brien Co.

222 MERRIMACK STREET.

TO REVERSE REICHSTAG PEACE RESOLUTION

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 28.—Charges that certain government authorities are supporting the pro-German and conservative forces in the agitation to reverse the Reichstag majority peace resolution and commit Germany to the so-called Hindenburg peace may be made the subject of an interpellation at the present session of the Reichstag. Berlin newspapers which arrived tonight after a three day interruption indicate that the interpellation was discussed at a meeting of the steering committee of the Reichstag on Wednesday.

It was decided to postpone action in order to give Chancellor Michaelis and his aides an opportunity to make certain explanations. This, Philipp Scheidemann, the socialist leader explained, would allow the committee to determine the form which the interpellation should take, but it will not head off a big debate on the subject. Georg Ledebour, the radical socialist, made a vain attempt to set the debate for today.

Amen Imperial Constitution

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 28.—The constitutional committee of the Reichstag, according to a despatch from Berlin, by a vote of 15 to 2, yesterday adopted a proposal to cancel the concluding sentence of article 9 of the imperial constitution which debars members of the federal council from simultaneous membership in the Reichstag. The committee adjourned after passing an order of the day which declared: "The Reichstag will co-operate in the event of the conclusion of a peace."

Refuse to Vote Increase

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 28.—The centrist and socialist representatives at the meeting Wednesday of the inter-parliamentary caucus of the centrist, national-liberal, radical and socialist parties manifested a desire to refuse to vote favorably the salary of Vice Chancellor Helfferich, who is unpopular in Reichstag circles. The establishment of the chancellorship as a separate ministry, including a vice chancellor necessitates a vote of credit. The radicals and national-liberals opposed consideration of the matter at the caucus and the question was sent to the main committee of the Reichstag.

TURKISH GRAND VIZIER SAYS END COMING

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—Turkey's entry into the war was justified by Talat Bey, the grand vizier, in a long speech closing the congress of the party of union and progress, according to a despatch from Constantinople. He defended the Turkish treatment of the Armenians, but admitted that the deportation could not be carried out by regular forces because the gendarmes had been drafted into the army and order could not be maintained. Irregularities in connection with the deportations had been investigated, he said, and the guilty parties had been punished severely, some with death.

Referring to the pope's peace note, Talat Bey declared that Turkey adhered to the principle of arbitration. Regarding disarmament he said:

"We shall oppose no solution which is compatible with our vital interest."

He concluded by saying that no one could say when peace would come, but it was obvious that the end was approaching.

CALLS ON SENATE TO EXPEL LA FOLLETTE

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Sept. 28.—Members of the American Bankers' association launched into vehement expressions of approval when Nicholas Murray Butler, president of Columbia University, addressing them yesterday on "The Changing World," demanded that Congress exercise its constitutional right to expel United

Nervous Wreck—Now Live Wire

Makes Everybody Sit Up and Take Notice

One of our big league ball players had been going back for some time, no matter how hard he tried he could not get his old time Pep and Ginger into the game, it was up till all work all the time. It was one of those honest hard working fellows and it finally got his "goat," his nerves went bad, he commenced to run down, could not eat or sleep and kept steadily slipping. Doctors and medicines were of no help.

One of his many admirers said to him, "Why not try Phosphated Iron, everybody is boasting it."

Grasping at the last straw, the poor fellow took a try at it. The way he came back was an "eye opener," he was there in every department of the game, his nerves were like iron, he could hit the ball and was no time getting back to the three hundred mark, while his base running and fielding were great.

Discussing the matter with our reporter, he said, "Would you believe it, I could feel the iron charging my blood with health and strength, while the way the phosphates steamed and renewed my nerve force was almost too good to believe. Phosphated Iron took hold of me right from the start and sure did make a new man of me, and you can bet, I carry a good supply on all my trips."

Doctors will tell you that you must have plenty of iron and phosphates in your system if you want pure red blood and steady nerves of iron. Every one who is run down, nervous tired and has that "all in" feeling should try phosphated iron and you will never be without it again.

SPECIAL NOTICE — To insure physicians and patients receiving the genuine phosphated iron we have put up in capsules only so do not allow dealers to substitute pills or tablets, insist on the genuine in capsules only.

Fred Howard, the druggist, Lowell Pharmacy and leading druggists everywhere.

WHY HAIR FALLS OUT

Dandruff causes a feverish irritation of the scalp, the hair roots shrink, loosen and then the hair comes out fast. To stop falling hair at once and rid the scalp of every particle of dandruff, get a 25-cent bottle of Dandrolene at any drug store, pour a little in your hand and rub well into the scalp. After a few applications all dandruff disappears and the hair stops coming out.

BREAK A CHILD'S COLD BY GIVING SYRUP OF FIGS

Cleanses the Little Liver and Bowels and They Get Well Quick

When your child suffers from a cold don't wait, give the little stomach, liver and bowels a gentle, thorough cleansing at once. When cross, peevish, listless, pale, doesn't sleep, eat or act naturally; if breath is bad, stomach sour, give a tea-spoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the clogged-up, constipated waste, sour bile and undigested food will gently move out of the bowels and you have a well, playful child again.

If your child coughs, sneezes and has caught cold or is feverish or has a sore throat give a good dose of "California Syrup of Figs," to evacuate the bowels no difference what other treatment is given.

Sick children needn't be coaxed to take this harmless "fruit laxative." Millions of mothers keep it handy because they know its action on the stomach, liver and bowels is prompt and sure. They also know a little given today saves a sick child tomorrow.

Ask your druggist for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which contains directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly on the bottle. Beware of counterfeits sold here. Get the genuine, made by "California Fig Syrup Company."

States Senator La Follette.

"We are fighting across the sea, and we are fighting evil-minded suspicion, cowardice and treason which have raised their heads at home," Dr. Butler said. "Our soldiers can fight the soldiers of the enemy; you and I have got to fight sedition and treason here." "Have the American people lost their capacity for corporate indignation?" he asked.

"There is a provision in the constitution providing that congress may expel a member by a two-thirds vote. What are they thinking of to sit there and permit themselves to be contaminated by Senator Robert M. La Follette?"

Bankers Cry Approval

Cries of approval came from every side as Dr. Butler proceeded:

"Gentlemen, you might just as well pull poison into the food of every boy that goes to his transport as to permit this man to make war upon the nation in the halls of congress."

He is a native son of New Jersey, which has two patriotic sons in the Senate. I call upon them to take the lead."

"I am a citizen of New York. New York has two patriotic sons in the Senate. I call upon them to take up the challenge. No single act would go so far to shorten the war."

Again the audience applauded.

"Hundreds of millions of dollars are being expended and thousands of lives are being lost because we sit by indignant and supine," Dr. Butler declared.

Speaking of peace, Dr. Butler said: "Any human being who asks for peace on any other terms than unconditional surrender is asking another and still greater war. Peace will come only when the supreme confidence the Germans have in their invincibility of mind and their world-conquering aims are brought to defeat. That is the only road to peace."

Lord Northcliffe Issues Warning

The bankers and, through them the American financial world, were warned against "the dream of speedy peace" by Lord Northcliffe, head of the British war mission, America and the entente, "in the same boat" should pull together, he said, with Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo, "acting as stroke."

"I believe America will even surpass her own magnificent record," Lord Northcliffe declared. "It is not business to criticize, or even to advise. I merely wish to indicate a point in our armor which an unscrupulous and unsleeping enemy is sure to attack, and that is your mass battalions of finance, to bring your reserves and simply smother him with all arms, big guns and small, subscriptions of a million dollars and subscriptions of a hundred dollars."

The food situation in Germany and Austria is better than a year ago, Lord Northcliffe warned, and financially, Germany lives in a circle and goes on for a long time spending her own money among her own people."

Advises General Thrift

America's loans to Great Britain, the speaker asserted, do not cross the Atlantic, but go to swell wages in Liverpool, Bethlehem and a hundred other cities of industry where the wages are the highest of record, and will return to swell the country's finances in the form of workers' subscriptions to the Liberty loan.

The length of the war is associated intimately with the question of thrift, he said, and in this connection he predicted that while newspapers are essential to the conduct of the war, as the country progresses the publishers will find new uses for their paper and labor diminishing and the size of American newspapers may be reduced.

Conservation of raw material, transport, power and labor and relating to newspapers may apply also to other industries, Lord Northcliffe said, and is "one way of shortening the war."

Other speakers were Benjamin R. Strong, Jr., governor of the New York Federal Reserve bank, who expressed his confidence in the country's ability to "pay all the taxes required to maintain its credit and support all the borrowings needed for the period of the war without crippling its vital industries," Fred N. Farnsworth, secretary of the association, who lamented the fact that the secretary of war had ruled against any banking facilities in the coal camps, and George M. Reynolds of Chicago, who said he felt certain the banks will meet every obligation and service put upon them by the government.

HIS CONDITION SERIOUS

Capt. Bernard J. Dunn of Illes Co. No. 3 of the fire department, who fell from the roof of a building of the Northern Waste Co. Saturday night and suffered a concussion of the brain and internal injuries, is in a serious condition at St. John's hospital. He passed a very bad night and his condition today showed no signs of improvement.

TALBOT'S WONDERFUL STORE

The Reason It Became Necessary and Why We Have Made the Alterations

We hear nothing but complimentary remarks as our store nears its completion—One kind friend said "it was as if one was dropped by an airship into the centre of Broadway, New York." We felt we should tell you why we give the people of Lowell such a good store.

Way back in 1881, the writer opened a store in this location, about one-third the size of the present one—it was soon enlarged and kept enlarging until we took in the two other stores and the stable in the rear of the American House.

Fifteen years ago, how the time does skip, we took in the second story of the American House making our windows twenty-two feet high and built the entire rear part almost back to the firehouse and at that time we thought we had some store—it was too, but things keep moving and we feel the best none too good for Lowell—



Great success followed our efforts and today we stand at the head of the clothing trade of the city. Not only have we improved the store, but we added young blood and made this the store of progress, the store of new things, the store of better things—

We told you sometime ago how we went thro' the West in search of new ideas. How after looking through a great many propositions we got together with a couple of young store architects and made a set of plans of a better front than any we had seen. The reason this could be done was that with 84 feet frontage and the great height, (22 feet), the possibilities were better, and we feel we have taken every advantage of them—

We hope soon to invite you to our Grand Opening—Today we ask you to drop in and see what we are doing—Also would say our Fall Stock is complete.

Don't think we have done this entirely without hope of reward because we are frank to admit we expect to reap benefits. The last five years our business has increased very fast and 1916 was the largest we ever recorded.

We confidently expect and believe we can increase our business one hundred thousand (\$100,000) dollars or more this coming year and cannot see why we should not do this easily—we have given you the best store (not the most elegant and expensive) but the best for business that we know about, and we have seen most of them—We shall increase our stock liberally and sell higher grades than before, always keeping our prices the lowest in the city.

The next few years are years in which the public will be offered many substitutes. The large advance in costs makes the use of cotton an object of great moment. We shall adhere to the principles that have made this store such a success. If forced later on to use cotton fabrics we shall tell you so. Buy only of stores you can rely on.

That's another big reason our business grows each year—our salesmen are instructed to tell you just what you are buying. Then we go farther and guarantee satisfaction in service and wear—if anything goes wrong, we stand behind it and are ready to make good—There's no risk in trading here and that will mean a lot to you during the war times—We're fortunate too, in having Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes—they are acknowledged to be the best clothes made.

In conclusion—we wish to thank you who have made our great advance possible and we promise to live up to all your expectations in the future—Come in and see us, we shall be delighted to show you our store.

Fall Stocks
Are
Now Ready

Talbot Clothing Co.

AMERICAN HOUSE
BLOCK
CENTRAL AND
WARREN STS.

FLEE TO ESCAPE HURRICANE

Residents of New Orleans
Heed Weather Bureau's
Warning

Tropical Hurricane Passing
Inland Central 75 Miles
South of City

NEW ORLEANS, La., Sept. 28.—The tropical hurricane passing inland from the Gulf of Mexico was central early today about 75 miles south of New Orleans and moving in a northerly direction. Reports from Pilot Town, near the mouth of the Mississippi river said the wind's velocity there was more than 75 miles an hour at 5:30 a.m. and the barometer had fallen to 29.18.

Weather bureau officials were inclined to the opinion that the full force probably would pass a little east or west of New Orleans.

The barometer in New Orleans at 7 a.m. registered 29.63 where it had been almost stationary for nearly four hours.

"New Orleans has not yet received the worst of the storm," weather bureau officials said. "Its intensity probably will increase here up to noon."

The centre of the storm apparently passed inland from the gulf near Pilot Town, the hurricane being accompanied by rain. Pilot Town is approximately 80 miles southeast of New Orleans and had a population of about 100. It is the headquarters of the pilots who guide the vessels over the bar at the mouth of the river. Since 1:30 a.m. a gale of more than 75 miles an hour has been blowing there. No reports had been received here early today as to

OPEN MONDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS

"A Dollar or two a week will do" to clothe the family at

GATELY'S

We're Ready

NOW to demonstrate the extraordinary underselling ability of the Gately organizations, its superior buying power and wonderful assortments.

These are days when it pays to make comparisons. If you will do so you'll find real economy at Gately's.



All Alternatives FREE

Newest Model Gabardine

SUITS

Guaranteed satin lined—all the new colors of the season. Smart stitching and button trimming. Special \$22.50

Wool Velour

COATS

Stylish silk plush broad deep collar and cuffs.

Smart buckle and belt effect. Elegantly tailored. Extra special.

\$25.00

This

Navy, Copen or black

Messaline

DRESS

Gorgette sleeves and collar, embroidered high belt effect. Extra special.

\$16.50

It pays to take a few steps out of the high rent district to buy ON EASY TERMS at

GATELY'S

209-211 Middlesex

ALSO

HAVERHILL BROCKTON

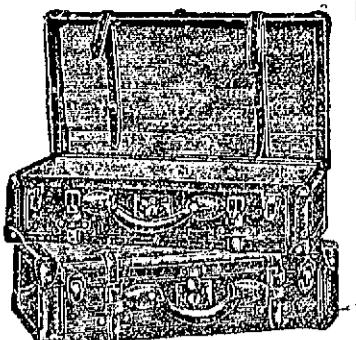
14 Water St. 274 Main St.

LYNN SALEM

52 Andrews St. 145 Essex St.

BOSTON LAWRENCE

370 Washington 244 Hampshire



GENUINE COW HIDE
PROFESSIONAL
AND STUDENTS'

BAGS

AT CUT PRICES

\$3.50 Value, at.....\$2.49, \$2.75
One Lot, Value \$3.00, at.....\$1.98
High Grade Leather Bags \$5.00 to \$10.00

1000 to Choose From, At

Devine's Trunk and Leather Store

156 Merrimack St.

Tel. 1260

260 Essex Street, Lawrence.

damage done by the storm or any casualties at Pilot Town and telephone communication was still intact.

Heeding the weather bureau's warning of the probable approach of the storm, hundreds of New Orleans residents deserted their homes in the outskirts and spent last night in hotels, public and office buildings down town. More than 300 sought refuge in the postoffice building, the customs house and the new court house.

A despatch from Gulfport, Miss., stated that the barometer there at 7 a.m. registered 29.65. An east wind was blowing about 40 miles an hour and there were squalls of rain. The tide was normal.

Telephone communication with Pilot Town became interrupted for several hours and reports from there were received by wireless.

As a precautionary measure, Dr. I. M. Cline, district forecaster here, advised the northern railroad companies to keep their schools closed near here to

keep the school children safe.

Telephone communication with Pilot

Town became interrupted for several hours and reports from there were received by wireless.

Mayor Opens Meeting

Mayor O'Donnell opened activities shortly after 8:15. He spoke of the purpose of the meeting and said that he was sure that Lowell's reputation for hospitality would be upheld by the reception which the honored visitors were receiving. He said that the men who had come to Lowell had come with a mission and promised that the men themselves would be able to explain in full detail what that mission was.

Col. George H. Williams of the headquarters staff at Toronto was the first speaker. He opened in a humorous mood by saying that geographical knowledge had always been necessary for United States soldiers in Canada. At present Canada wants this country to look up to her in other ways. He said that 400 years ago Cabot discovered Canada and thought that he had also discovered a northwest passage. Less than four years ago Kaiser "Bill" discovered Canada, but no passage. Instead he found an insurmountable barrier.

He said that to date there had been 100,000 Canadian casualties and that if these losses cannot be made good the previous gains will in turn become losses. In conclusion he said that no British or Canadian subject in this country who had any red blood could sit by idly while American boys were fighting for their freedom.

After the soldiers had taken their positions the crowd surged in from the street and packed the already well filled building. One aisle of seats had been given to the early comers and the rest were reserved for the soldiers. The room was sumptuously decorated for the occasion. Along either wall of the sides of the building huge Old Glory and Massachusetts state seals were displayed. Forming a background for the speakers' platform were the flags of the three allies—France, England and the United States. Standing in the rear of the platform were a number of Boy Scouts carrying posters of the recruiting party.

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COL. F. B. M'Coy DIED SUDDENLY

BOSTON, Sept. 28.—Col. Frank Bourne McCoy, chief of the army recruiting station at 3 Tremont row, died in the Haymarket square Relief station yesterday afternoon, after having collapsed unconscious in the Scollay-square station of the subway as he was returning to his desk from luncheon at his home, 7 Euston street, Brookline.

Death was due to a recurrence of heart trouble with which he was stricken in the lobby of the Hotel Conley-Plaza the night of the dinner to the Japanese mission, Sept. 19.

Dr. J. H. Stevens, the hotel physician who attended him then, had urged him to "go slow," but he was loath to follow the advice absolutely and returned to his desk on the following Tuesday, Sept. 25.

Then, I. Parslow, the station master of the Elevated, saw Col. McCoy's trouble at 1:55 p.m. and helped him to a bench, where he immediately lost consciousness.

Patrolman Nickerson of the City Hall avenue police station, who convoyed the colonel to the Relief station, said he did not regain consciousness till nearly there. He died at 2:35 p.m.

Col. McCoy literally "died in harness" after having achieved for Massachusetts, and particularly Boston, the proud record of rising after a poor start in army enlistments, when the war became general in April, until this Commonwealth led every state in the Union in proportion to its size.

He was detailed to the army recruiting station at 3 Tremont row from the retirement of private life, succeeding Capt. Constant Corder Sept. 13, 1867.

From often less than five acceptances for enlistment a day through Col. McCoy's notable leading efforts the figures in the station gradually rose until in the month of June, in the excitement attendant on the registration for the selective draft, on one or two occasions they hovered in the vicinity of the 200 mark.

He was born in Augusta, Ga., Oct. 22, 1851, and was appointed to West Point from that state, becoming a second lieutenant in the 24th Infantry, Nov. 26, 1850.

Materially he was descended from the Marion family which gave so many soldiers to the patriot army in the days of Francis Marion. Hence Col. McCoy was eligible to membership with the Society of the Cincinnati, but the only Revolutionary society he joined was the Massachusetts Society of the Sons of the American Revolution.

He was transferred to the 3d Infantry Feb. 20, 1888, and assigned to Fort Shaw, Mont., under Lieut.-Col. John R. Brooke. He became a first lieutenant Feb. 1, 1889, and became captain of the second infantry April 20, 1898, and was transferred back to the 3d infantry Nov. 15, 1899.

He received at time of the Spanish war an honorary appointment as lieutenant colonel of the 12th Minnesota Infantry (millitia) until November, 1899, when he was transferred to the 3d. After transfer he became a first lieutenant March 1, 1902, rising to be colonel April 25, 1913. He retired by operation of law on his 64th birthday, Oct. 23, 1915.

From 1904 to 1907 he was in command of the post at the Island of Jolo in the Philippines.

TERrible PICTURE OF GERMAN ATROCITIES

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—Rev. Dr. Newell Dwight Hillis, in the pulpit of Plymouth church, Brooklyn, drew so terrible a picture of German "efficiency" in France and Belgium that the throng in the church was moved to gasps of horror.

"Why do the German people say they feel so terribly because the authors of the world call them 'Hun' and 'barbarian'?" he exclaimed. "Who named them 'Hun'? Their Kaiser! Who christened them 'barbarians'? Their kaiser! Who made them Hun? Their kaiser! Who bound the hands held upon the leash of the kaiser's thumb, as they strained with bloody jaws to tear their French and Belgian prey? The kaiser, this ruler, who lifts a diseased and withered arm, and with bloody fingers, says:

"I am the Hun and barbarian. Let the kaiser's words stand! For a thousand years no man shall speak the word 'Hun' without shuddering!"

The pastor spent July and August on the European battleground and this was the first of six sermons he has given since his return, all wrought in the blood-soaked fields. Its title was "The German Atrocities and Crimes the Logical and Inevitable Result of the German Philosophy of Militarism." The text was "Babylon the Great is Fallen."

"The Good Old German God!"

"Here upon the pulpit," began Dr. Hillis slowly, "rests a reproduction of an iron coin given as a token to each German soldier. At the top is a German portrait of the daily and underneath are these words, 'The Good Old German God.' To encourage the German soldiers to cruelty and atrocity against Belgians and Frenchmen, the deity holds a weapon in his right hand and to dull his conscience and to steady his heart, he tendered the token holding these words: 'Solve your enemy dead. The day of judgment will not ask you for your reasons.'

"To this native characteristic Goethe was referring when he said, 'The Prussian is naturally cruel; civilization will intensify that cruelty and make him a savage.' The Germans have professed that the stories of German atrocities were to be disbelieved as English inventions, Belgian lies and French hypocrites. But that day is gone forever. When the representatives of the nations assemble for the final settlement, there will be laid before the general photographs with all legal proof that these German atrocities far better established than the scalpings of the Sioux Indians on the western frontiers, the murders of the Black Hole of Calcutta and the crimes of the Spanish Inquisition."

"For the first time in history Germans have been saved from a menace before the great war for peace must go on until the German cancer is cut clean out of the body."

Atrocities Organized by "Efficiency"

The cold catalogue of German atrocities makes the most sickening pages in history. These atrocities were not committed in a mood of drunkenness nor in an hour of anger, but were organized by a so-called German "efficiency." It is not simply that they

FOLLOW THE CROWD

Mitchell Does the Biggest Business in the History of His Lowell Store



In a stupendous rush of old customers who know I always gave them the goods at low prices, at the same time I demonstrate to an unbelievable rush of new customers that I never carried better goods in the days when goods were known to be lower in price. That I am still standing pat on my old prices, when all around me boldly announce they are compelled to raise prices.

The most wonderful display of classic woolens in Lowell. Hundreds of bolts piled up to the store ceiling, of the most varied assortment of costly, exclusive styles.

The man who always pays \$40.00 to \$50.00 for his suitings or overcoatings will see in my store today, goods that he will admit his \$40.00 tailor is short of today.

Doctors, lawyers, mill men and store men—all crowd elbows in my store these days, for styles they can't seem to get in old quarters during this woolen pinch, while prosperous merchants walk into my store and say to my boys: "Measure me for one of those 16 oz. heavy weight blue serge worsteds at the old price."

**COME IN—GET ABOARD THIS MIGHTY RUSH.
I'LL SHOW YOU GOODS THAT RIVAL FIFTH
AVE. IN ITS PRIME. I'LL SHOW YOU PRICES
THAT EQUAL MY BALMY BARGAIN DAYS. I'LL
SHOW YOU BUSINESS THAT PROVES MITCHELL
MUST BE THERE TO GET SUCH CROWDS.**

**ENGLISH WEAVE OVERCOATINGS
AND SUITINGS TOMORROW
\$15.00**

MITCHELL, the Tailor 31 Merrimack Street, Lowell

Open Evenings Till 9.

RAILROADS' FALL AND WINTER SCHEDULES

The fall and winter schedules on the Boston & Maine and New Haven railroads go into effect Sunday, the public service commission having approved the schedules yesterday. The question of excursion trains and reduced rates to the National Army encampment at Ayer, however, was not taken up owing to the fact that there was no petition from the railroad or the commission.

MISS CURTIN HONORED

Miss Margaret Curtin, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Curtin, of 51 Albion street, was agreeably surprised last evening on the occasion of her birthday anniversary. A reunion of friends and relatives took place at the home of the young woman, who was presented numerous valuable gifts.

With 20,000 New England men in camp at Ayer thousands of relatives and friends would like to visit Camp Devens, but in many cases the rates are so high that people cannot afford to make the trip. The commission will consider the questions of Sunday excursions and reduced rates to Ayer

if the railroads file petitions.

The commission has issued the following statement:

"If either the Boston & Maine or the New Haven road petitions for the right to run Sunday excursions or give reduced rates to the camp, it is believed that this commission would stand in their way, but the cases will be heard on their merits and the petitions, if granted, will be because of the public interest."

Y.W.C.A. HOLDS RALLY

About 100 members of the Y.W.C.A. were in attendance at the fall rally which took place last evening. Supper was served, the association songs were sung and an interesting address was delivered by Miss Frances E. McNair, general secretary. A membership campaign was organized and the group of workers was divided into two sections headed by Mrs. D. L. Page and Mrs. W. E. Hatch. The prizes offered the members for the recruiting work are as follows: One member, a place on the honor roll; five members, blue enamel Y.W.C.A. pins; ten members, a gold association pin, and 15 members a week at the camp next summer.

The rally was brought to a close with a very clever pageant under the direction of Miss Marion Sawyer, the new social and girls' work secretary, assisted by Miss Edith Ernestine, Miss Ethel Everett and Miss Miriam Sav-

age. About 50 girls took part in the pageant, which was given in the gymnasium. In the course of the pageant Miss Marion McKinley sang "Beautiful Skies" and the "Star Spangled Banner." Mrs. A. F. French, chairman of the membership committee, presided over the meeting.

NEW DRAFT RULING

BOSTON, Sept. 28.—A ruling that draft boards could not reopen a case until after the date set for the conscript to report for duty was received by Gov. McCall yesterday from Lt. Gen. Marshall General Crowder. If the draft board has reserved his decision on a man until the members of the Lowell church have taken action on his resignation.

NOT THAT NELSON

Gustave A. Nelson, who was arrested for evading the draft at New York, was not the Gustave A. Nelson formerly of the B. & M. and T. Martin Bros., of Lowell.

LOWELL PASTOR CALLED

Rev. Edward H. Newcomb, who recently resigned as pastor of the First Congregational church, has received a call to the First Congregational church of Keene, N. H. The reverend gentleman has reserved his decision on the call until the members of the Lowell church have taken action on his resignation.

Open an account in The Lowell Five Cent Savings Bank. Interest starts Saturday, October 6th.

Getting Full Value



Means eliminating all needless expense, especially the Middleman. This we do and that is why we can offer you theo arrived values in sturdy, strong, stylish shoes for the growing girl and boy.

Children's Shoes	97c	to	\$2.35
Misses' Shoes	\$1.47	to	\$3.47
Boys' Shoes	\$1.47	to	\$3.97
Youths' Shoes	\$1.27	to	\$3.47

THEY'RE DIRECT FROM THE FACTORY TO YOU AT
FACTORY PRICES.

NATIONAL STORES SYSTEM

118 CENTRAL STREET, A. D. ADAMS, MGR.

Other stores in Boston, Quincy, Gloucester, Clinton and Beverly.

Saturday, October 6th, is "Quarter Day" at The Lowell Five Cent Savings Bank.

Armour's
STAR
THE HAM
WHICH IS

The Domestic Science Teacher Says:
"Yes, I believe always in 'package protection'. This Star Ham—Armour's first choice of hams—is smoked and delivered in the Stockin Covering, which is the best package protection ever devised for ham and worthy of passing seal of quality."

Buy a whole Star Ham.

W. A. KLEINSTEAD, MGR.
Tele. 1202-1203

Armour's
QUALITY
PRODUCTS

AGREE ON WAR TAX OF \$2,700,000,000

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—The war tax bill, increased to raise about \$2,700,000,000 federal revenue in addition to \$1,335,000,000 secured under existing law, was completed late yesterday by the senate and house conferees.

After two weeks' deliberation, the conferees reached agreement on the bill—the largest in American history—and sent the revised draft to the printer.

While the action was officially said

\$200,000,000 over the senate bill, which totalled \$2,416,000,000 were added by the conferees. As passed by the house the total was \$1,668,000,000.

Senate levies of \$1,060,000,000 on war excess profits and \$842,200,000 on incomes were substantially unchanged the conference increases being divided among many items with a few new taxes added and many eliminated house provisions restored.

The system of levying war excess profit taxes, however, was virtually re-written in a compromise between the senate war profits and house excess war profits system. A minimum exemption of 7 per cent. on invested corporate capital is said to be provided, with modified allowances for intangible assets.

The only change in the senate income section was to rearrange and harmonize a few graduated surtaxes on incomes over \$50,000, without substantial change in revenue returns or individual taxation. Normal taxes on individuals and corporations and the lowered individual exemptions as revised in the senate were approved.

Three-Cent Postage Restored

Liquor and tobacco sections of the senate draft also were virtually unchanged, although a slight decrease in revenues from whisky and manufactured tobacco probably will result.

Of the \$250,000,000 to \$300,000,000 additional agreed to by the conferees, about one-third was placed upon postage. The house one-cent letter tax, making the rates on first-class mail three cents, instead of two, estimated to raise \$70,000,000, which was struck out by the senate, was restored by the conferees, and their agreement for a graduated zone increase on second-class mail rates is estimated to raise some millions more.

Another large increase ordered was in passenger transportation and sleeping and parlor car accommodations taxes. Amusement admissions also bear a considerable increase, with state excise of outdoor parks and their attractions retained.

The senate provision exempting from taxation motion picture theatres charging 25 cents or less was changed and provision made for exempting only much cheaper theatres. The exact exemptions have not been disclosed.

Stamp Tax on Checks Retained

Revenues from automobiles, patent medicines, perfumes and cosmetics and other manufactures also would be increased by the conferees' agreement. The one-cent stamp tax on bank checks, eliminated in the senate and estimated to raise \$10,000,000, is reported to have been restored to the bill.

Among important house provisions abandoned were the retroactive tax on 1916 incomes, estimated to raise \$105,000,000; for a general 10 per cent. tariff levy, estimated to raise \$200,000,000 and consumption income taxes, electric and local telephone service, estimated to bring in \$30,000,000.

Another important action understood to have been taken was restoration of the special tax of 10 per cent. on munitions manufacturers, estimated to raise \$29,000,000. The senate provision for its repeal was stricken out.

Official announcement of the principal features of the conferees' work probably will be made tomorrow by Senator Simmons and Representative Kitchin.

TO TAKE OVERALL SHIPS OCT. 15

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—Every American merchant vessel of more than 2,500 tons deadweight capacity available for ocean service will be requisitioned by the government Oct. 15, the shipping board announced yesterday, in a statement giving the charter rates at which the vessels will be taken over.

American ships available for ocean trade total slightly more than 2,000,000 tons, but some of them already have been taken over for the army and navy. In most instances, except where required for actual government service, the ships, it was said, will be turned back to their owners for operation on government account, subject at all times to any disposition the shipping board may direct.

The rates announced will cut sharply the present charter and ocean freight rates charged by American vessels for carrying government supplies. It is in addition, it is understood, to apply them later to any foreign ships chartered in the United States. The chartering will be in the hands of the shipping board's chartering commission, which Welding Ring of New York has just been named to head.

Charter Rates Announced

For freight vessels the rates a ton a month figured on time charter on a basis of deadweight tonnage are as follows:

More than 10,000 tons, \$5.75; \$501 to 10,000 tons, \$5.6001 to \$900 tons, \$6.25; \$901 to 4,000 tons, \$6.75; \$2500 to 3,000 tons, \$7.

Vessels of a speed in excess of 11 knots will be allowed 50 cents a ton additional for each knot or fraction more than 11.

For passenger vessels the board adopted a two-fold basis of classification—Class A, comprising steamers with a capacity more than 150 passengers, and Class B, with a capacity of from 75 to 150 passengers. Steamers in both ratings are further classified according to speed. Passenger steamer rates based on time charters, and the gross register, are as follows:

Class A—10 to 11 knots, \$9 a ton; 12 knots, \$10; 13 knots, \$10.44 knots, \$10.50; 15 knots, \$11; more than 15 knots, \$12.

Class B—10 to 11 knots, \$8 a ton; 12 knots, \$8.50; 13 knots, \$9; 14 knots, \$9.50; 15 knots, \$10; more than 15 knots, \$10.50.

All Rates Tentative

Some of the vessels to be requisitioned, which will be used exclusively for army and navy service, will be taken over on a bare ship basis. These vessels will be manned and operated by the army and navy instead of by the owners and the rates fixed for their use are \$1.15 for cargo boats and \$6.75 a ton for the vessels' owners. Revisions will be made,

if found necessary, at intervals of not more than 90 days.

Government to Assume War Risk

The government will assume the war risk on the ships requisitioned, and in some instances the marine risk as well. Where the marine risk is assumed the usual rate of 1% insurance will be deducted from the charter price.

Within less than six months virtually all of the 4,8 American vessels now at idle for ocean service, including regular liners, will be either in the service of supplying American troops and war supplies or in trades considered vital to the conduct of the war.

The intention of the government is to replace ships drawn from regular trade routes and from the coastwise service with neutral tonnage, for which negotiations are now pending with neutral governments.

Ferries will be admitted into the charter service by suspension of the coastwise shipping laws. A bill to make this suspension possible is before Congress.

DO TREES PRUNE IN OCTOBER ADVISES AMERICAN FORESTRY ASSOCIATION

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 28.—October is the month to prune the trees gross for passenger steamers of 11-knot speed, with an additional allowance of 50 cents a ton for each knot in excess of 11 up to 16 knots.

All the rates are tentative. The board, it was announced, will examine carefully the results of operation under the rates and will determine on any revisions that appear to be necessary for fair and equitable treatment for the owners and the rates fixed for their use are \$1.15 for cargo boats and \$6.75 a ton for the vessels' owners. Revisions will be made,

if found necessary, at intervals of not more than 90 days.

Gas, Gas, Indigestion, Sourness, Upset Stomach—Pape's Diapepsin

Put on the Bevo Glasses when you set the table for the bite you've prepared for the evening. As a suggestion for a dainty lunch: Cream cheese and chopped olive sandwiches (on brown bread), Dill pickles, Shrimp salad, Ice cold Bevo.

Itself a nutritive drink, Bevo makes an appetizing and delightful addition to any meal—hot or cold, light or heavy.

Bevo—the all-year-round soft drink.

Sold in bottles only and bottled exclusively by ANHEUSER-BUSCH—ST. LOUIS

22k. Gold Crowns and Bridge Work

\$4.00

CONSULTATION AND EXAMINATION FREE
BROKEN PLATES REPAIRED in three hours.

DR. McKNIGHT

175 CENTRAL ST. LOWELL, MASS.

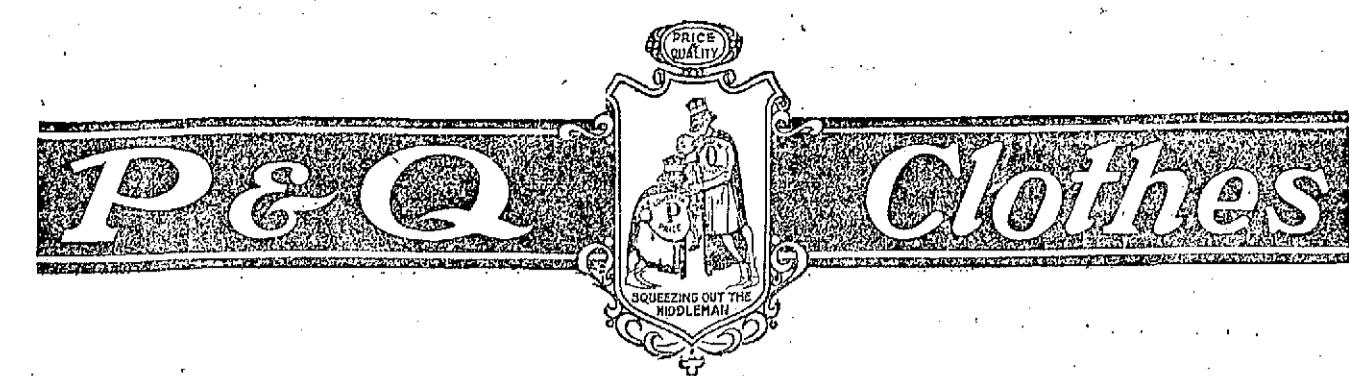
Hours: 9 a. m. to 3 p. m. Phone 4020.

NOTE—Only expert dentists with years of experience employed in my office.

Never students.

WASHINGON, Sept. 28.—The Lowell Sun Friday September 28, 1917

250



Superlative Showing

of P & Q

Fall Styles

\$12 and \$17

Our designers have never before achieved such notable and stylish effects.

Our search through the woolen markets has never yielded such a varied and handsome display of fabrics as this season.

Our workmen, skilled by years of P&Q training, have fairly outdone all previous efforts in the production of this Fall's garments.

It is such a showing as will appeal to man who appreciate the highest achievement in clothes production at the lowest possible price.

Every garment has been given that careful consideration and inspection which can only be found in Clothing usually sold at \$5 to \$10 more which is the true value of P&Q Clothes.

Such Snap—Such Style—Such a variety of models has seldom, if ever before, been shown in this city—and we ask you in all sincerity to spend a few minutes of your time and look over this showing.

If you are a wearer of P&Q Clothes, we know we will extend our pleasant business relations. If you have never seen P&Q Clothes you can't realize what a treat is in store for you.

Bear in mind—a P&Q sale is never a sale until you are thoroughly satisfied.

"We Give the Values and Get the Business"



48 CENTRAL STREET

OPP. MIDDLE STREET

branches are not so brittle and also

because the trees will now suffer much less from bleeding, etc.

Take care of all wounds. Use

coal tar and creosote to cover all ex-

posed wood and be sure to remove

all decayed tissue.

Where the bark is removed, paint

it with white lead.

Within less than six months virtually

all weak trees and evergreens

will be in good condition.

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ESTABLISHED 1875
Chalifoux's
CORNERS

FORTY-SECOND BIRTHDAY SALE

FRIDAY, SATURDAY, MONDAY--THREE DAYS

WILL SAVE THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS TO THOUSANDS OF PEOPLE

WE'RE AS PROUD of our record of forty-two years' square dealing and progress as a store has any right to be. We appreciate your good wishes and vote our sincere thanks to all for their hearty congratulations. But this is no time to throw bouquets at ourselves.

OUR 42d BIRTHDAY SALE HAS A VERY SERIOUS MOTIVE

For three days it must lower prices to the public down to rock bottom quotations that you cannot expect to see except on very rare occasions. We advise our customers to supply themselves at once for Fall and Winter, with all lines of needed merchandise—Wearing Apparel and Home Furnishings especially.

ONCE A YEAR SAVINGS
3 DAYS ONLY

Preparations for this event were not made in a day or a week, nor a month. Long before prices advanced we were buying at the old figures. What we buy in the future will cost more. Now that the great sale is here we are ready to do our bit. We've Hooverized prices on home necessities and things to wear. Come to Chalifoux's Friday, Saturday or Monday. We expect that

ONCE A YEAR PRICES
3 DAYS ONLY

SATURDAY WILL BE THE BIGGEST DAY IN CHALIFOUX'S HISTORY

\$20 New Fall Coats \$13.42

Made with an extra large convertible collar, inlaid with velvet, very wide belt and plush pockets. The sides are cut in panel effect and trimmed with buttons. Material is an extra heavy wool velour. Your choice of all sizes and four colors—navy, burgundy, green and brown. Satisfactory alterations free of charge \$13.42

\$20 Fall New Suits \$14.42

Choice of serge, poplin and burella cloth, in a great variety of styles and colors. Many models particularly adapted for young women. Sizes from 16 to 20 years. New large circular and cross-over collars. Some styles have plaited coats and others are prettily trimmed with velvet kerchiefs and rows of braid.

\$14.95, \$16.50 New Fall Dresses \$10.42

Copies of many high priced models. Combination satin collars and cuffs used in abundance. Many are embroidered or trimmed with rows of braid. You must see these dresses to fully appreciate their great values.

Basement Birthday Specials

\$6.50 to \$8.50 Dresses at \$2.42—
Serge and silk dresses, four styles to choose from. Extra large sizes included in the lot. Navy blue, black, brown, green and burgundy. \$2.42
\$10.98 Suits \$5.42—Excellent styles in suits, semi-fitted, in tan and brown mixtures. A splendid suit for a very low price. \$5.42
Women's Working Waists, black sateen and colored gingham. Sizes 36 to 46. Birthday Sale Price 42c
White Seasucker Petticoats 42c
Women's Sport Coats. Sizes 36 to 44. Birthday Sale Price 42c
Children's and Misses' Gingham Dresses. Sizes 2 to 14 years. Birthday Sale Price 42c

42ND BIRTHDAY SALE

HOUSE DRESSES

New Fancy Aprons—in black and white stripes and dots, with or without bib, rick-rack trimmed. Birthday Sale Price 2 for 42c
A Few Good Gingham Striped House Dresses—Small sizes only, at 42c

All-Over Tires—Without sleeves. Regular 50c value. Birthday Sale Price 42c

Muslin and Lace Trimmed Pique Collar and Cuff Sets. Birthday Sale Price 42c

Heatherblow Petticoats—in blue, green, mustard, rose and black. Regular \$1.38 value. Birthday Sale Price 1.32

Afternoon Dresses—in blue, pink, gray and fancy stripes, chambrey, gingham and porcelaine. Regular \$1.38 value. Birthday Sale Price 1.32

Square Hemstitched Georgette Crepe Collar and Cuff Sets. Birthday Sale Price 1.32

New Fall Petticoats—Of chiffon taffeta and satin, in handsome shades of green, rose, purple, gray, peach and black. Regular \$2.98 value. Birthday Sale Price 2.42

42ND BIRTHDAY SALE

Muslin Underwear

Crepe de Chine Camisoles and Corset Covers. Regular 60c value. Birthday Sale Price 42c
Envelope Chemise, Night Gowns and Long White Petticoats. Regular 60c value. Birthday Sale Price 42c

Crepe de Chine and Washable Silk Envelope Chemises. Regular \$2.50 value. Birthday Sale Price 1.42

Night Robes, Envelope Chemises and White Silk Petticoats. Regular \$3.50 value. Birthday Sale Price 2.42

42ND BIRTHDAY SALE

SMALLWARES

Hair Nets, cap shape, all shades. Birthday Sale Price 2 Nets for 42c
Twisted Tape, 10-yard piece, white only. Birthday Sale Price 75c Piece

Black and White Sewing Cotton, all numbers. Birthday Sale Price 5 Spools for 42c
Black and White Belling, 1-2 and 2 in. Birthday Sale Price 2 Yards for 42c

Dress Shields, guaranteed waterproof. Birthday Sale Price 2 Pairs for 42c

Persiana Darning Silk. Birthday Sale Price 6 for 42c
Hicks and Eyes Macramé and all sizes. Birthday Sale Price 4 Cards for 42c

DeLong Snaps, white and black, all sizes. Birthday Sale Price 3 Cards for 22c

Fancy Buttons, suitable for trimming. Birthday Sale Price 12c Dozen

Children's Mended Scotch Wool Gloves—in gauntlet styles. Birthday Sale Price 42c

Fresh Water Pearl Buttons, (third) Birthday Sale Price 4 Cards for 12c

42ND BIRTHDAY SALE

GLOVES

Women's Mended Gloves—in silk lined chamoisette in black, brown, gray and white, with black back embroidery. Regular 75c and \$1 value. Birthday Sale Price 42c

Women's Mended Silk Gloves—in black and white with black embroidery. Regular 25c value. 2 Pairs for 42c

Women's Cape Gloves—in plain white and tan, broken sizes. Regular 1.25 value. Birthday Sale Price 92c

Children's Wool Gloves—in black, blue and gray. Regular 25c value. Birthday Sale Price 2 Pairs for 42c

Fancy Buttons, suitable for trimming. Birthday Sale Price 12c Dozen

Children's Mended Scotch Wool Gloves—in gauntlet styles. Birthday Sale Price 42c

Fresh Water Pearl Buttons, (third) Birthday Sale Price 4 Cards for 12c

42ND BIRTHDAY SALE

MAIN FLOOR

Women's Trot-Moo Boots made from soft yet extremely tough "Indian Tanned" Moose Leather. Black and tan lace. Regular \$4 value. Sale price 242c

Women's Boots made in black kid vamps, white kid tops, bronze kid vamps, fawn tops, pearl lace tops, Cuban and Louis heels with plain tips. Sizes 2½ to 7. Birthday Sale Price 34.42

Women's Shoes, black kid and gun metal, high lace tops, Cuban and Louis heels with plain tips. Sizes 2½ to 7. Birthday Sale Price 34.42

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BATTALION PROBLEMS FOR U.S. FORCES

AMERICAN TRAINING CAMPS IN FRANCE, Sept. 23.—(By the Associated Press)—What are technically known as battalion problems are just now engaging the attention of the more advanced units of American troops training here for the war. After the battalion problems will come regimental problems. For modern war the division is the largest fighting unit which remains intact within an army organization. The strength of the opposing forces is always gauged by the number of divisions employed.

Within the division the battalion is the really important fighting unit, and thus battalion problems are the basis for all that follows. The problems engaging the battalions are those met in ordinary routine trench warfare. The

Americans are working them out alone, but listening to criticism afterward from both British and French officers.

The proper carrying out of reliefs in trenches so that the enemy will not know when one unit has been replaced by another is one phase of the battalion problem which is being followed with fidelity to conditions actually found in the front line. Offensive and defensive problems also are being worked out. One important feature of present training is the searching of men and the use of captured German weapons of various sorts.

Particular attention is being paid to instructions in operating German machine guns and trench mortars, as well as several species of bombs and hand grenades.

Infantry regiments are now looking forward to the time when they will participate in maneuvers with their own artillery. The preliminary training of the artillery is now going on with excellent results, but much remains to be done. The artillerymen are anxious to begin shooting at enemy targets.

Meanwhile the plan of having a large percentage of the first contingent to arrive in France act as instructors to troops arriving later has been begun. Officer schools are being organized in many localities and scores of officers are being taken from the regiments of the field corps to instruct and direct them. Later on the non-commissioned officers and men of those regiments will teach the newer contingents the various trench tactics that have been learned from the French and British.

The organization is under way of a corps school which will deal with the problems of higher theories of war than the divisional schools. Plans also are being prepared for a big staff school, where the various general staff officers will attend lectures and conferences by French and British staff officers.

DESERTERS IS A BIG PROBLEM IN NAVY

BOSTON, Sept. 28.—A real problem that naval officials in this and other ports are facing is the proper way to deal with navy lads whose offenses under the law call for the most severe punishment.

The worst difficulty is with desertion. The penalty for desertion from the navy, even in time of peace, is a considerable term of imprisonment, and in war it is death. And this is war time.

None the less, the navy authorities recognize the fact that the culprits

for the most part are boys of from 17 to 21, enlisted in the navy or the naval reserve, who are the victims of acute homesickness and perhaps too much material solicitude.

Given a 24-hour leave, they have

been known to desert and there have failed,

they didn't want to go away again.

They have "cried baby," and, finding ready sympathy in their families, have been encouraged to stay for an indefinite term of soft beds and mother's cooking.

The result has been that they have overstayed their leave and that after

they have automatically made themselves deserters. Then the navy authorities have sent men out, arrested the deserters and haled them back to navy yards and naval prisons.

The authorities don't want to shoot

these boys, whatever navy law says.

They don't even want to put them

in jail longer than for a long term

of years, during which time they will

not be helping to fight Germans or

doing much good of any sort.

At the same time, the navy must

preserve its discipline, and its prisons

now are everywhere full to capacity

of these young deserters. Some days

OPEN FRIDAY NIGHTS TILL 9.30

IT IS FALSE ECONOMY

This Season to Pay Less Than

\$20
FOR YOUR

FALL SUIT

Some men practice false economy by paying \$11 or \$12 for their fall suits, made from cotton warps with shoddy fillings, giving the appearance and feeling of wool clothes, but going to pieces after a few weeks' wear.

If your hobby is REAL ECONOMY it will lead you straight to this store where you can select your new fall suit, made by A. Shuman & Co., from absolutely all wool worsted yarns guaranteed to give absolute satisfaction, at

\$20

If you prefer to pay more we have plenty at \$25 and \$30. If you must pay less we can show better suits at \$15 than any other store in New England.

NEW FALL HATS

BOYS' FALL SUITS

Judging from the way we are selling fall hats nearly every man in Lowell is getting his hat at the Merrimack this year.

We have replenished our stock this week and ready today with full assortments of Wilson, Jamison & Hubbard, Guyer and Merrimack Specials, at

\$2, \$2.25, \$3, \$3.50 and \$4

\$5, \$6, \$8 and \$10

New Bates Street Shirts For Fall, \$1.50

NEW NECKWEAR 50c and 65c
FALL UNDERWEAR AND HOSIERY ready for your selection today

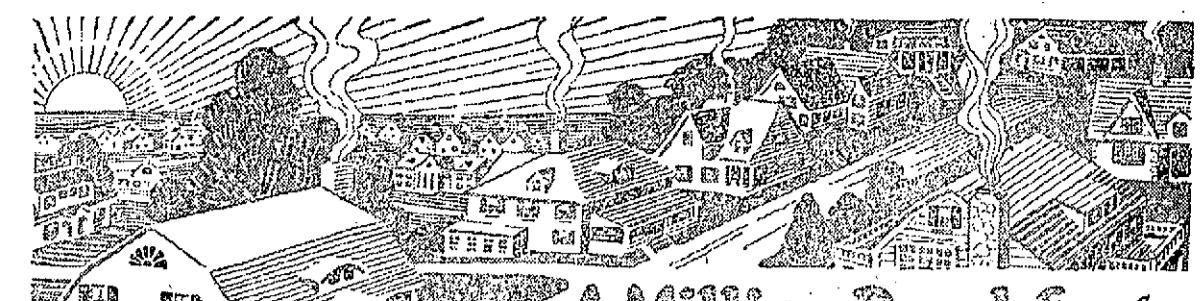
Friday Night Three-Hour Specials

FROM 6.30 TO 9.30 TONIGHT ONLY

Men's \$20 Topcoats.....	\$17.50	Men's 17c Cotton Stockings.....	2 Pairs 25c
Men's \$12.50 Suits.....	\$10.00	Ladies', \$30 New Fall Suits.....	\$26.50
Men's \$3.00 Pants.....	\$2.35	Ladies' \$25 New Fall Coats.....	\$21.50
Men's \$2.50 Nohols Pants.....	\$1.95	Ladies' \$12.50 Silk or Serge Dresses.....	\$9.98
Men's Rain Coats.....	\$3.95	Ladies' \$5.95 Wool Skirts.....	\$3.98
Men's \$4.00 Hats.....	\$3.50	Ladies' \$5.95 Silk Petticoats.....	\$3.95
Men's \$2.25 Hats.....	\$1.95	Ladies' \$1.50 Heatherbloom Petticoats.....	.98c
Men's \$1.00 Caps.....	.79c	Ladies' \$1.25 Umbrellas.....	.88c
Men's \$1.25 Umbrellas.....	.95c	Ladies' 98c New Fall Waists.....	.79c
Men's Cooper's Winter \$2.00 Union Suits, \$1.39		Ladies' House Dresses.....	.79c
Men's \$6.00 Sweaters.....	\$4.95	Boys' \$8.00 Two Piece Suits.....	\$6.95
Men's \$1.50 Value Shirts.....	.79c	Boys' \$6.00 Overcoats.....	\$4.95
Men's \$5c Neckwear.....	.49c	Boys' \$1.25 Knicker Pants.....	.95c
Men's Frisbie Collars, 20c value.....	.3 for 25c	Boys' 50c Hats and Caps.....	.39c
Men's 25c Wool Stockings.....	.15c	Boys' 60c Shirts or Waists.....	.49c
		Boys' 29c Stockings.....	.21c

Merrimack Clothing Co.
Across From City Hall

STORE OPEN TONIGHT



A Million Breakfasts
Cooked This Morning on

Crawford Ranges

Was Yours One?

Among the exclusive Crawford features that have made this range preferred above all others are:

A convenient gas end oven, equipped with new and improved gas broiler. This broiler is instantly adjustable to hold the food at any required distance from the flame without touching the pan, without bending over. It folds away when not in use.

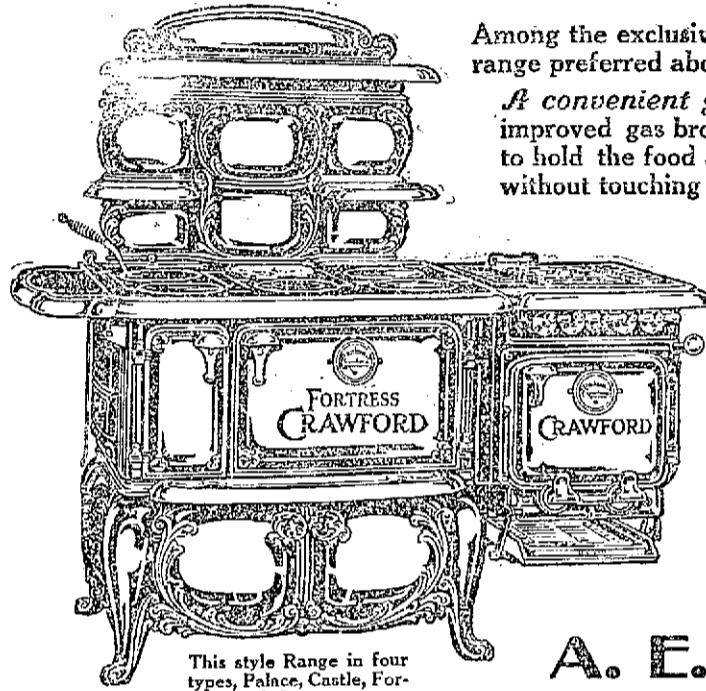
Two separate ovens, both large and roomy—one for coal, the other for gas—both are perfect.

Five center heat gas burners of a new and efficient type bring the heat directly under the center of utensils without wasting gas.

Guarded gas cocks which eliminate danger of accidental opening.

Perfection of design and finish, long service and utility, distinguish Crawford coal ranges—or gas combinations.

SOLD BY
A. E. O'Heir & Co.
15 HURD STREET



This style Range in four types, Palace, Castle, Fortress and Cottage.

there are three or four of them arrested, and this condition has obtained for several months.

The penalty of death, too, is war's allotment in the case of several young chaps from the Naval Reserve who are guilty of having been asleep while on duty. Sailors were tried on charges of marine charges or patrol boats, some of them in Boston harbors, were found asleep during their watch by a naval officer who made an unexpected tour of inspection.

Punishment in peace time for this offense is one year of hard labor and dishonorable discharge, but in time of war, sailors are tried with those of offenders—whose fault was that they did not appreciate the necessity for the severe discipline that the navy imposes—is not certain, but some will have to be made examples of to warn all the rest.

As for deserters, it is believed that their numbers will be much fewer when veterans and their families in general appreciate what a serious offense desertion in war becomes and what it may involve.

MUNICIPAL POTATO CROP AT MILFORD, N. H.

MILFORD, N. H., Sept. 28.—The municipal potato crop is being harvested and will be in excess of 2000 bushels of fine quality.

The vegetables are being dug by a machine drawn by four horses. Schoolboys are picking up the potatoes. The total is 12 acres on land loaned to the board of trade by Col. E. Hutchinson. At a meeting of the board of trade last spring \$2,000 was raised to finance the crop and the work was entrusted to the committee on agriculture, headed by C. E. Kendall and S. A. Lovelace. This sum was in excess of the requirements and seven hundred dollars were loaned to the high school boys who planted four acres and last week harvested 1000 bushels of potatoes.

As soon as the crop is all dug the board of trade men will figure the expense and the potatoes will be sold to local grocers at the actual cost of raising. A fair allowance for storing and handling will be determined, which will be the market price of potatoes in Milford as long as the crop lasts.

There has been no intent to cut prices, and the board of trade will take no profit on the enterprise, the sole object being to add to the country's food supply.

INDIAN WOMEN WIN PRIZES IN NATIONAL CONTEST FOR BEST CANNED VEGETABLES

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 28.—The two first prizes for canned vegetables from war gardens awarded to Indian fairs by the National Emergency Food Garden Commission, of Washington, were today given to Alice Ladd Tafoya, Dulce, N. M., and Mrs. Isabelle St. Jernigan, Lac Du Flambeau, Wis.

A check for \$5, and a national certificate of merit was forwarded to each of these ladies by Charles Lathrop Pack, president of the commission.

Today the commission received a letter from Mrs. W. C. Colby of Cody, Wyo., widow of the famous Indian scout, Buffalo Bill, requesting an adjustment of the commission's manual on food conservation. A constituent of home drying, canning and storing mammals were rushed to her.

At the Indian fairs in both towns there were extensive exhibits of the canned foodstuffs grown by the Indians in their war gardens. J. W. Hodge, president of the commission, said in a statement at Lac Du Flambeau, Wis., written P. S. Rhoads, secretary of the commission that the Indians showed great enthusiasm over the fact that they had increased their acreage and

manuals have been widely circulated in the Indian schools, and reports received from these schools indicate that the Indian mannered after the white man this summer in stocking up for the winter.

If you want to buy, sell or exchange anything try a Sun want adv.

The head of the barrel which contained mail left by Sir George Nasar at Cape Isabella in 1875 has been placed on exhibition at the American Museum of Natural History in New York. Donald McMillan found the barrel, on the head of which is cut the name of the British admiral's ship, lying on its side, evidently opened and overturned by a polar bear.

New Standard Value Fall Styles of the Hour for Men

NEVER did a fall season open with such a superb display of Fashions in Shoes for Men at \$3.50 as that which will greet you here.



They exceed our previous record for value giving.

**Newark
SHOE
\$350**

Seven and Ten

dollar shoes

can boast of no richness of style

which these beautiful New

Standard Value Newark Shoes do not possess.

If ever Newark Shoes offered a lot for the money they do so this season. Never was value in Shoes for Men given with such heaping measure as we give you this Fall. We have created absolutely NEW STANDARDS OF VALUE as well as STYLE, and we know you are going to be more solidly for Newark Shoes this season than ever. You certainly owe it to yourself to see these wonderful exhibits. Why not tomorrow?

Newark Shoe Stores Co.

LOWELL STORE, 5 CENTRAL STREET

NEAR MERRIMACK STREET

Open Monday and Saturday Nights Till 10.30; Friday, 9

257 STORES IN 97 CITIES

WAR PROBLEM OF INSURANCE

Special to the Sun

STATE HOUSE, Boston, Sept. 28.—In one of the most comprehensive reports which have been written by any state official so far this year, issued today by Frank H. Hardison, insurance commissioner, the interesting and complex question of the war problem of insurance is explained and suggestions to remedy it are made.

Just now life insurance companies operating in Lowell are struggling with a problem akin to that which the companies transacting a workingmen's compensation business have had in hand the past few years, and which every new form of insurance has to encounter, namely, what is the proper rate to charge for the insurance. But this problem is still more vital because it touches on the patriotic side. The risk taken by an insurance company is greater when a man goes to war, yet that man must be considered because he is doing a national service by going to war to protect the country and questions whether he should be charged additional insurance rates because he enlists to be a patriot, rather than a slacker.

For the life companies, the problem, of course, is the outgrowth of the war, and the problem is, what additional charge should be made to the policy holders who enter the service either naval or military? The patriotic disposition of all the companies is to make no extra charge if it can be done without endangering their safety and soundness and the interests of the policy holders. But the managers know, the commissioners state, that it would be very imprudent as a financial proposition to grant any such privilege.

"It has been the idea of some," the commissioner reports, "that the additional cost of insurance for those going into the army or navy, not of their own volition—but by draft—should not be borne by those who enter the service, nor by the others not in the service who carry insurance in the companies which have issued policies to military men, as would be in the case if this extra cost were taken from surplus which otherwise would be available for dividends. On the contrary, they hold that it should be shared by the public as a part of the war burden. And this is right. The service is for all, not merely those carrying life insurance, nor the soldiers themselves. This would mean that the government, or some division thereof, should pay at least the extra cost for military insurance."

"In Canada," the commissioner says, "this insurance burden has been assumed by the municipalities, that have undertaken to pay the premiums on the policies of enlisted men who are resident therein at the time of entering the service. In Toronto some of this insurance is carried by the city itself and part by the insurance companies whose premiums are borne by the city."

Uniform action, to a great extent is being adopted by the companies throughout the United States, in dealing with this large problem of war insurance, the commissioner says. Ninety-three out of 255 companies in the country have agreed wholly or in part to bear the extra cost, while others are undecided or opposed to it, or did not answer requests made of them on the proposal. Only 28 insurance companies are authorized in Massachusetts, scarcely one-tenth of the list. Mr. Hardison says, yet the bulk of the company business is transacted by the companies authorized here.

For uniformity of action, it has been proposed that:—1. The military clause shall cover the entire period of military or naval service, in time of war, if commenced within five years of the registration date.

2. The clause shall call for "such extra premiums as may be fixed by the company."

3. The extra premium charged for the present shall be at the rate of not less than \$37.50 per annum per thousand of insurance.

4. The amount of death during service or within six months after termination thereof, the liability of the company shall, unless all required extra premiums have been paid, be limited to an amount not exceeding the total premiums paid on the policy, exclusive of any extra premiums which may have been paid for military or naval service.

5. The clause shall require payment of the extra premium within 31 days after entering upon service, or, if already in service, along with the first premium on the policy.

6. A refund will be made to any extra premiums not required.

HOYT.

SOCIAL AND PATRIOTIC ENTERTAINMENT AT THE FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH

A social and patriotic entertainment was given at the First Baptist church last night under the auspices of the Ladies' Benevolent society. There was a large attendance of parishioners and friends and the affair proved to be a success in every particular. The program was arranged by Mrs. Gilman A. Alcott, president of the organization assisted by a competent committee.

A social in the vestry was enjoyed between 8 and 8.30 o'clock where Gee, H. Taylor acted as master of ceremonies. The last number on the program was the singing of "To Thee, America," by the members of the choir.

Alonzo G. Walsh, acting as spokesman for the society, presented a large American flag to the church, and F. J. Flemings accepted it on behalf of the church. This was followed by the singing of "The Star Spangled Banner" by the entire assembly. There were an anthem by the choir and then came one of the most impressive features of the night when Mr. Walsh on behalf of the society presented a service flag to the church, which was accepted by the pastor, Rev. A. C. Archibald. The flag has 45 blue stars in a field of white, with 45 red and white stripes. The number of stars represents the number of young men members who have entered the service for the army.

After the singing of "Onward, Christian Soldiers," by the choir, came the selling of the individual stars of the service flag to the members present, the understanding being that the person buying a star would write a personal letter to that soldier and continue communicating with him during the war, as well as contributing to his personal welfare. The exercises came to a close with the singing of "America."

The 45 young men of the church represented in the service flag are: William Smith, Charles Taylor, Sergt. Russell Stacks, Sherman Miller, John Paul, Clarence Gillis, George Garney, Joseph Cutworth, John Taylor, Joseph McShane, Henley Sturgess, Thomas Sturgess, Robert Smart, William Grindell, Sergt. Joseph Armitage, Corp. John Gillis, Harry Felch, Eugene L. Aldrich, Corp. Herbert C. Webster, Albert Williams, Peter Kinney, Frank Lemoyne, Fred W. Hedges, John Cleary, Charles E. Field, Walter Purce, Corp. John Sherry, Craig, William Craig, Norman S. Smith, James E. Smith, Ident. Paul Kettredge, Corp. John Thyne, Frank S. Marner, A. Harold Benjamin, Ariston Barrows, F. A. Thompson, Francis Walsh, George Wilkins, A. L. Hart, Rousseau Haynes, Edward Blake, Herbert Baker, Hobbs Blackstock, William Galloway, the late Sheriff Sevier and the late J. Gordon Pope.

Everybody who has read The Sun's Sunday Supplement, published on Saturday, has words of praise for it.

TEACHERS PROTEST NO HEAT IN SCHOOLS

BOSTON, Sept. 28.—Boston teachers do not like the school board's method of economizing in the use of coal by refusing to have school buildings heated on cold days this fall. The Teachers club, in a protest submitted to the board last night, asserted that the arrangement was "working great hardship on pupils and teachers, who were forced to work in a blustery air." The board refused to rescind its order, asserting that there would be no suffering if pupils and teachers would come to school "suitably clothed."

SINN FEIN PARTY EXTENDS ACTIVITIES

DUBLIN, Sept. 17.—(By Mail) —The Sinn Fein party in Ireland is extending its activities and is forming local clubs everywhere throughout the country. It still remains, however, rather a pervading sentiment than a definite organization. It is impossible to say which particular individuals are the authorized exponent of its purposes, and there is a good deal of divergence both of tone and substance between the various pronouncements made from its platforms. Some speakers continue to preach revolution by armed forces, while others appear to aim at a program much nearer the limits of practical politics.

The Associated Press correspond-

ent has talked with some who are very influential in the movement to whom a free Ireland under the crown is quite a welcome idea, provided that it does not mean subjection to a British cabinet. This is not so far from the home rule that

Canada enjoys. The great bulk of the support given at the elections to Sinn Fein candidates comes rather from men dissatisfied with the conduct of current politics and the necessary restrictions of the war than from those who adhere either in principle or practice to methods of violence.

There is a continuously hopeful feeling that the Irish convention may hammer out a good workable scheme of self-government and the conviction is growing that if it does produce any acceptable plan the irreconcilable will be left without followers.

Meanwhile the military authorities are treating the situation on the assumption that the extreme extremists mean what they say. They are, in fact, calling the bluff. So long as there is the threat of another rebellion they take the threat seriously and seem determined to make clear from the outset the hopelessness of repeating the wild experience of Easter week. Drilling is absolutely prohibited and those who engage in it are court martialled and sent to jail. Arms have been seized everywhere and even the camans or Hurley sticks are not allowed to be carried, as was becoming frequent in processions.

The military of Ireland are now under the command of a distinguished Irish soldier, Gen. Sir Bryan

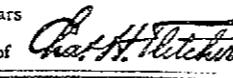
McGillivray, who has been serving in the British army for many years.

Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap contain only the purest ingredients and gentlest medication, which physicians prescribe widely in the treatment of the skin. Sold by all druggists.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of 

Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap contain only the purest ingredients and gentlest medication, which physicians prescribe widely in the treatment of the skin. Sold by all druggists.

Mahon. He is a man of popular sympathy and regarded as personally quite incapable of desiring to make trouble.

The convention is still busy with the discussion of colonial schemes of home rule, and there does not seem to be any prospect of an early decision. The delay is not caused by any friction between the parties. It is felt to be demanded by the necessity of the case. The motto in the mind of its conductors seems to be "slow but sure." The slowness is indeed regarded by wise judges inside and outside the convention as a rather hopeful sign. Everybody is anxious for a settlement that can be offered to the country with a reasonable hope that it will capture all sections of Irish feeling and provide a basis for a government of Ireland in which all can cordially join.

Donna, a horse raised and owned by F. Irving Carney, of Sheepscot, Me., is still active and in fine condition despite the fact that she is 31 years old. After spending some of her share of the work on the farm since she was four years old, Donna was excused from her place in the mowing machine, the last two seasons, but she still does all the hauling of the hay into the barn and last summer hauled in 115 loads, each of which averaged 800 to 1000 pounds.

Money deposited on or before Saturday, October 6th in the Lowell Five Cent Savings Bank will bear interest from that date.

COLLEGE POTATO CLUB

DURHAM, N. H., Sept. 28.—Excellent results are reported by the New Hampshire college faculty Potato club, organized last spring. The 20 professors

and assistants enrolled in the club planted an acre and a half and the crop just harvested yielded 191 bushels of first grade potatoes, 56½ bushels of sec-

ond grade and 12½ bushels. The crop exclusive of hand labor performed by the members of the club, was 80 bushels.

and grades of oats. The crop exclusive of hand labor performed by the members of the club, was 80 bushels.

Dental Work That Will

Last and Look Natural

Loose teeth tightened. Decayed and broken down teeth saved. Missing teeth replaced without plates, with gold or porcelain. Fillings with silver, alloy, cement, porcelain and gold.

All work is performed by the newest and most up-to-date methods, with modern Electrical appliances and made absolutely painless by a NEW SCIENTIFIC DISCOVERY.

THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST

But the highest priced is not always the best. Price and quality don't always go together. You'll find them in my work. I am not competing with cheap dental establishments.

I have but one price and that is a reasonable price, for first class work made of the best materials money can buy and guarantee every piece of work going out of my office.

DR. S. HORNSTEIN DENTIST

For Particular People.

A Careful Strand Building

Open Evenings

Where Lynch & Lotto Stand



MR. LYNCH
21 Years a Salesman in Stores

Plain statement of facts of the utmost importance to every man who wears clothes



MR. LOTTO
25 Years a Designer for Leading Tailors in Boston

The public has always expected more—and rightly so—from this Live Store than from any other, especially as regards Quality and Service. And we are happy to say that we shall continue to meet, and in all probability exceed, those expectations during this Fall and Winter season just as we have at all times in the past.

These are indeed peculiar times, but if the public will continue to have confidence in us—in our methods, our merchandise and our ability to shape circumstances to our customer's advantage—we will surely justify that confidence to the fullest.

This is the price you should pay for your clothes, because it insures your getting a better, longer-wearing fabric; a touch of style that stands out from the crowd; tailoring that has taken a little more time to finish off the fine points, and furthermore, this price brings LYNCH & LOTTO clothes whose equals have yet to be produced at this moderate figure.

It is true that clothing costs more than it did, but not very much more the way we operate. We went into the market for a large part of our stock months ago—years ago, in fact, on staples—and we are going to give the public the benefit of our forehandedness. A large part of our stock is actually priced lower than it would cost us to replace it today.

You often hear people speak about the tremendous volume of business we do. But perhaps you never stopped to think very much about how we got it, or how we keep it, to say nothing of how we continue to increase our business; it is by offering such values at \$15.00.

SUIT \$15 OVERCOAT

FINEST LINE OF WOOLENS TO SELECT FROM—MADE TO YOUR MEASURE—ANY STYLE DESIGNED AND TRIED ON IN THE BASTE BY MR. LOTTO, LOWELL'S GREATEST DESIGNER

LYNCH & LOTTO

126 Merrimack St.

BRANCH STORE
200 Elm St., Manchester, N. H.

Open Evenings Till 9

LOWELL'S
LARGEST
TAILORS

LOWELL FISH AND GAME CLUB

Annual Outing of Young and Progressive Association at Tyngsboro Yesterday

Big Automobile Parade, Good Dinner and Fine List of Sports

The members of the Lowell Fish and Game association held their second annual outing at the Martin Luther club grounds in Tyngsboro yesterday afternoon.

Lowell Lady Had Grown Very Weak

Relates in Signed Testimonial How Plant Juice Restored Her to Health

Many such statements as the following are being made daily by the best men and women of Lowell who have been benefited by the use of Plant Juice and voluntarily tell of their relief in the hope that others



MRS. ELODIE CHARRON

may be aided and helped back to health. Plant Juice is now being taken by hundreds of Lowell people, many of whom are testifying to the beneficial results they have derived from its use in the treatment of stomach, liver and kidney trouble.

Among one of many is the signed testimonial of Mrs. Elodie Charron, who resides at No. 602 Middlesex St., and is a popular Lowell lady having a host of friends. She said:

"I have been troubled with my stomach for the past six years and could not retain the lightest kind of food, as it would ferment and form gas; I got so weak that I could hardly stand on my feet to do my housework, and would have to lie down every little while; I had headaches, dizzy spells, could not sleep at night and seemed to have no ambition or energy to do anything; I had terrible pains in the small of my back and seemed to get worse every day. I began to take your Plant Juice and now am better and stronger in every way. I have a good appetite for my meals, sleep well and my nervous system is strengthened. I am certainly glad to endorse Plant Juice."

Such words as these and those of many others which have been printed have wide influence for they come from people of standing and integrity who have given Plant Juice a fair trial and have been greatly benefited thereby.

The Plant Juice Man is at Dow's The Drugelist's, in Merrimack sq., Lowell, where he is daily meeting the local public, and introducing and explaining the merits of this remedy.

AN EXTRAORDINARY SALE OF

NEW TRIMMED HATS \$2.96

Usual \$4.00 Retail Values



\$2.96 Friday and Saturday we will sell these fine velved trimmed hats at this extraordinary low price. Just the hat you want at the price you wish to pay.

Boston Wholesale Millinery Co. Inc.

212 MERRIMACK STREET

Get acquainted with the Good Witch who lives in these SOFT KNIT men's socks.

"Long Wear—VERY long wear!"—vows the Good Witch.

"MUCH Comfort!"—again vows the Good Witch.

"SOFT KNIT is the quality that gives you this double blessing!"—again vows the Good Witch.

"Higher cost of materials compelled me to choose between lowering the quality of SOFT KNIT or raising the price temporarily. I would not stand for lowering Ipswich standards. I maintained the quality and raised the price temporarily to 20 cents."

MEN—Ipswich-15 socks DO postpone the coming of holes—and DO "cushion" the feet. Absolutely sanitary, fast dye. Spend four nickels for one pair of Ipswich-15 today—and LEARN IT.

Soft Knit

IPSWICH-15

Men's (Guaranteed) SOCKS

IPSWICH MILLS
Ipswich, Mass.

Makers of Ipswich Series Homewares for Men and Women: Ipswich-15, Ipswich-25, Ipswich-35, Ipswich-50.

on trapshooting in this country. He congratulated the local association on the excellent showing which it made at the outing.

George H. Graham of Springfield, a member of the state association, told of bushways which he had visited in other sections of the country and then told what might be done in this state.

He said that negotiations were under way with the California commission to ship to this state eggs of the shad which might be hatched in local waters. The shad originally came from Massachusetts and was sent to the Pacific coast. He saw no reason why it could not be returned.

Lieut. Samuel P. Doyle, a veteran of the association, told the speakers and he was received with great applause. He paid a tribute to President Harris and expressed his sympathy with the Merrimack river restocking movement. He asked that those present give a vote of appreciation to the outing committee and it was given with a will.

After the speechmaking a program of sports was carried out and provided several hours of enjoyment for both the participants and observers. The trap-shooting contest was the most popular of the afternoon. One hundred competitors were entered for the four prizes offered and when the last "bird" had been shot at, the judges announced their findings as follows: Lieut. James E. Burns and Lieut. W. Faulkner tied for first with 19 apiece; Lieut. E. Sturtevant tied for second, 18; Capt. Henry Boynton carried off second place only after a hard fight with J. Failling, who was eventually given the third prize for fourth place. There were three competitors tied, G. W. Sanborn, Rowland Durby and Thos. Williston. The winner will be decided at a shoot to be held at Chelmsford on Sept. 28.

The baseball game on the diamond created a lot of interest and after seven innings of struggle between Pitts' and Evans' teams, it was found that the latter aggregation had won 7 to 2. The lineups were as follows:

Pitts' team: Pitts c, Flannery p, Persham b, Sherman 2b, Denney 3b, Kell

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ELECTION FRAUD IN NEW YORK

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—Discovery of evidence of "palpable" fraud in more than 100 election districts in connection with last week's republican primaries was announced by Dist. Atty. Edward Swann. In 16 of these districts, he said, the election officials would be examined at once under subpoena, in an effort to fix responsibility.

During the recount William M. Bennett, former state senator, continued to gain. This afternoon his apparent majority had reached 492 votes over Mayor Mitchell's fusion candidate, who by the official returns won the republican nomination for mayor by 335 votes.

AMUSEMENT NOTES

B. F. KEITH'S THEATRE
Volent, the man with the aerial piano, furnishes Simon pure novelties at the B. F. Keith theatre, this week, and large audiences are constantly applauding his wonderful act. A close second is the turn supplied by Jimmie Lucas, the irresistible comedian, and his associates. Lucas has the quality of spontaneity which cannot be denied, and the making of laughter is his especial forte. Everybody likes him, because he has so many different things to do. Walter Schröder and the Beaumont Sisters in "Preps" also advance a lot of good comedy. Schröder is a clever character comedian, who draws his types from the stage, and the sisters are adorable. Nelly Allen, the girl with "Yankee Doodle," is very attractive, and the Three Brittons are masters of the xylophone and other instruments. "Baby Mine," the Goudwyn picture comedy, made from the comedy of the same name, is one scream of laughter, from beginning to end, and it is beautifully photographed. Performances begin at 7 and 7:30 p.m.

OPERA HOUSE

A delightful love story, cleverly told and capably interpreted by the principals engaged in the cast, is only one of the many pleasant and enjoyable features in connection with the presentation of "Our Wives," Arthur Carrigan's bright comedy, at the Opera House, where the large crowd and enthusiastic applause testify to its worth. Only four more performances will be given and it's advisable to secure reservations immediately or run the chance of being disappointed.

Next week's presentations will be that of "The House of Glass" by MacKenzie and George C. Cohen, in which Mary Ryan made one of her real triumphs a few seasons back. The play has everything to make it the real dramatic sensation. It proved when first produced a success, and which the author has built his entire action on, tensely interesting and enthralling scenes and action is wonderfully well told and can't help making a strong appeal to the patrons. Incidentally it might be said that this play offers the players their first real opportunity of displaying their talent in a strong dramatic effort. Playgoers generally have been looking forward to the time when they would appear in just such a piece and now that it is coming all are anticipating more than ordinary pleasure.

ROY WALLING is ordinary to best in such plays, while MacKenzie's own is her accomplishment in the highly dramatic creations of this kind. The first performance will be given Monday afternoon and a smooth finished production is assured. Randal Weston will stage it in his usual capable manner. Watch for "The House of Glass," the play with a punch, and a story of gripping interest.

THE STRAND

"Bar Sinister," the great Edgar Lewis photo-play which is to be the feature film attraction at the opening of The Strand Monday night, can be reckoned among the most human pictures seen this season. It pictures a setting of beautiful woodland at a

time just preceding the Civil war and contains scores of tense and appealing situations. Not the least impressive feature in its production is the vivid portrayal of the negroes by Miss Florence St. Leonard, who has long ranked as one of the most accomplished character actresses on the American stage. Since turning her attention to films, Miss St. Leonard has appeared in numerous productions by the Famous Players Company, Kino, Triangle and others, in support of All-Billie Burke in that memorable serial of love and mystery, "Gloria's Romance." The other principals of the production are in equally capable hands and all contribute materially to its wonderfully successful presentation.

Another feature for the first of the week is "The Strand" will be Mrs. Sidney Drew in their latest release film comedy, "His Curiosity" and for an educational feature Managing Director Carroll has secured at extra expense the interesting and instructive film, "China and the Chinese." The Strand review of current events will also be shown.

Not the least of the big features will be the 20 piano orchestra, with Arthur Martel as conductor. Rehearsals and arrangements for the creation of atmosphere for all picture productions have been made and with plans carrying the whole program promises to be one of exceptional merit. Tickets for the opening night go on sale at the box office Monday night at 7 o'clock.

LOWELL FIREMEN ATTEND ANNUAL CONVENTION OF STATE ASSOCIATION AT NAHANT

A number of Lowell firemen went to Nahant today to attend the closing session of the 88th annual convention of the Massachusetts Firemen's association. Others would have gone but for the threatening weather.

Capt. Jas. F. McKissock of this city who is now on the retired list was one of the most active delegates to the convention. He read a very interesting paper on "Bills Affecting Firemen Considered by the Massachusetts Legislature of 1917" and in the course of his address said that the trouble with the large majority of the bills is that too little care is taken in preparing them. He said he did not believe there was any such thing as recklessness among the firemen while driving to a fire, the only recklessness was in sacrificing his own life to reach the scene of the fire.

In the course of his discussion of the two-platoon bill several delegates asked questions. On motion of Daniel Lookey of Boston Capt. McKissock was given a rising vote of thanks for his work during the year.

Capt. McKissock also reported for the pamphlet committee. He was also named as a delegate to the national convention.

William F. Holt, chief engineer of the Tewksbury state infirmary, in speaking of the "Fire Hazards in Hospitals, Public and Private," said that the greatest danger in his mind was matches left in clothing and defective wiring. He said that few fire ends are found in hospitals. He did not approve of the sprinkler system in hospitals.

Relative to membership in the association, Lowell occupies fourth place, having 151 members.

APPEAL TO COLLEGE WOMEN TO ASSIST IN RED CROSS WORK

BOSTON, Sept. 28.—An appeal to college women to assist in Red Cross work was made by Miss Kate McMahon, an official of the organization, in an address before the local branch of the Association of Collegiate Alumnae last night. She urged that alumnae enlist in one of four classes to be conducted by the Red Cross, covering specialized work in first aid, home nursing, dietetics and clerical work. She emphasized the need of much investigation and help by the Red Cross in cases where dependents of soldiers and sailors appeal for assistance.

The real meaning of democracy is rule by the people," said Mr. Mansfield. "The government which is best today may not be best tomorrow. The future is that which is to be nearest to the people."

Mr. Mansfield said that there are all men who hold progressive and democratic ideas to vote together they would very readily encounter all possible opposition. It was for this reason that the democratic party had this year endeavored to adapt itself to its standard those leaders of the new progressive thought who were formerly allied with the republican party.

Because the republican party was reactionary, said Mr. Mansfield, it was ultimately destined to become the party of the conservatives. The democratic party has been the party of the people of the people. He said it will be the general party and the time shortly would come—if it were not indeed already here—when the party division would be between conservatives and liberals. This was the reason that those former republicans who sought close association with the party had become progressives, and were today welcomed into the democratic party.

CHICAGO, Sept. 28.—Thomas D. Daly, catcher of the Buffalo club of the International league, today was purchased by the Chicago Nationals, and will come here to finish the season with the locals. Daly was a member of the Chicago Americans in 1914 and 1915 and went to Cleveland in a trade.

STUDY OF CHEMICAL ENGINEERING GREATLY STIMULATED BY WAR

CAMBRIDGE, Sept. 28.—The study of chemical engineering has been greatly stimulated by the war. This fact is revealed in the course selected by students at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology for the coming year. Walter Humphreys, registrar of the institute, said today that of the larger courses chemical engineering had drawn the greatest increase in students, amounting to 12 per cent. Of the courses with less than 50 men, naval architecture is in the lead with an increase of 16 per cent.

Goes to Holy Cross

Vincent M. McCarl, son of Mr. and Mrs. McCarl, of 228 Rogers street, and brother of Rev. James McCarl of Washington, D. C., has entered Holy Cross college as a student.

GAME POSTPONED

American: New York-Chicago game postponed; wet ground. Two games tomorrow and the third on Monday.

GERMANS SUFFER HEAVY LOSSES

PETROGRAD, Sept. 28.—The Germans made an attack last night in the Argonne region. Today's official statement says they were repulsed three times, suffering heavy losses.

RUSSIANS CAPTURE OROMARU

PETROGRAD, Sept. 28.—The Russians have captured Oromaru, 24 miles west of Merl, in the Caucasus. It is announced officially.

GERMAN WAR REPORT

BERLIN, Sept. 28, via London.—British forces which yesterday advanced for strong local attacks northeast of Frezenburg and on the Menin road, on the Belgian front, were driven back, says the official statement issued today by the German war office. On the Ypres-Paschendaele road, the statement adds, the British still occupy crater positions on the German front line.

LIBERTY BONDS GAIN

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—Liberty Bonds made another new high record at the outset of today's trading at 100.16, two points above the previous high mark reached yesterday.

WAR TAX BILL IN LAST STAGES OF COMPLETION

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—The war tax bill, increased to levy about \$2,000,000,000, was today in the last stages of completion. Final drafting and printing of the conference agreement was in progress, with formal approval planned at a late afternoon meeting.

At the conclusion of the final conference Senator Simmons and Representative Kitchin, heading the respective conferees, planned to make public the results of the two weeks' conference.

MANSFIELD AND HALE SPEAK AT WORCESTER

WORCESTER, Sept. 28.—The democratic candidates for governor and lieutenant-governor, Frederick W. Mansfield and Matthew Hale, spoke last night at an open-air rally on the common, attended by 500. J. A. Gallagher, chairman of the democratic city committee, presided. Mr. Hale said, in part:

"The question in this campaign is not one of parties but of principles. On one hand there are presented the candidates of the reactionary republicans, who represent a coterie of professional politicians, a sort of office-holding trust that already has its office-holders picked out for ahead as 1920. On the other hand there is the combination of liberal democrats and progressives, represented by Fred Mansfield, a democrat, and myself, a progressive."

"My opponent, Calvin Coolidge, who is now lieutenant-governor, and is slated to follow McCall as governor in 1919, and the speaker of the house is slated to step in as lieutenant-governor and then as governor in 1920.

Fought Same Men in 1912

"These men represent the same group of reactionary republicans that I fought in the great campaign in 1912 and who then rejected Roosevelt as the republican candidate for president.

"They represent the group of re-

SINN FEIN OPINION SERIOUSLY INFAMED

LONDON, Sept. 28.—The death in Dublin on Wednesday of Thomas Ashe, a Sinn Fein leader, reported to have been due to voluntary starvation according to a report in the Daily Mail. Frank Murphy has accentuated painful the difficulties underlying the surface of Irish politics and Sinn Fein opinion is inflamed seriously. Ashe's body, dressed in the uniform of the Irish volunteers, lies in state in a Dublin hospital and there may be a public funeral Sunday. It is said that other Sinn Fein leaders in the hospital prison where Ashe died are in a dangerous condition.

At the inquest Thursday into the death of Ashe, Prof. McMeeker testified that the post mortem examination, at which several doctors were present, showed that Ashe did not die of hunger. The body was emaciated and there was an abundance of food in the stomach. Death, he said, was due to syncope, arising partly from heart trouble and partly from an intense congestion of the lungs. Ashe's heart, he added, was abnormal and he would be apt to succumb to any sudden shock or prolonged struggle.

Dr. John F. Gilday, hospital surgeon, testified that Ashe told him after he had been fed forcibly on Tuesday that he had collapsed from a fit of coughing.

HORNEMAN—SPICKLER

Miss Carolyn Jennings Spicker, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George W. Spicker of Lowell street, Lawrence, Mass., was married in Lawrence on Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock by Rev. John F. Gilday. The couple were attended by Miss Lois Spicker, a sister of the bride, as bridesmaid, and the best man was Anthony Cullinan, Lawrence nephew of the groom. The bride was dressed in a travelling suit of blue broadcloth and carried a beautiful bouquet of bride's roses. The bridesmaid was gowned in blue satin and carried a bouquet of Carnation roses. A reception was held at the home of the bride's parents near Hagerstown from 6 to 8 p.m., during which more than 200 guests called to congratulate the young couple and wish them success for a long and happy wedded life. Mr. and Mrs. George W. Spicker, the bride's parents, assisted in receiving the guests. Refreshments were served by five young friends of the bride. Mr. and Mrs. Horneman, the recipients of a large number of beautiful and useful wedding gifts from their many friends, the young couple left on an early evening train for a wedding trip to New York City and Niagara Falls.

COLLEGE POTATO RAISERS

DURHAM, N. H., Sept. 28.—The potato club organized last spring by 20 or more members of the New Hampshire college teaching staff to secure potatoes for themselves at something lower than the then prevailing price had just harvested its crop.

One and one-half acres were planted

and these have yielded 191 bushels of second grade potatoes, \$61.2 bushels of second grade and 121.2 bushels of culms, 28 lb. in all. This at the rate of 17.8 bushels to the acre, it cost the members about 80 cents a bushel, exclusive of the labor performed by the members.

FRONT HOMBING RAID

PARIS, Sept. 28.—An official communication issued by the admiralty last night says:

"A naval aircraft carried out a bombing raid on the St. Denis western aerodrome. Bombs were dropped on the sheds and 16 Gothia machines lined up in the air-drome, direct hits being observed on the latter. All our machines returned safely."

INVESTIGATING DEATHS OF NEW BEDFORD MEN WHO WERE DROWNED

NEW BEDFORD, Sept. 28.—District Attorney Joseph T. Kenney today assumed charge of the investigation of the deaths of Joseph Barton and Harry Hammond of this city, who were

1,000,000 CHINESE HOMELESS IN FLOOD—TIEN-TSIN IS THREATENED

PEKING, Tuesday, Sept. 25.—(Delayed) The City of Tien-Tsin is threatened with destruction by flood from the Hoangho. The Chinese city and portions of all the foreign concessions are under water, which is rising rapidly and which covers the great plain to the southeast of Peking. It is estimated that 1,000,000 Chinese are homeless.

The mud walls protecting Tien-Tsin are being strengthened under foreign supervision, but all the streams in China provinces are feeding the flood, making the situation desperate.

FOR SATURDAY

THE JAMES CO.

Merrimack Street, Cor. of Palmer

The NEW FASHIONS here are up-to-the-minute and correct. They are practical interpretations of what smartly dressed women will wear this Fall.

SUIT SHOP

Hourly Arrivals of

New Suits

From New York's foremost designers. In this way you are sure to get the very latest fashions and best styles.

Materials are of Broadcloth, Velour, Serge, Prunella, Silvertones.

SUIT SPECIAL

Of burella in navy and brown, satin lined, fancy belt and shirred skirt.

\$18.50

18.50

25.00

18.50

GIRLS' SHOP

Great Fall Sale Of New Apparel for Girls, Misses and Children

LIBERTY BONDS GAIN

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—Liberty Bonds made another new high record at the outset of today's trading at 100.16, two points above the previous high mark reached yesterday.

AUTUMN FASHIONS

We are ready as never before to serve complete stocks on all floors. A store overflowing with all that is new in Women's Wear, Suits, Coats, Waists, Costumes, Furs and Children's Garments

NO MUSIC, NO MODELS. ALL EXTRAVAGANT EXPENSE GIVEN BACK TO YOU.

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY 10% DISCOUNT
On What You Buy Up To Saturday Night

THE STORE OF STYLE AND QUALITY. LEADS IN ECONOMY.

CHERRY & WEBB
NEW YORK
CLOAK STORE
12-18 John St.

The agents are all of Swedish nationality.

FRENCH SUPREME COURT REJECTS APPEAL OF DUTCH DANCER

PARIS, Sept. 28.—The supreme court yesterday rejected the appeal of the Dutch dancer, Mata Hari, who recently was condemned to death as a spy by court martial. Some time ago a revision court martial rejected the dancer's plea, but gave her the right to appeal her case to the supreme court.

GERMAN REICHSTAG
AMSTERDAM, Sept. 28.—The main committee of the reichstag, a dispatch from Berlin says, yesterday passed on the first reading a bill creating the post of minister of finance. Considerable discussion preceded the favorable action.

The Sun reaches the people who earn their money in Lowell and spend it in Lowell stores. It pays to advertise in The Sun, Lowell's greatest newspaper.

COAT SHOP

Stunning Coats

A wonderful variety of the newest mode—masterful evolutions, indeed.

Velour Coat

Coat of good weight velour in

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press

GERMANY'S FREEDOM OF SEAS

Ever since the war started, the Germans, parroted by the Austrians, have been prating over that totally bogus issue, freedom of the seas.

In their replies to the pope's last peace note they dwelt upon it with the usual crafty insistence.

Sober-thinking people have been puzzled. So far as they could figure, there had been nothing but freedom of the seas before this gigantic war.

Nobody ever heard the seas were anything else than free—very much freer than life in Germany and Austria. No one even attempted to deprive the Teuton empires of the freedom of the seas.

German ships piled in every ocean, competing with British and American goods in every market. The kaiser went steadily ahead with a big war navy. England did not even erect a tariff wall against "made in Germany" goods.

There was nothing the Germans could legitimately ask for that was not freely accorded them everywhere in the world. The one thing that excited their wrath and fear was the continuing might of the British navy. They also did not like to see our own navy keeping abreast of the times. But they knew that neither of these navies was a menace to any legitimate German aspiration.

England, an island country, was forced to maintain supremacy at sea or starve the moment an enemy declared war. The United States, for the protection of her coast and the maintenance of the Monroe Doctrine, was also bound to have a considerable navy.

And it was precisely these things that irked the Prussian war masters. They knew a British navy stood between them and their hopes to bring England to her knees. They knew our American navy, if properly developed, would stand between them and their greedy designs upon South and Central America.

They do not want to be thus balked in the future. They want, if possible, to trap the allies into some kind of disarmament scheme that would mean an inferior navy for England and a similar one for America. Then Germany could pursue her evil and sinister plans unhindered. The Pan-German weekly organ "Das Groesere Deutschland" (The Greater Germany) drops the mask by printing an article by Winand Engel which it approves. In this Engel says:

"German policy is forced to make secure for itself by all conceivable means domination over the world sea. I deliberately use the expression 'domination over the world sea' not the expression 'freedom of the seas' which is so common today. The latter expression is either dishonest or stupid. The sea is free for us only if we dominate it."

There is the truth about the German canting phrases in a nutshell. When the German and Austrian kaisers unctuously reply to the pope that they desire the freedom of the seas, they are either dishonest or stupid. In the present instance, they are plainly dishonest. They are lying once more, just as they have lied so often during the course of this war.

They want German domination of the seas, not freedom of the seas.

And when they gain domination of the seas, they will have all but conquered the world. Remember that, Americans.

LYNN FACTORIES WORKING

The Lynn shoe factories are open again after five months idleness due to differences which might have been settled by arbitration without the loss of a day. Who is the gainer now? What good has been accomplished by the conflict? None! So far as we can see everybody is poorer and the new arrangement will not compensate either side for their loss.

WOMAN SUFFRAGE

The house of representatives at Washington has formed a committee on woman suffrage. Heretofore, the judiciary committee has had to deal with this question. The suffragists naturally regard this as a victory and no doubt the pickets will claim that it is the result of their pig headedness.

Former President Taft proved a power for good among the pacifists who attended the Unitarian conference at Montreal. Following the leadership of Mr. Taft, a pacifist resolution was voted down and condemned as an "insidious document". The meeting then endorsed the policy of President Wilson and the continuance of the war until militarism as represented by Germany shall have been stamped out.

Cleero describes a room without books as a body without a soul. While Cleero was not much of a guide on spiritual things he was an authority on things intellectual and he was right in emphasizing the value of books and particularly of good books such as we are asked to provide for the soldiers.

The state department at Washington will render a good service to the public at large if it gives out more of the names of the men who have received money for shouting for Germany and execrating England.

This war may result in a great federation of the states of South America. Already there is forming a United States of Central America.

May the scheme prosper! We have not taken as much interest in these states as we should have done, but now the community of interest is emphasized more than ever before.

Some congressmen were indignant over the insinuation that certain of their number had been influenced to favor Germany by the paltry sum of \$50,000. There are about seven men in congress who could not be more strongly pro-German if they had received a million each.

A study of the rules of Safety First by some of our auto operators would prevent accidents and save many lives. It is really deplorable how many fatalities result from pleasure rides in which the necessary precautions for safety are neglected.

If the hotheads in and out of Ireland who put aside the practical and advocate the impossible will only show a little patience, the Irish convention now in session will probably evolve a charter of freedom that will serve the best interests of Ireland.

The cities that have shown so little appreciation of their soldier boys as to let them depart without a demonstration are sorry for having made such a blunder. Lynn is one of these and its newspapers are voicing the city's regrets.

Among her other intrigues Germany is conducting some secret plots for a peace that will let her go free of indemnities, give her back her colonies and still leave the barbarous emperor on the throne. Such a peace seems impossible.

Everybody should help the Soldiers' Library fund. The object is most worthy and should receive most generous support from those who can afford to contribute.

Somebody besides the milk producers for Boston should fix the price. If these progressive gentlemen have their way milk will be 25 cents a quart.

Lawrence is about to purchase an athletic field. Good idea. Every respectable city should have one. Lowell has talked of buying one and nothing more.

Some widows deplore their lack of riches but they might see their lot in a different light, if they look at the fate of wealthy widows, some of whom are murdered for their money.

To the credit of Massachusetts, Mr. Cushing's appeal to prejudice did not militate to any great extent against Governor McCall at the primaries.

OCTOBER 9 WITH BE FIRE PREVENTION DAY

Tuesday, Oct. 9, has been set aside as Fire Prevention day by the State Fire Prevention committee and all the residents of this city including children and adults will be asked to do their share in cleaning the city of all rubbish or inflammable material, and within a few days Mayor James E. O'Donnell will issue a proclamation to that effect.

Chief Edward F. Saunders of the fire department has been appointed to represent the state fire prevention committee in this city and he will co-operate with the mayor. Special exercises will be carried out in the schools of the city and it is probable that members of the fire department as in previous years will address the school children on fire prevention.

Chasing Deer

The superintendent of the park department has spent the greater portion of the forenoon today in chasing two deer in the enclosure at Fort Hill park, but at noon his efforts had been fruitless. The purpose of chasing the deer is to get hold of two of the bucks which will be swapped for two bucks from the Boston zoo in an attempt to prevent interbreeding at both places. The superintendent of the local park department and the men in charge of the Boston zoo have agreed to swap, but the problem that now confronts them is to capture the deer.

Rally Called Off

The open air democratic rally for Hon. Frederick W. Mansfield, candidate for governor, which was scheduled to be held this evening on the city hall steps has been called off on account of the rain.

Registration Sessions

Registration sessions will be held in the office of the registrars of voters on Oct. 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 and 13 from 2 p.m. to 9 p.m., and Oct. 17 from 12 continuously to 10 p.m.

Weekly Payroll

The payroll for the week amounts to \$21,941.55 while the monthly salaries which will be paid Monday amount to \$17,601.44. Included in the latter amount is that for state aid, which totals \$7,075.50.

Solicitor in Boston

City Solicitor William D. Regan went to Boston this morning to attend the trial hearing in the case of the city of Lowell vs. the Lowell Trust Co., which is being conducted in the court house before Auditor Joseph Wiggin.

T. R. FORCED KAISER TO ARBITRATE IN 1902

CHICAGO, Sept. 29.—Colonel Roosevelt yesterday gave his version of the secret conference he held with the German ambassador in 1902, relating to the occupation of Venezuela by Germany. An incident that then threatened to bring on a war between Germany and the United States. Colonel Roosevelt told the story for the

HELPING HOOVER

Fairburn's Plan For Reducing Prices

On and after Monday, October 1st, FAIRBURN'S MARKET, Inc., will discontinue deliveries, following the successful plan of many large markets of other cities.

Prices today are alarming; in some cases they are prohibitive.

It is an undeniable fact that the people must have lower prices, but the present high prices of goods which prevail everywhere cannot be reduced unless expenses are cut to a minimum.

This situation has made a decision imperative. The first and most logical expense to cut is that of deliveries. So choice must be made between maintaining expensive deliveries and keeping up prices, on the one hand, and abolishing deliveries and reducing prices, on the other.

This market, being progressive and quick to note and obey the popular demand, has made its decision—namely, give the people what they want—Lower Prices.

As delivery expense adds approximately 10 per cent. to the cost of goods, customers will save an additional 10 per cent. average on all purchases at this Market on and after Oct. 1st.

We take this step feeling that the people of Lowell and vicinity will fully appreciate the efforts we are making to reduce the prices of necessities for them and the motive which prompts our action.

Watch the papers for our ads. and see the remarkable price reductions this plan enables us to offer you each week.

FAIRBURN'S MARKET

12 MERRIMACK SQUARE.

first time, he said, in an address at a luncheon here.

"It was about a year after I took office," Colonel Roosevelt began.

"Germany was engaged in striving to extend her dominion. She had in view certain chosen positions in South America. She aimed to turn South America into a German appendage. Venezuela at that time had a dictator named Castro, commonly known as the 'monkey of the Andes.'

"I was determined that Venezuela

should not become a German possession.

Germany said it was not to be permanent and did not define what

was meant by permanency. I per-

mitted John Hay to write a num-

ber of notes and then I sent for the

German ambassador and said to him:

"This Venezuelan business has been

going on long enough and I cannot

afford to let it get to the point where

it will cause trouble for this country."

"At that time England was back-

ing Germany and while I had both against

me, I paid little attention to England.

It was the last flicker of England's

antagonism to the United States.

"I called the attention of the ambas-

sador to the fact that Germany had

a squadron of warships near Venezue-

la, threatening the mouth of the pro-

posed Isthmian canal. I demanded a

statement of what Germany meant by

temporary possession, saying I did not

propose to have any 99-year leases.

"The ambassador told me he did not feel he was at liberty to discuss such an important question. That conference wound up with the following ultimatum:

"Tell your government that in 10 days it must arbitrate the matter or I will send Dewey down there."

"I cannot send such a message, Mr. President. I do not think you realize what it means," the ambassador re-

plied.

"You think it means war?" I asked.

"I do not want to say what I think," was the reply.

"If it means war, you have chosen the one spot where you cannot fight."

I replied, and then I showed by maps our commanding position.

"When he retired I sent word to Dewey to be ready to sail on an hour's notice. About a week later the ambassador called on me, and admitted that he had not dared send the mes-

sage.

"I then told him that I would order

Dewey to sail in 48 hours. He told me it would be an awful thing for this country."

"Yes, but it will be more awful for your country," I replied.

"Inside of 36 hours he came back

smiling and said he had received in-

structions from the German govern-

ment that they would arbitrate."

BENNETT'S LEAD OVER MITCHEL INCREASED

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—William M. Bennett, candidate for the republican nomination for mayor, continued to maintain his lead over Mayor John Purroy Mitchel in the unofficial recount of the ballots cast in last week's primaries when a recess was taken early today. The latest figures gave Mr. Bennett a majority over the major of 413 votes.

The inception of the balloting is expected to be completed by Saturday night.

Following a conference with Edward P. Boyle, chairman of the board of elections, Dist. Atty. Swann decided yesterday to investigate alleged irregularities in certain election districts.

Alfred H. Mayor Mitchell has not an-

nounced that he will run independently.

The fusion committee of 1917 yes-

terday perfected its campaign plans

on the theory that Mr. Bennett will be

declared the nominee of the republi-

cans and that the mayor will

concede a seat to him.

Although Mayor Mitchell has not an-

nounced that he will run independently.

Representative Burnett, chairman of

the committee, said that the fusion

committee will seek through the rules com-

mittee to postpone the action of his

"slacker" bill. It is similar to the

Chamberlain resolution already passed

by the senate.

DRESS-UP

Is the country wide cry—and we have provided for this, the formal opening of the season, clothing of the highest character. The most individual of any clothing ready to wear.

It comes to us from the best makers in America, concerns of world-wide reputation who are in closest touch with the sources of fashion. **Society Brand Clothes**.

ROGERS-PEET CO., SOCIETY BRAND and SPECIAL SUITS

These latter made for us in exact accordance with the best styles of the season.

MODELS

YACHT AMERICA PURCHASED

Scrap Heap Not to Be Fate of Old-Time Cup Winner

Yacht Was Owned by Family of the Late Gen. Butler

America, the most famous of all racing yachts in the world, has been saved from the junk heap or the ignominy of being converted into a Cape Verde trader. Yesterday morning she was purchased by a few members of the Eastern Yacht club of Marblehead, who had become interested in the fate of the historic craft through the efforts of C. H. W. Foster of that organization. The title in the boat has been placed in the hands of Secretary Henry Taggard of the Baker Yacht club, acting as an individual.

The title to the only boat that ever "lifted" the cup that bears its name passed to the syndicate of Eastern Yacht club members from the family of the late Gen. Benjamin F. Butler, through the offices of the Iowitt Bureau, news agency, which represented the owners, and David W. Simpson, representing the purchasers.

Ever since this yacht was put upon the market, month or so ago, yachtsmen throughout the country have become interested in the final fate of the craft and a week ago the men in the syndicate started a movement that was consummated in the purchase yesterday.

In her 67 years of life, America has had five owners and for nearly a half century she has been in the Butler family. The United States government owned her once, and used her as a dispatch boat. She raced for the America's cup in this country, and this is the only time Uncle Sam ever went into the yacht racing game. She lost this race but another American craft won the race and saved the day.

During the time that Gen. Butler was alive, America was sailed and at commission much of the time and in spite of her age and design, she held her own against many of the more modern schooners. She once led the fleet of New York and Eastern Yacht club yachts from Newport to Marblehead around Cape Cod, defeating Constitution, ruler of the Eastern Yacht club, and considered one of the fastest of her type afloat.

Although much altered in rig and interior fittings from the day she first raced around the Isle of Wight and brought the cup to America, her general lines are the same. She has been almost unused and in excellent condition and the craft seems able to spend a few more years as a yacht, if the owners desire. The rig that she wears at present was designed by Edward Burriss, designer of the cup boats Puritan and Volunteer, but it will not take much money to replace the original rig.

She has been launched again and is present at the Baker basin. Although the Butler family has had several offers for the schooner in years past from people who make a business of junking lead and metals, they refused to part with such a craft, as they believed such a fate, as they deserved a better fate. They have never offered her for sale before this year, and yachtmens in this section express themselves as well satisfied with the outcome. At the time that the America's cup race was scheduled four years ago, New York yachtmens urged the owners of the then racing yacht under sail and take her to the Sandy Hook for an attraction, and this might have been done had not the war made it impossible to have the race.

America was built under a contract by former Commodore Stevens and a syndicate of New York Yacht club members, the price being \$30,000. If she could be sold for \$10,000, about in her very first race she lost, but Commodore Stevens decided to take her, although the price was reduced and in the next year she went across under her own sails and defeated the pick of European yachts in the race that made international yacht racing what it is today.

Yachtmens from abroad have tried since 1851 up to the present time to get that cup back, but they have failed. The trophy was known as the Queen's cup and was given by the late Queen Victoria. Its value in dollars and cents is as much as many of the others that grace the trophy rooms of the New York Yacht club, but it is as a racing trophy cannot be measured in value. Millions of dollars have been spent to get this cup back to England and millions have been spent to prevent the taking away of a trophy which a \$25,000 schooner yacht captured at a time when English designers and skippers were thought to be about the best in the world.

SUN BREVITIES

Best Printing. Tobin's Asso. Bldg. Next week is "Quarter Week" at the Lowell Five Cent Savings Bank.

Miss Irene Laffey has returned from a two weeks' vacation spent in Providence, R. I.

Miss Sadie Snow has returned to the city after spending a month in Hartland, New Brunswick.

Arthur Lewis, motorman for the Bay State Railway Co. will spend the next two weeks at Forest, Maine.

Joseph Costa, aged four years, and living at 203 Gorham street, sustained a fracture of the left leg about 7:30 o'clock last night when he was run over by one of Davis Sargent's automobile trucks in South street. The ambulance was summoned and the boy was taken to St. John's hospital.

Another of the successful Saturday evening dances will be given at Aspinwall hall tomorrow evening. In addition to the dance, new cabaret features will be introduced. The music will be furnished by Broderick's orchestra. All in search of a good time should direct their steps to Aspinwall hall tomorrow and there they will have the time of their happy lives.

Manuel Perry, residing at 123 Cushing street, while at work on the addition to the Bartlett school in Wanlassanet street this morning, fell from a scaffolding and sustained lacerations about the face and scalp. The ambulance was summoned and he was removed to the Lowell Corporation hospital.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Chadwick of Washington, D. C., who have been spending a few weeks' vacation with relatives in this city, were last night treated to a dinner at 150 Union Avenue of Mr. and Mrs. Napoleon Lavoie. Many friends of the couple were present and a general good time was enjoyed. A musical and literary program was carried out, those taking part being Misses Agnes and Bertha Coulton, Blanche Fremantle and Messrs. Frank Marshall and Arthur P. Chadwick. A buffet luncheon was served and the party broke up wishing Mr. and Mrs. Chadwick a pleasant journey homeward.

NEWS OF THE DAY IN POLICE COURT

Unless Louis Pelletier lives up to the promise he made to Judge Enright in police court this morning he will spend seven months in the house of correction at Cambridge. Several weeks ago Pelletier entered before the court on a complaint charging him with non-support of his wife and up to his promise to take care of his wife and children he was given a suspended sentence of four months in the house of correction. Of late he has been drinking and yesterday when he came home he abused his wife and she had to complain to Patrolmen Kennedy and Castles who placed the man under arrest. In this connection he admitted a plea of not guilty to a complaint charging him with drunkenness, but the testimony offered by the officers was sufficient to cause the court to make a finding of guilty and he was given a suspended sentence of three months in the house of correction and was also informed that he did not pay his wife off a week he would have to serve the four months' sentence which had been suspended.

Case Placed on File

John J. Meehan entered a plea of guilty to a complaint charging him with larceny of articles from the New York New Haven Railroad car, and owing to the fact that his mother pleaded that he be given a chance and the railroad officials were willing to make restitution, the case was placed on file on condition that he pay the expenses of the court, \$14.60, the major portion of the latter being for railroad expenses for Officer White of the railroad. Meehan

was placed on probation for six months and during that time he is supposed to pay \$29.60.

Case Was Continued

The continued case of Frederick A. Whitney, charged with breaking and entering a car of the Boston & Maine railroad and carrying off therefrom, was continued until Monday by counsel for the defense who entered the case this morning.

Drunken Offenders

David Liston entered a plea of guilty to a charge of drunkenness and admitted that he had owed a fine of \$10 for the past two years. He was given one month in which to pay the fine, the present case being placed on the file of the court.

John Welch, drunkenness, was fined \$10 and William J. Ward, who is on parole from the state farm, will be returned to that institution.

Angus Banton, John Hart, Annie Borner and Catherine Casserly were having a little social gathering in a house yesterday when the police were attracted to the scene by the noise which emanated from the room and decided that the condition warranting their being sent to the police station. In court this morning the two men were each sentenced to one month in jail and appeals were entered. The Bernstorff woman was placed on probation while the case against the Casserly woman was continued until tomorrow morning.

MATRIMONIAL

Thomas Mahon, Jr., and Miss Mary A. Murphy were married Sept. 28 at the Sacred Heart rectory, the officiating clergyman being Rev. Fr. Alphonse O'Leary. George McGuire acted as best man, while the bridegroom was Miss Annie Vaughan. Mr. and Mrs. Mahon, who received numerous wedding gifts, will make their home at 12 Argawam street after an extended wedding trip.

M'ADOO TALKS ON LIBERTY LOAN

Vast Over Subscription of Three Billion Dollar Loan Predicted

Calls Bernstorff "the Adroit and Malevolent German Ambassador"

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Sept. 28.—Vast over subscription of the three billion dollar second Liberty loan, was confidently predicted by Secretary McAdoo in an address here today before the American Bankers' Association, calling upon the bankers to give the same patriotic support to the new bond issue that they gave to the first.

"It has been urged upon me," said the secretary, "that many men of wealth will refuse to buy the 4 per cent. bond with liability to super income taxation. I should be loath to believe this; but if it is true, the position of the government must always be to offer a bond upon terms fair and equitable to all alike and which will make the widest possible appeal to all the people without regard to the fact that a man may be rich or poor. It has been suggested to me that na-

turalism should play no part in the affairs of govt. bonds. I do not concur in this. Although we may not like certain govt. bonds, we like them on their merits. Patriotism is, first, love of country above everything—above life itself; second, love of country combined with that vital interest in the nation's welfare and safety which will make secure the mutual interests of each individual and promote his happiness and prosperity."

"If this be true, the man of wealth with patriotism or modified patriotism or without patriotism has a greater stake in the security of the government than any other class, because if foreign bonds credit is cut off and disaster comes upon the country as inevitably will if the government's credit fails, what is property worth to the rich man, what is life worth to the free man?"

Emphasizing the tremendous financial task ahead of the nation, Mr. McAdoo pointed out that it would require a large sum between \$3 and 14 billion dollars by additional bond issues before June 31, 1918. This will not be easy, he said, but it can be done by everybody, banker, business man and man and women in every walk of life joining hands to accomplish it.

"'Borax Bill' says—

"U. S. BUNTING EMPLOYEES' DANCE." A meeting was held last evening at the home of John Gleason in Cross street, of the committee in charge of arrangements for the coming dance of the U. S. Bunting employees. Practically all the plans for the affair have been completed and everything points to a successful and happy affair. At the close of the evening John A. Calkin, vice-president of the Eagles, delivered new remarks in connection with the work of the employee's club.

Borax Bill Says

GET AFTER the fly in his breeding haunts—the garbage can, rubbish heaps and every place where fermentation or decomposition is going on. Boston's Health Commission recommends that such places should be treated with Borax. That's better than swatting the pest. 20 Mule Team Borax sprinkled in these places will destroy the fly's eggs—remove foul odors and keep the surroundings sweet smelling.

LOWELL, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1917

A. G. POLLARD COMP'Y

THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE

You Need a Nemo Corset Now!

We know this because we know that they help all women to better health and better style.

All Nemo Corsets give—

Healthful support, Protection for vital organs, Correct poise, Perfect comfort, and Supreme style.

Your model will have all the general Nemo qualities and, in addition, the particular *health* feature that you need. For instance, if you are too stout, a Nemo—

Self-Reducing Corset

—will healthfully support and reduce your figure. Here is a splendid model:

No. 403, for the stout woman of medium height, with heavy, pendulous abdomen. In addition to Self-Reducing Straps, it has the famous Nemo Relief Bands that curve under the abdomen and firmly support it. These two features create a gentle auto-massage that is most effective in driving away excess flesh. Semi-elastic In-Curve Back makes skirt comfortable in all positions. Of fine white coutil; sizes 20 to 36 \$4.50

Other Self-Reducing Corsets—\$3.00 up.

Our corsetieres will gladly help you select the one designed for your individual type.

THE NEWEST Fall Suits and Coats

A profusion of carefully selected garments showing every new style note of the season. A big assortment to select from in all the new materials and colorings. Coats for girls, misses, women and extra large women.

**\$15, \$16.50
\$18.50 to \$60**



Children's Winter Coats

**\$5, \$7.50
and \$10**

A big assortment of children's and girls' coats, 6 to 14 years, in all wool materials. All colors and all materials for school and Sunday wear. An excellent school coat at \$5.00, in navy cheviot and gray chinchilla, sizes 6 to 14 years.

A Word About Millinery

A collection of lovely New Trimmed Hats for every autumn occasion. A great many styles to choose from.

**\$4.98, \$5.98,
\$6.98, \$12.98**

Becoming Soft Brim Hats for ladies and misses.

\$3.49, \$3.98



CHILDREN'S WHITE DRESSES

For Confirmation Wear

Dainty White Lawn Dresses—Prettily trimmed with insertions and edgings of val, high and normal waist effects. Sizes 6 to 16 years. Five models to select from. Prices

\$1.39 and \$2.98

Large Numbers of

NEW WAISTS ARRIVING DAILY

White French Voile Waists—Beautiful frilled models and semi-tailored styles. Big variety at \$1.98

Also Beautiful Waists of georgette and crepe, washable satin and crepe de chine, sizes 36 to 51, at \$5.00

Semi Mourning Waists of black georgette over white in embroidered effects.

Millinery, the imperative need for school girls, for service and sports, for style and smartness.

59c to \$2.49

Palmer St. Centre Aisle

Beautiful New Silk POPLIN DRESSES

Our stock of Silk Poplin Dresses is now complete and awaits your inspection. Suitable styles for misses and women in black, navy, open, plum, taupe and green. Sizes 16 to 44. Prices

\$10, \$12.50

Cloak Dept. Second Floor

A SPECIAL SALE OF

Damaged Sheets and Pillow Cases STARTED TODAY

PRICES AS LOW AS EVER. VALUES AS GOOD AS EVER.

PILLOW CASES

25c and 29c quality, regular sizes. Sale price 15c Each | 35c quality, hemstitched, regular sizes. Sale price 19c Each

SHEETS

Sizes 72x90 and 81x90, good cotton, seamless; value \$1.00. Sale price 69c Each

Sheets for all size beds, extra quality cotton; values up to \$1.25. Sale price 79c Each

Extra large size Sheets, same grade of cotton as we sell regularly at \$1.30. Sale price 89c Each

Hemstitched Sheets, in all sizes, fine grades of cotton, regular goods sell from \$1.30 to \$1.50. Sale price 89c and 98c Each

All fine grades of hemstitched, extra large sizes; values up to \$2.50. Sale price \$1.25 Each

The imperfections are mostly stains or broken selvages.

LEFT END

Special Prices On Wash Goods For the Week End Selling

Two cases of Bates Crepe, 28 inches wide, in a large assortment of stripes and a few checks. 17c Per Yard

2000 yards of Fancy Striped Madras, 36 inches wide, suitable for dresses, waistcoats, shirtings, pajamas, etc.; regular price 50c yard 28c Per Yard

Two cases of Ladassio Shorts, 28 inches wide, just the thing for children's suits and dresses; regular price 25c yard 19c Per Yard

Two cases of New Manchester Porello Remnants, 36 inches wide, in a good assortment of darks and lights. 15c Per Yard

A full range of colors in plain and voiles, marquises, silk and cotton crepe de ch

DIVISION ONE ISSUES EXAMINATION REPORT

The following list of names showing those who passed the physical examination and who waived examination, together with those who filed claims for exemption, those rejected and the delinquents failing to appear, was given out by Division 1 examination board yesterday, the examinations being held Sept. 26.

Waived Exemption

Order Serial
481 3091-Wm. S. Robinson, 40 Crowley
442 1252-James J. Murphy, 43 Waukeet
466 283-Nyles P. Noyes, 15 Garnet
443 1250-John F. Fitzgerald, 12 Rogers
439 1252-Jas. F. Dolan, 165 Appleton
503 1250-Louis Bush, 300 Lawrence
525 1245-H. McFarland, 524 Central
539 919-Gerald B. Duval, 16 Beacon
410 2438-R. R. O'Boyle, 22 St.
413 2795-B. A. Gifford, 12 Billerica
433 1787-J. L. Landers, 27 Wameet
455 957-R. L. Humphreys, 938 Andover
530 2456-Wm. P. Rourke, 99 John
436 2106-P. Rogers, 384 Concord
445 2109-A. J. Monahan, 187 High
457 1423-T. R. McDermott, 165 Warren
464 519-David Driscoll, 16 St. Paul
468 1880-Ernest H. Boyle, 124 Alt. Hope
481 2833-John W. Booth, 58 Andover
483 2052-Solomon Labnikas, 79 Davidson
491 944-Thos. A. Grourke, 49 Hildreth
501 642-Cleo Lavallee, 78 First
507 006-P. D. J. McDonnell, 16 St. Peter
514 2294-J. J. McCaffrey, 77 Agawam
513 1628-Thomson Begley, 28 Whipple
520 2853-A. H. Carpenter, 52 Fay
531 974-Bryant L. Kirby, 412 Beacon
532 1698-W. G. Hamilton, 563 Central

Claimed Exemption

437 2752-Fred L. Roger, 72 Common-
waste ave
429 2516-Daniel J. Wrenn, 30 Beach
402 2303-Howard W. Bullock, 171 An-
dover
449 717-Arthur L. Myers, 57 4th
2187-Andrew Parvin, 130 Fayette
426 1744-Wm. J. McGaughey, 41 Whi-
ple
413 2765-James Stead, Jr., 137 Mead-
owcroft
404 363-Gilbert B. Smith, 15 Button
425 2608-J. C. Blomberg, 123 Moore
415 227-T. J. Plouffe, 65 Austin
500 1755-Thomas O'Connor, 28 Hudson
490 2922-F. L. Gibson, 14 Bowden
476 3008-E. J. Slaughnessy, 1991 Gor-
ham
483 2023-J. J. Ireland, 7 Pleasant
482 2263-J. J. Wallace, 1 year 16 Pleasant
479 2565-J. H. Collins, 13 England
706-J. Moreau, 48 Fremont
466 3107-L. D. Smith, 187 Moore
469 2231-R. C. Stewell, 12 Concord
511 1250-John J. Johnson, 42 Newell
504 023-Peter F. Gill, 829 Bridge
524 3025-F. E. McMahon, 16 Chamber
537 2827-F. E. Baxter, 1107 Lawrence
526 1002-W. G. McGuire, 4 Sutherland
536 1010-John Melkulan, 16 Lawrence
519 2640-L. J. Parker, 100 Broad St., av
550-Edwin Hayes, 255 Hildreth
523 2559-T. J. Claghorn, 11 Village
537 1887-E. C. Lundquist, 36 Agawam
516 735-R. S. Parent, 73 Bridge

The Selected One

404 1981-Charles B. Early, 30 Pleasant
407 3006-Geo. Matthews, 45 Moore
408 2495-Chas. P. Talbot, 43 Nesmith
411 1765-Jos. F. Slattery, 44 Whipple
417 2658-Wm. C. Hodson, Jr., 195
Lawrence
419 664-Robt. E. Magee, 37 Albion
420 93-Elmo P. Connolly, Grove
421 1448-Louis G. Moss, 118 Lawrence
432 1595-Edward F. Welch, 262 Law-
rence
435 103-John J. Connor, 2 Summer
St. Co.
439 1716-J. J. Laffey, 20 Swift
465 1780-Geo. S. Lewis, 9 Hudson
467 382-Henry J. Verrontalre, 36
Prescott
470 589-John W. Carroll, 67 Whitney
av.
478 1712-William H. Keeler, 75 Whi-
ple (7 rear)
477 2591-J. A. Dow, 374 High
497 2941-William G. Hayes, 1330 Gor-
ham
536 926-Wallace L. Farwell, 466
Bridge
548 728-Roman Perrault, 28 Beech
650 2652-Charles F. Hobson, 68 For-
ter terrace
Aliens Claim Exemption

533 820-Charles Perry, 8 Armory.
530 368-Estramishaw Ducharme, 230
Alken
504 222-Demosthenis Kremponski,
511 1250-Servulus Farlina, 126 Charles
549 1167-Manuel G. Cordeiro, 103
Charles
540 656-Peter Lewnce, 267 Lake-
view
510 700-Fahid Muhammad, 16 Front
513 2406-Bolislav Machiewicz, 167
Charles
603 1337-Tony Jefsy, 286 Lawrence
638 1857-Marshall Roy Wyand, 22
Aimes
512 1186-Khoogas Darkhoogas, 886
Central
519 1101-Mugurdich Berberian, 60
523 1151-Barker Chokolink, 88 Law-
rence
678 1166-Jos. G. Cordeiro, 128
Charles
441 1102-John Bettencourt, 148
Charles
402 1617-Salm Adray, 66 Hudson
440 1221-Jos. Dias, 143 Charles
412 .6-Francisco Aguila, 62 Han-
over
438 1912-Jas. H. Brooking, 147 Fay-
ette
424 1557-Wm. Spanopoli, 43 North
451 1256-Manuel Nicolar Ferreira, 7
Molloy's ct.
434 1855-Jos. Kitianasian, 104 Law-
rence
427 1112-Arthur Bloun, 228 Central
474 2186-Garabase Ramanic, 178
Fayette
408 1142-Rudolph B. Camara, 9
Clarke's ct.
541 1919-Joseph Dunn, 40 Davidson
423 2462-Arthur J. Reilly, 181 E.
Mormack
434 1808-John Rodriguez, 3 Richmond
454 3046-Geo. C. Morse, 17 Carlisle
462 2502-Joe Uzkio, 7 Chestnut
453 30-Odilon Beland, Lakeview
Farm, Dracut
457 576-Hamel Hardi, 151 E. Merrick
455 199-Peter Jezek, 41 John
483 1846-Gorapos Juknavorian, 46 Ty-
ler
471 283-Peter Tschenia, 1348 Lake-
view
462 406-Dick Wong, 65 Merrimack
503 2226-Andrew Sotoka, 7 Chestnut
The Delinquents

406 1287-Jose C. Gouries, 426 Central
3103-A. M. Smer, 123 St. George
456 2102-W. R. Rutherford, 161 Fayette
438 1585-J. J. C. Tosti, 128 Charles
446 154-Emile French, 18 Ford
447 1281-Myles Gordon, 41 Tyler
448 51-Richard Boucher, 32 Bridge
457 1057-Ellis Aluda, 181 E. Merrimack
465 1073-Khalid A. Ali, 181 E. Merrimack
608-John Kapalacy, 24 John ave
466 25-Ignacy Baron, 2 Reeds ct.
434 2051-Yonas Knessele, 20 Howe
402 1866-Jas. R. Alkonis, 40 Stackpole
465 1913-J. Cebula, 100 Merrimack
406 1846-J. C. Knowles, 5 Mill
516 321-Alphonse Peletier, 78 Bridge
644 2045-John D. Maciver, 161 Nesmith
546 814-Demetrios Ioppa, 86 Westford
646 1175-Manuel Costa, 124 Gorham
647 1070-Jos. Alley, 276 Central
Examination Transferred

405 2421-C. A. Mixer, 34 Neumith
433 2327-J. J. Hartley, 40 So. Whipple
505 2364-F. J. Haggerty, 508 E. Mer-
rimack
543 2476-Rudolph J. Shafter, St. John's
hospital

Those Exempted
Exempted, Sept. 25, 1917—in the mil-
itary service of the U. S. S.
443 456-John F. Golden, 171 Andover
486 1957-Geo. C. Conforti, 511 High
Exempted, Sept. 25, 1917—over age
445 456-James J. Sullivan, 52 Church
Field for further examination:
453 2458-Timothy A. Quinn, 116 Fort
Hill av.
488 2706-William H. McKnight, 144
Wentworth av.
521 707-Arthur W. Mosher, 9 Sixth

GROW RYE TO SAVE WHEAT

In our effort to grow more and use less wheat, so that we may have more to send to our allies, it seems strange that so little has been said about rye, which can be grown to advantage where wheat would fall.

This seems to be New England's opportunity. New England might not do much as a wheat grower, but it can produce rye. In writing for *Rural Life*, Dr. Horton says: "Rye has shared with the potato the distinction of being the football among crops. The potato is to occupy another place in the near future. Why not the rye crop?"

"Rye will reclaim the barren, sandy wastes in many places and will make cheap lands increase many times in value. It goes into the winter with a well developed root system and spring finds the plant well advanced in development and in shape to make a quick finish before the effect of winter moisture is lost."

Besides that a supply of rye in the farm granary will help cut old H.C.L.

Home-made bread from home-grown flour is just about as good as the best of them. Why not a million or two acres of rye for New England?

Fall Seeding

There is no better time to seed land to grass than in the late summer or early autumn, says Dr. H. J. Wheeler in *New England Homestead*. "It is the time that nature seeds and is especially advantageous on land infested with weeds." Nearly all agronomists agree that fall seeding produces the clearest meadow.

Mr. Wheeler says no grasses are better than timothy and red-top. They may be used alone or mixed as the market may demand. The seed-bed should be rolled after seeding to compact the soil and help bring water to the surface.

Mr. Wheeler does not advise the use of barnyard manure for top-dressing of grassy lands. It is better used on hilly slopes. If the land has been in grass for several years, it is a good thing to apply 200 to 500 pounds of complete fertilizer per acre at the time of seeding.

More Cover Crops

The Rural New Yorker has started a cover crop campaign with an editorial calling for 3,000,000 acres of cover crops in New York state this fall. "A bare cornfield should be looked upon as evidence of poor farming or some big misfortune."

Rural Life says: "Aroostook country, away down east in Maine, is the leading potato producing county in the United States. In its deep, mellow, ash-like soil are produced enormous crops. This is accomplished by the

liberal use of commercial fertilizers. This records show that during the 12-months ending June 1, 1916, the Bangor and Aroostook railway hauled into the county 67,000 tons of fertilizer and manure. Farmers can maintain fertility with green manures and fertilizer, and never feel the loss of manure. Why continue in the face of this to feed the profits of the farm into the cow in the hope of getting them back from the manure?"

"Aroostook farmers keep their soil well filled with humus by green manuring, therefore the crop is able to utilize large quantities of fertilizer to give you just a loss on the milk.

"Green crops are cheaper, and you don't have to work

and expensive each year successful farmers. It must be demonstrated time and again that farmers can maintain fertility with green manures and fertilizer, and never feel the loss of manure. Why continue in the face of this to feed the profits of the farm into the cow in the hope of getting them back from the manure?"

"Now is the time to break them up and prepare the pastures for this, than for the next year or two while the price of grain is high.

"Use a little fertilizer on old pasture or meadow land. It generally pays well. At present prices, use 200 to 300 pounds of acid phosphate, or better still, phosphate with 2 per cent of nitrogen." —Board of Dairymen.

Acid Phosphate vs. Raw Rock

"Which would you regard as the better buy for use on wheat this fall, 16 per cent acid phosphate or raw rock phosphate, the former to cost \$19.50 delivered and the latter \$8? —Subscribers."

"I assume that our correspondent is planning to phosphate his wheat this fall in the hope of getting results in the wheat harvest of 1918. If such is the case, he may expect a better financial return from the investment in acid phosphate than in raw rock phosphate." —Old Farmer.

"The use of fertilizer this fall has caused many farmers to turn to raw rock phosphate in the hope that it will do just as well. The theory is that organic matter in the soil makes raw rock phosphate available. It has, however, never been proven that organic matter does have this effect. The Massachusetts Experiment Station under the direction of Dr. C. C. Moore, has conducted experiments to see if there is any effect on the raw rock phosphate, but to no avail. For 17 years the Ohio station applied rock phosphate on one plot as against acid phosphate on another turning under a clover sod and both cases once in three years. At the end of the second period (eight years) the acid phosphate has shown greater gain over rock phosphate than the first period. It would seem from these results that acid phosphate is not only a better short time proposition, but a better investment over a period of years as well."

Fertilize Cover Crop

Mr. A. E. Granham, in the County Gentlemen says: "Crimson clover is a heavy feeder of mineral plant-food—phosphoric acid and potash—especially the latter. The general farm practice is to apply five tons of lime only to the preceding crop, the clover feeding on that left in the soil." Many of the failures with cover crops are due to the lack of available plant-food to start the cover crop. A little nitrogen should be applied to start growth and more phosphoric acid and potash, if the latter can be obtained easily. This is especially true on sandy soils, as where the cover crop follows a crop which has not been adequately fertilized.

Advertising Farm Produce

An ad. by the Hartford Market

Gardeners' association in one of the leading agricultural journals brings to our attention the possibilities of farm produce advertising. This is a field which has never been opened and one which ought to have great possibilities. It may be used to create a want for good things from the farm to relieve a glutted market by calling the attention of consumers to bags and vegetables, and shall be an excellent advertising medium.

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LOWELL MAN ELECTED PRESIDENT OF 12TH REGIMENT—NEXT CONVENTION HERE

LAONIA, N. H., Sept. 28.—The 12th New Hampshire Regimental as-

sociation held its 2nd annual reunion at G.A.R. hall here yesterday as guests of Martin A. Haynes camp, Sons of Veterans. A parade at noon was followed by an address of welcome by Col. Martin A. Haynes of this city. Dinner was served. These officers were elected: George E. Worthen, Lowell, Mass. president; B. M. Tilton, Pittsfield, vice president; Amos Chatelle, Laconia, secretary; Thomas E. Hunt, Gilford, treasurer; Rev. E. W. Ricker, Allston, chaplain.

The association voted to hold its next reunion at Lowell.

The comrades and their wives were given an automobile ride about the city, the cars being furnished by citizens. Concerts were given by the

Regimental Drum corps.

Peking, China, has its first woman school director in the person of Mrs. Chu Ping-hsia, who has been appointed director of the Peking Girls' Normal school by Fan Yuan-lien, China's minister of education. Mrs. Chu is a young Wellesley graduate, and since her return to China has been editor-in-chief of the Women's Magazine published in Shanghai.

WAIT A MINUTE, EVERETT,
I WANT YOU TO TAKE THIS
BOOK BACK TO MRS. JONES.
SHE WANTED ME TO READ IT
BUT IT IS SO FOUL AND
SUGGESTIVE THAT I QUIT
AFTER READING A
FEW PAGES.

SURE,
I'LL BE
GLAD TO
TAKE IT
WITH ME!

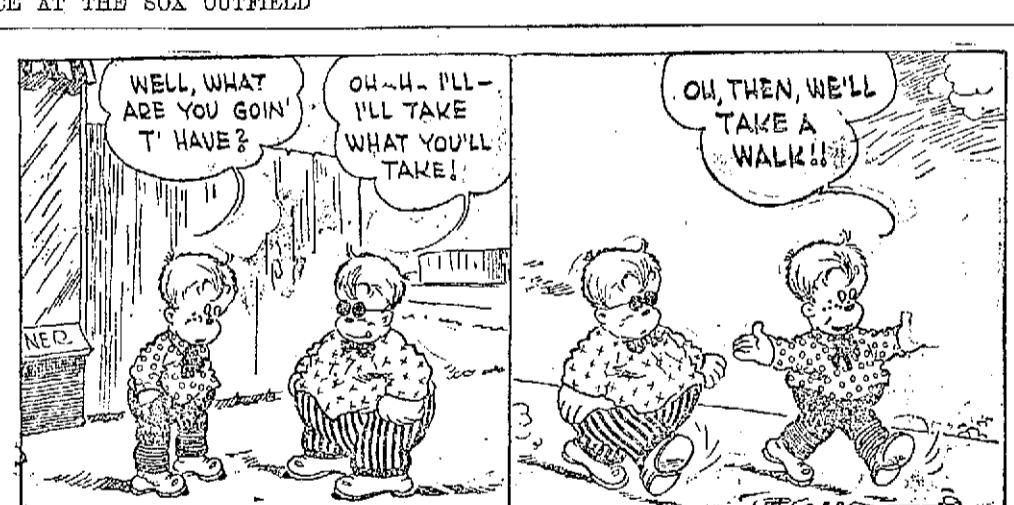


HERE IT IS.
TOUGH WRAPPING PAPER,
STRONG TWINE
AND SEALING WAX



WOW! EE YATA!
STEADY! LOOK
'EM OVAH—
THERE HE GOES!
TEARS AROUND THE BASES
LIKE A WILD ELEPHANT.
"KID" GLEASON THE
TOBACCO COACH.
IF A BULLET WERE SHOT FROM CENTER
FOR HOME AT THE SAME TIME FELSCH
THREW, THE BULLET WOULD GET IN
ABOUT 9 1/2 SECONDS LATE.

AHERN TAKES A GOOFY GLANCE AT THE SOX OUTFIELD



SIXTE

GIANTS TO IGNORE THE SHINE BALL

BY PAUL PURMAN

With the Giants: John McGraw will meet psychology with psychology. If Eddie Cicotte's shine ball is merely a ruse to keep opposing batters guessing McGraw is ready to meet that with his own. "There is something wrong with the ball; it is up to the uppers to look out for it and the national commission to rule on it so far as the world series goes. I don't believe it does the players any good to worry about it."

Since Dan Johnson and the American Legionaries have never seen it to take an option against Cicotte's ball this year it isn't likely it will be ruled out in the world series.

McGraw will not admit it, but he evidently had some inside hunch that the remarkable success of the shine ball was due, as Cicotte himself told the writer, more to the hand holding the ball than to the fact that he was on the ball than to the fact that he was not using anything.

For weeks McGraw has been drilling his players against the possibility of

even considering that Cicotte or Danforth are using the shine ball. His theory is similar to that of Cicotte: "If you think a pitcher has something on you he has," McGraw has repeatedly warned his men.

The effect has been that the Giants believe the shiny ball is a myth and are ready to combat it as such. The shiny ball is not bothering me," McGraw said. "There is something wrong with the ball; it is up to the uppers to look out for it and the national commission to rule on it so far as the world series goes. I don't believe it does the players any good to worry about it."

Since Dan Johnson and the American Legionaries have never seen it to take an option against Cicotte's ball this year it isn't likely it will be ruled out in the world series.

McGraw is very crafty. If he thought there was anything wrong with the ball he would have a complaint to make.

That he will not do so is almost a foregone conclusion.

CROWD OF 32,000 AT THE DANCING

ROCHESTER FAIR

Every Saturday Night ASSOCIATE HALL

Broderick's Orchestra

BIG CABARET

LADIES, 15c GENTS, 25c

ROCHESTER, N. H., Sept. 28.—More than 32,000 attended the annual Rochester fair at Cold Spring park yesterday. The absence of special trains from points in New Hampshire, Maine and Massachusetts is given as the reason for the attendance dropping off from 300,000 last year and 250,000 the third year. More than 5,000 automobiles were parked on the grounds soon after the noon hour.

Yesterday was governor's day, when Gov. Keyes was the guest of the association and was entertained during the afternoon by Chancellor Charles W.

SPORT COACH FOR AYER

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—Sport coaches selected by the commission on training camp activities for the promotion of recreative athletics at the national army cantonments and other big military camps, yesterday reported to the camp to which they were assigned by Raymond R. Fosdick, chairman of the commission. The work is under the general direction of Joseph E. Raycraft, athletic director at Princeton university and Malcolm M. McIntire, former Yale football star. Virtually all of the coaches are men

FREE FOR ALL PACING

Purse \$500.

FRED RUSSELL, bg (Martin).....1 1

Mettington, bg (McMullen).....2 3

W. T. Smith, bg (Dore).....1 2

Mad. Woolworth, bg (Czajka).....3 4

Time, 2.11 1/4, 2.13 1/4, 2.14.

2-16 CLASS, PACING

Purse \$400.

Dr. Gardner, bg (Czajka).....1 1

Bethna, bg (Czajka).....1 1

Carnation, bg (Fox).....3 3

Cochato, Maid, bg (Jameson).....4 4

Time, 2.14 1/4, 2.13 1/4, 2.14.

2-16 CLASS, TROTTING

Purse \$400.

Hall Perkins Jr., M. (Pickle).....9 7 2

Collet, bg (Johnson).....1 3 1

Dr. Gardner, bg (Czajka).....8 2 1

Paul M. bg (Van Houten).....2 3 6

Mad. Lake, Roxiana, Fillmore, Doh-

lom, Border Lass and Dream Life also

started.

Time, 2.14 1/4, 2.13 1/4, 2.12 1/4, 2.14 1/4, 2.15.

2-16 CLASS, PACING

Purse \$500.

Dr. Gardner, bg (Martin).....1 1

Mettington, bg (McMullen).....2 3

W. T. Smith, bg (Dore).....1 2

Mad. Woolworth, bg (Czajka).....3 4

Time, 2.11 1/4, 2.09 1/4, 2.10 1/4.

2-16 CLASS, PACING

Purse \$400.

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Time, 2.11 1/4, 2.09 1/4, 2.10 1/4.

2-16 CLASS, PACING

<p

MILK PRODUCERS EARLY SETTLEMENT OF STRIKE EXPECTED VIOLATE LAWS

CHICAGO, Sept. 28.—Representatives of the switchmen and trainmen of the Elgin, Joliet & Eastern railroad, a belt line for the steel mills of Gary, Joliet and South Chicago, who unexpectedly went on strike yesterday, and officials of the road met here today for the purpose of bringing about a settlement of their differences.

The number of men involved is estimated at between 1,500 and 1,600. They are members of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen and the Switchmen's Union of North America. Both labor leaders and officials of the road, before the conference today, predicted that the trouble would be settled before night.

Regarding the announcement made by milk distributors that on next Monday the price of milk in Chicago will be raised from 10 to 13 cents a quart, Mr. Wilkerson said his office is investigating the jump in price with great interest.

An examination of the documents seized by the state authorities caused Wilkerson to declare that the producers' body is guilty of arbitrarily fixing prices, of maintaining blacklists, of forming pools illegally and of establishing boycotts.

Regarding the announcement made by the state authorities caused Wilkerson to declare that the producers' body is guilty of arbitrarily fixing prices, of maintaining blacklists, of forming pools illegally and of establishing boycotts.

We, the undersigned, wish to express our sincere thanks to our many relatives, friends and neighbors, who by their many acts of kindness and expressions of sympathy helped so much to lighten the burden placed upon us by the death of our beloved father, Mr. Anthony McDermott. We also extend our deepest sympathy to those who so kindly sent floral offerings and sprays, bouquets, and one and all shall always be held in grateful remembrance.

Miss Helen McDermott,
Mr. Anthony McDermott, Jr.

NOTICE

IRISH NATIONAL FORESTERS
All members of Branch O'Neill-Crowley No. 598, are requested to meet this evening in A.O.U.W. hall to take action on the death of our late Brother Thomas L. Hanahan.

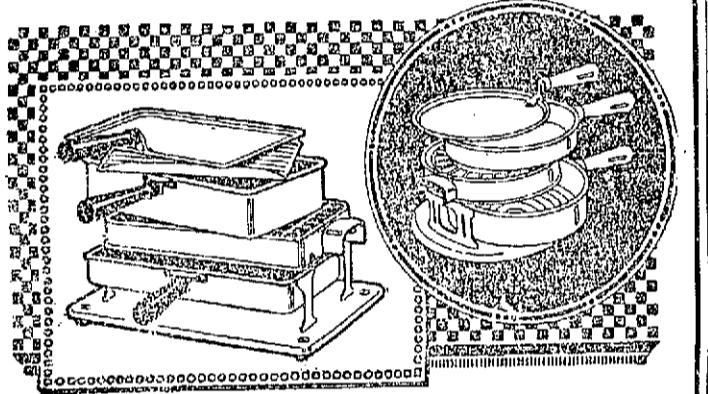
PATRICK F. SEXTON, C.R.
THOMAS NEVIN, F.S.

NOTICE

A meeting of the Stationary Firemen's local No. 14, will be held at 22 Middle st., Sunday afternoon, Sept. 30, at 2:30 p.m. Business of special interest to the firemen employed in the mills will be taken up at this meeting. All stationary firemen are requested to attend. Refreshments will be served.

THOMAS F. QUINN, President
JOHN W. DOWNING, Secretary.

Trade in Lowell with Sun advertisers and you will save money on your purchases.



These convenient Electric Grills are small in size, but great in usefulness.

Can be attached to any lamp socket and are ready instantly at the turn of a switch. Boil, roast fry or toast. Will perform two operations at the same time.

Will prepare a whole meal in no time right on the dining room table. Save many steps and the fatiguing work of standing over a slow cook stove. Electric cooking produces wholesome food and is economical, clean and safe.

Call at our showrooms and see one

THE LOWELL ELECTRIC LIGHT CORP.
29-31 MARKET ST. Tel. 821

PROBE REFUSED

Continued

should be inquired into. They are Senator Robert M. La Follette of Wisconsin, Representatives Mason and Britton of Illinois, and Buer of North Dakota.

Mr. Heflin declared also that he wanted "to ask some questions" of Senator Norton of North Dakota, who denounced Mr. Heflin from the floor of the house for statements reflecting on members of congress.

Heflin Speech Bitter

Mr. Heflin's speech was made at a meeting of the house committee on rules, which has before it three resolutions inspired by the revelations of Count von Bernstorff's message to his home government asking for \$50,000 to influence members of congress.

One of the resolutions introduced by Representative Doolittle of Kansas calls for a general investigation of German propaganda. With the view to estigmatizing the members of the "organization" named by Bernstorff,

Soon after the Heflin speech, which was at times of unusual bitterness, Representative Britton, one of the members named, issued a statement denouncing Mr. Heflin.

Mr. Heflin yesterday morning was uninvited to his condemnation. He did not want to inquire about correspondence of certain members who had written in one vein to their constituents and acted another in Congress, and who had written one way to one set of constituents and another way to other constituents.

Mr. Heflin declared he wanted to ascertain who was preparing to join the organization which sent Representative Baer to Congress, the National Non-Partisan League.

Mr. Heflin emphasized the desire that in ordering an investigation Congress go into the activities of members in the sources of money for carrying on a propaganda and distributing over the country literature relating to the cause of the Bill of Representative Mason and the resolution of Representative Baer to exempt German-Americans from military service abroad.

He denied that he had said members of Congress had won money at a gambling house and been the recipients of any German gold. He charged that German agents had got no money to quote him falsely.

Mr. Heflin said he understood certain members wanted to expel him from Congress and would have voted to do so without giving him a hearing. "I would have worn it as a badge of honor," he shouted. He declared that if he were put out he would take his case before the American public.

The rules committee went into executive session after the Heflin speech. It was decided to defer action until today, when another meeting will be held.

Broad Investigation Expected

Representative Doolittle of Kansas said he had conferred with Secretary Lansing and with Solicitor General Davis of the Department of Justice, and that they did not oppose a general investigation into German propaganda, particularly with respect to the identity of the organization named in the Bernstorff message.

Representative Norton asked the committee first to give attention to the Fordney and Norton resolutions, so the "house cleaning" might begin at home.

It was the impression among members of Congress that the rules committee would report some resolution for an investigation and that it would be broadened so as to learn the identity of the organization or organizations carrying on the pro-German propaganda.

Wants Heflin Investigated First

"The only interest I have in this matter," said Representative Norton, "is the interest that each member of the house has to have an investigation made in the newspapers of remarks by Representatives Heflin and Britton. I consider these very serious charges. I know of nothing more damaging than the charges that members have received German gold."

He declared it was only fair to Heflin and Howard to let them make the charges, and if these members made the charges falsely proper action should be taken against them," Mr. Norton said.

"Let's clean out our own house first. If these newspapermen who made the reports come before the committee under oath there are no members guilty of the charge made they should be hauled out of Congress, and if these members made the charges falsely proper action should be taken against them," Mr. Norton said.

He declared it was only fair to Heflin and Howard to let them make the charges, and if these members made the charges falsely proper action should be taken against them," Mr. Norton said.

Mr. Norton threatened to name the speaker to name them?" queried Mr. Norton.

"Don't be afraid," replied Mr. Heflin bluntly.

Mr. Britton, in his statement said:

"Mr. Heflin has done more than any one man in Congress to destroy the efficiency of the Army and the Navy. I shall insist on the rules committee resolutions calling for a complete investigation with a view to severely censuring Heflin at the bar of the censure."

WANTS TEACHERS TO NAME COMMITTEE

Mr. Heflin intimated he might name the men he has in mind before Congress adjourns, whether an investigating committee is named or not.

"Nobody doubts my loyalty," he said in defense of his position.

Referring to Mr. Norton's demand for a house cleaning, Mr. Heflin declared he was going to put the members on record and that he would have a list of questions to ask. "They can't write home one way and act another," he said.

Mr. Heflin said he wanted the special committee selected by the various parties represented in the house, Democrats, Republicans and Independents, and not appointed.

"Would you be satisfied for the speaker to name them?" queried Mr. Norton.

"Don't be afraid," replied Mr. Heflin bluntly.

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FUNERAL NOTICES

LENIHAN—The funeral of Thomas Lenihan will take place Sunday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock from his late home, 2 Manning place. Funeral mass Monday morning, the time to be announced later. Interment will be in St. Patrick's cemetery, in charge of Funeral Director James F. O'Donnell & Sons.

PETTERSON—The funeral of Patrick Peter H. Savage will take place Saturday morning from the rooms of Undertaker Peter H. Savage at 8:30 o'clock. High mass of requiem at the Immaculate Conception church at 9 o'clock. Interment will be in St. Patrick's cemetery.

LABARGE—Mrs. Mary Labarge, 13 Powell street, aged 56 years, died late night at Ayer, Mass. Burial will take place Saturday morning at 9 o'clock in Ayer.

CAMPBELL—The funeral of Edward L. Campbell will take place Monday morning at 8 o'clock from his home, 1033 Lakeview avenue, Dracut. A funeral mass will be sung at St. Michael's church at 9 o'clock, burial in St. Patrick's cemetery, in charge of James F. O'Donnell & Sons.

DEATHS

LENHAN—Thomas Lenihan, a well known resident of Lowell, died last night at his home, 2 Manning place, Salem street, after a long illness.

Mr. Lenihan had been a prominent member and a past officer of Branch O'Neill-Crowley, 598, I.O.U.W., also of Div. S. A.O.U.W., the Celtic Association, and the Holy Name Society of St. Patrick's church, Lowell, where he was a communicant.

He leaves his wife, a son, Charles, and two daughters, Mrs. Joseph McNamee and Mrs. McNamee, three sisters, Mrs. McNamee, Mrs. Barrett and Mrs. Hickson all of Holyoke.

HUDON—Charles Hudon, aged 64 years, a former resident of this city, died at his home, 35 Lowell street, Manchester, N. H., yesterday. He leaves his wife, a son, Charles, and two daughters, Mrs. Joseph McNamee and Mrs. Louise Houlin.

CAMPBELL—Edward L. Campbell, a well known resident of Dracut, died this morning at his home, 1033 Lakeview avenue, aged 21 years, 8 months.

He leaves his mother, Mrs. Elizabeth Campbell, one brother, Charles, and two sisters, Mrs. Arthur Hooper of North Chelmsford and Miss Rose M. Campbell.

PETTER—Patrick Petter, aged 75 years, died today at his home, 26 Brookline street. The body was removed to the rooms of Undertaker Peter H. Savage. Deceased was a member of Co. F, Div. 20, Mass. Infantry.

MATTHEW—Loo, aged 5 months, died today at the home of his parents, Eddie and Louise Matthe, 24 Ward street.

WILONDOPOULOS—Vasilios, aged 19 months, died today at the home of his parents, Christos and Anna, 11 Milne street, 36 Adams street. Burial took place at 3 o'clock this afternoon in the place of interment, under the direction of Edouard G. Albert & Son.

PARNHILL—Jose Parnhill, aged four months, died this morning at the home of his parents, Joe and Maria Parnhill, 235 Middlesex street.

GONCALVES—Matilda Goncalves, aged 1 month, died this morning at the home of her parents, Anthony and Martha Goncalves, 108 Tremont street, Law family.

PARISH—John Parikh, aged four months, died this morning at the home of his parents, John and Maria Parikh, 235 Middlesex street.

WANTS TEACHERS TO NAME COMMITTEE

Rain and cooler tonight; Saturday fair; moderate south to west winds.

ESTABLISHED 1878

THE LOWELL SUN

7 O'CLOCK

LOWELL MASS. FRIDAY SEPTEMBER 28 1917

16 PAGES 1 CENT

BIG RECEPTION TO BLACK WATCH HIGHLANDERS

The Killies were in Lowell last night—and Lowell knew it. When the 4 o'clock train pulled in from Boston at 4:41 yesterday afternoon on board were the Killies, the Fifth Royal Highlanders of Canada. The Black Watch—30 of them besides their band and officers—officers who had fought the Hun in France and Flanders who have been wounded and are now on this side of the Atlantic recovering and who at the end of

BRITISH LOOKING FOR BRITAIN'S ATTITUDE TOWARD PEACE

The British recruiting mission has opened up headquarters at the war work room at 319 Merrimack street and is hard at work rounding up British and Canadian subjects for the British forces. Besides the office in Merrimack street a sub-station has been opened in the office of the Massachusetts mill, where applicants for admission are examined. The actual registration takes place in Merrimack street and then the men are escorted to the mill office, where Capt. A. T. MacWilliams, the examining doctor, is on hand to say whether the applicants come up to the physical requirements of the British forces.

The doctor is assisted in examining the men by Sergt. Nichols, a member of the second battalion of the Ontario regiment. Capt. MacWilliams is a Canadian officer attached to the imperial forces.

The recruiting station is Lt. W. M. Linton, a member of Gon. White's staff. The Lieutenant has been wounded in action, but he is unable to tell anything of himself because of military regulations.

Otto Hockmeyer and W. A. Mitchell are working as a local committee in co-operation with the officers. This morning and at 9 o'clock were ready for business. Several of the men who signed their willingness to join the forces last evening were given a hasty examination and sent away the first thing this morning. Of the others, about a dozen appeared at the headquarters this morning and were put through the necessary examinations. The majority of them were passed and will leave for 44 Bromfield street, Boston, as soon as they are able to arrange their home affairs.

The age limit for men in the British service is between the ages of 18 and 45 inclusive. In the case of skilled workers, however, the ages will be extended to 50 years. When they pass the local exams they are sent to the British mission headquarters in Boston and are here given a final examination. All transportation charges are paid and the men are given plenty of opportunity to arrange affairs at home. Information concerning provisions for dependents and other subjects which may puzzle prospective applicants will be given cheerfully by Lt. Linton in Merrimack street. The quarters will be open from 7 to 9 this evening and until 4 o'clock tomorrow afternoon. The recruiting officers will leave this city at 4:30 to-morrow afternoon.

Following is the list of names of the men who had registered for British service up to the time of going to press:

James H. McCrindle, rear 30 Appleton street.

Leo Hindle, 46 West Fourth st.

James Currie, 332 Lawrence st.

Robert St. Kent, 45 Dingwall st.

Joseph Davenport, 44 Bridge st.

John Batho, 29 L st.

George Marshall, 13 London st.

George Wesley, Dract.

Thos. Hamblett, 46 England st.

John R. Bridge, rear 42 Pitterson st.

James N. Miller, 83 Elm st.

Wm. J. Peacock, 63 Fayette st.

Gro. B. Marchand, 131 Dalton st.

Frank Holmes, 178 Aiken ave.

James Moran, 41 Concord st.

William Brown, Chelmsford.

Robert Anderson, 100 High st.

John Smith, 94 Elm st.

William S. Reed, 62 Middlesex st.

James McKittrick, 45 West Third st.

Clifton Herlinian, Bon Marche Blag.

Fred Cuddy, 223 Middlesex st.

ARGENTINE PRESIDENT AGAINST BREAK

BUENOS AIRES, Sept. 28.—President Irigoyen is preparing a message in reply to the request made by congress that the diplomatic relations between Argentina and Germany be broken. The president, it is understood, contends that it is impossible to break off relations with Germany because of the Luxemburg incident, the government considering it unfair to have been adjusted by the German foreign office's explanation.

WANTED

Experienced chauffeur for steady work. Apply Bon Marche Dry Goods Store, Merrimack st.

TODAY

Is the first day of our great Birthday Sale. We have made very special preparations for this annual event and intend to make it of vastly greater importance this year than ever before. The details of this sale are presented on a full page ad elsewhere in this paper.

Trull & Wier

ATTORNEYS AT LAW
Now located at
510-511-512 SUN BUILDING

Grantors

CIVIL SESSION OF SUPERIOR COURT
WILL OPEN HEREON
MONDAY

The civil session of the superior court will open in this city next Monday, and among the Lowell cases on the docket are the following:

Greene, ex., pte., vs. Fisher; Buck vs. Moody Bridge Garage Co., Brumley, pte., vs. Bay State Street Railway Co.; Lyons vs. City of Lowell; Lowell Trust Co., vs. City of Lowell; Lowell Insulated Wire Co., vs. Boston Braiding Co.; Company vs. City of Lowell; B. & M. R. R. for alteration grade crossing, Chelmsford street bridge, Merrimack st., vs. Doherty; Shumway Park, vs. City of Lowell; Lanahan vs. American Express Co.; Allen vs. Middlesex & Boston St. Railway Co.; Caurier vs. B. & M., Fitzpat-

Congressmen Clinch In Row Over Congressional Probe of Bernstorff Plot

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—The row sides of the hall piled around and separated them before blows were struck. "Did you ever say that I was disloyal?" Norton says he asked Heflin. "No," Heflin replied.

Norton then made some remark about his being as loyal as anyone in the house and Heflin told him to go away. "You get out of here," Heflin reported. "I have said, starting to rise in his seat.

Heflin stood still while Heflin sprang up and grasped him by the coat lapels. The two men grappled for a moment and then fell over with Norton on top.

Immediately the house was in an uproar. Speaker Clark banged for order while members leaped over seats and down aisles to seize and strangle men. The sergeant-at-arms, rigidly grasping the mace, his badge of authority, ran toward the combatants. Disorder reigned in the galleries.

Order was restored as quickly as it had been disturbed.

Heflin Names Men

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—Demanding that congress investigate the German influences on members of congress and that it refuse to be sidetracked into a narrow investigation of himself and his statements, Representative Thomas J. Heflin of Alabama, yesterday named four members of congress whose activities he declared

Continued to Last Page.

MAYOR CURLEY CALLS INQUIRY POLITICAL

BOSTON, Sept. 28.—Mayor James Curley, testifying today at an investigation by the finance commission of the city's bonding business, declared that the object of the inquiry was political and that he was being asked to answer questions with the idea of making front page headlines for the Boston newspapers.

The commission, he charged, "was anaemic and emaciated for want of publicity," adding that "the chairman said recently that the hearings would probably result in the election of Andrew J. Peters, but they won't." Mr. Peters had been mentioned as a candidate in opposition to Mayor Curley in the December election.

It was when he made an emphatic denial to Senator Henry F. Hurlbut, counsel for the commission, who asked if he ever had been charged

Seditious Conspiracy

Seditious conspiracy—the crime nearest to treason within the definition of the criminal code—is charged. This offense is punishable by six years' imprisonment or \$5000 fine or both.

Indictments are understood to be based upon revelations brought to light in the recent country-wide seizure by federal authorities of documents and correspondence of the I.W.W. in approximately 50 towns and cities.

These documents are understood to have revealed the existence of a conspiracy, the most far-reaching in its scope of any yet unearthed, to embarrass the government in the prosecution of the war by resistance to the draft law, by fomenting labor disturbances, by burning crops and forests and in numerous other ways.

A comparatively small coterie of men is understood to have directed the entire movement.

Over Tax Evidence

The evidence laid before the grand jury which was of such volume as actually to weigh a ton or more, is said to show a nation-wide conspiracy to hamper the government in almost every conceivable way with ramifications into virtually every state.

It concerned anti-draft demonstrations, crippling of war industries by so-called strikes, burning of wheat fields, burning of timber which the government was planning to use for airplane construction and a continuous anti-ally and anti-war propaganda.

At the present time application for license must be made to the bureau of exports, 1435 K street, N. W., Washington, D. C. The license is good for 60 days and if not used within that time another application must be made.

The reason for the government demanding that a license accompany each shipment is that the United States is doing a big export business to South America and many Lowell concerns are now directing their attention to that country where there is a big field for American goods. There is a demand for manufactured products in this city which would find a ready market in South America, but many did not realize it until the outbreak of the war when products from Germany could not reach that country.

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KORNILOFF REVOLT TO THWART GERMAN PLANS

PETROGRAD, Sept. 28.—The last army order issued by Gen. Korniloff as commander in chief, reprinted in the Novaya Zhizn from a Mohilev newspaper, tends to show that Korniloff was compelled to launch his revolt largely in an effort to thwart German plans. The order says it had been learned that German agents had brought about the great fire in Kazan, had expended millions of rubles in disorganizing the coal mines in the river Don region and that the Germans were proposing a general offensive along the whole front for the purpose of forcing a disorganized Russian retreat. The Germans also had planned to blow up the bridges across the river Nioper and Volga and were organizing a movement of Maximalists in Petrograd.

Gen. Korniloff, the article adds, had reason to suspect treason among irresponsible Russian organizations in German pay. The general, not doubt, thought that irresponsible influences had the upper hand in Petrograd and that Russia was on the brink of an abyss, took an extreme decision for the purpose of saving the fatherland.

OPEN THE DEMOCRATIC CONGRESS IN RUSSIA

PETROGRAD, Sept. 27.—The democratic congress held its first session this evening in the Municipal theatre, 1200 delegates from all parts of Russia being in attendance. All the members of the provisional government, headed by Premier Kerensky, were present. Several members of the diplomatic corps occupied a special

N. C. Tchcheidze, president of the council of soldiers' and women's delegates, in opening the conference explained that the extremely grave situation of the country necessitated the constitution of a strong revolutionary power responsible to the delegates. Tchcheidze, president of the council of soldiers' delegates, said that the moment had arrived for democracy to gather all its political wisdom to save the conquests of the revolution, which were threatened with irreparable catastrophe if not safeguarded now.

BEFORE COURT FOR PROFESSIONAL ERRORS AND IMPRUDENCE

PARIS, Sept. 28.—The minister of justice, it is announced officially has decided to send Fernand Monier, president of the Paris court of appeals before the court of cassation for "professional errors and imprudence." M. Monier first came before the public prominently at the time of the Caillaux case three years ago.

HEARING ON PETITION OF H. & M. RECEIVER TO PAY INTEREST TO CONN. RIVER R.R.

BOSTON, Sept. 28.—Federal Judge Morton today set Oct. 8 for hearing a petition of James H. Hustis, temporary receiver of the Boston & Maine railroad for authority to pay six months' interest due Aug. 31 on an \$8,000,000 note of the Connecticut River railroad, a leased line. The court previously had authorized the payment of interest due last February. Judge Morton also allowed the receiver \$900 as compensation for his services for June, July and August.

FRETFUL BABIES NEED A LAXATIVE

When your baby is cross and fretful the chances are it is constipated and that a mild laxative is all that is necessary to make it comfortable and happy. Inactive bowels are the cause of as much discomfort to children as to older people, and unless the condition is promptly relieved is very apt to develop serious illness.

For children there is nothing that will act more easily than the combination of simple laxative herbs with pepsin that is sold in drug stores under the name of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. It does not gripe and is free from opiate or narcotic drugs, is pleasant to the taste, and positively effective; children like it and take it readily.

If you have never tried this simple, inexpensive remedy, get a bottle of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin from your druggist and have it in the house to use the next time any of the children seem off sorts. A trial bottle can be obtained, free of charge, by writing to Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 456 Washington St., Monticello, Illinois.

DUTCH EXPLANATION IS ACCEPTED BY U. S.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—The Netherlands minister, Chevalier van Thappard, yesterday presented an explanation, which the state department accepted as satisfactory, of the references in the recently disclosed von Igel papers to sales of ammunition by Germany to Holland.

DEMAND "REDEMPTION OF PHILADELPHIA"

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 28.—Resolutions calling upon all citizens to unite in the "redemption of the city," and demanding the impeachment of the responsible officials shown by the pending investigation of the political trial, which resulted in the killing of a policeman by alleged New York gunmen, to have been neglected or violated, were adopted at a mass meeting here last night.

FIVE INJURED IN AUTO ACCIDENT AT AYER—CAR CRASHED INTO PUMP

AYER, Sept. 28.—Harvey C. Howard of Boston was knocked unconscious and badly cut and bruised and five other men were severely shaken up, bruised and cut last night when an automobile in which they were riding crashed into a pump on the Pittsburgh turnpike, near Camp Devons reservation, to avoid being run down by an army truck. Howard's life was saved by Lieut. George A. MacDonald of the headquarters division of the 8th battalion, depot brigade.

As the force of the crash threw Howard backward out over the folded top of the automobile, Lieut. McDonald grasped his leg and prevented his falling beneath the wheels

See Our
Merrimack
Street
Windows

The Bon Marché

DRY GOODS CO.

See Our
Merrimack
Street
Windows

Fall Opening

TODAY and TOMORROW

WE WISH TO ANNOUNCE OUR READINESS OF OUR IMMENSE SHOWING OF THE LATEST CREATIONS OF DAME FASHION IN GARMENTS AND MILLINERY FOR FALL WEAR.

You are cordially invited to inspect our large stocks of up-to-the-minute wearing apparel for women and misses.

FAIRMOUNTS' DANCE AT ASSOCIATE TONIGHT

5000 HARVARD MEN NOW ACTIVELY ENGAGED IN WAR WORK

CAMBRIDGE, Sept. 28.—Figures compiled by the Harvard Alumni Bulletin show that nearly 5000 Harvard men are now engaged actively in war work. Of these 1800 are in the army and 670 in the navy. Armies of the allies 113 Harvard men are enrolled. The medical service has 520, the Red Cross and other relief services 193 and the ambulance service 361. Others are training in various military organizations or engaged in committee work.

AGREE TO ARBITRATE

PARIS, Sept. 28.—Differences between workers in certain classes of munitions and their employers have been settled, both sides agreeing to the formation of a permanent committee of conciliation, according to an official note issued last night. The statement says that the decision to arbitrate arose from patriotic motives and a full understanding of the essential importance of not allowing any interruption to work. The minister of conditions will adjust the wages of skilled women and men workers, which is to be done without delay.

Interest begins Saturday, October 6th, at the Lowell Five Cent Savings Bank.

WOULD MAKE BOSTON GREAT ARMY DEPOT

BOSTON, Sept. 28.—To make Boston one of the greatest military supply and storage depots in the world, from which equipment for the armies fighting abroad will flow in a steady stream, is a plan of the Massachusetts waterways commission, endorsed by the storage committee of the council of national defense at Washington.

TO MAKE CAMP DEVENS, AYER, "BONE DRY"

AYER, Sept. 28.—Soldiers who bring liquor into Camp Devens for the purpose of selling it, will be turned over to their company or regimental commanders, it was decided today, while the cases of civilians accused of violating the strict federal laws about giving liquor to soldiers will be tried before a special deputy United States commissioner. Several civilians have been arrested on this charge in the recent campaign to make the camp "bone dry" but so far only two soldiers have been included in the charges.

Reports about camp last night that

Commonwealth of Massachusetts—Middlesex, ss. Probate Court.

To the heirs-at-law, and all other persons interested in the estate of Joseph Alarcote, late of Lowell, in said County, deceased, testator:

Whereas a petition has been presented to said Court to grant letters of administration with full annexed, on the estate of said deceased not already administered, to Laura Soucy, of Lowell, in the County of Middlesex, or to some other suitable person.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Cambridge, in said County of Middlesex, on the ninth day of October, A. D. 1917, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in the Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell, the last publication to be on one day, at least, before said Court, and by mailing post-paid, or delivering a copy of this citation to all devisees and legatees named in said will, seven days at least before said Court.

Witness, Charles J. McIntire, Esquire, First Judge of said Court, this twenty-seventh day of September, in the year one thousand nine hundred and seventeen.

F. M. ESTY, Register.

s28-a1-8

Commonwealth of Massachusetts—Middlesex, ss. Probate Court.

To the heirs-at-law, next of kin and all other persons interested in the estate of Joseph Flynn, late of Lowell, in said County, deceased:

Whereas, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said Court for Probate, by Joseph H. Flynn and John O. Flynn, who pray that letters testamentary may be issued to them, the executors therein named, without giving a surety on their official bond.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Cambridge, in said County of Middlesex, on the ninth day of October, A. D. 1917, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in the Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell, the last publication to be on one day, at least, before said Court, and by mailing post-paid, or delivering a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate, seven days at least before said Court.

Witness, Charles J. McIntire, Esquire, First Judge of said Court, this twenty-seventh day of September, in the year one thousand nine hundred and seventeen.

F. M. ESTY, Register.

s28-a5-2

YOUR SHIRT

Thousands of men who wore other shirts first are now wearing

Congress Flannel Shirts—

for REAL satisfaction.

Congress Shirts are purchased by the United States Government

Down to the last detail Congress Flannel Shirts have the solid undeniable quality that renders shirt SERVICE. Decades of experience guide their making; and a new shirt FREE replaces any Congress garment found lacking in fabric or tailoring.

Ask your dealer to show you YOUR Congress Flannel Shirt. He has it in Gray, Blue and Khaki, in several different weights. If by any chance he cannot supply you, write us.

JACOB DREYFUS & SONS

68 Summer Street Boston, Mass.

SHIRT MAKERS SINCE 1863

Congress Working Shirts have attained the same high degree of merit as Congress Flannel Shirts.

CONGRESS MFG CO.
BOSTON

150 Summer Street Boston, Mass.

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BOSTON

150 Summer Street Boston, Mass.

SHIRT MAKERS SINCE 1863

Congress Working Shirts have attained the same high

degree of merit as Congress Flannel

TO REVERSE REICHSTAG PEACE RESOLUTION

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 28.—Charges that certain government authorities are supporting the pan-German and conservative forces in the agitation to reverse the reichstag majority peace resolution and commit Germany to the so-called Hindenburg peace may be made the subject of an interpellation at the present session of the reichstag. Berlin newspapers which arrived tonight after a three day interruption indicate that the interpellation was discussed at meeting of the steering committee of the reichstag on Wednesday.

It was decided to postpone action in order to give Chancellor Michaelis and his aides an opportunity to make certain explanations. This Phillip Scheidemann, the socialist leader explained, would allow the committee to determine the form which the interpellation should take, but it will not head off a big debate on the subject. Georg Ledebour, the radical socialist, made a vain attempt to set the debate for today.

Amend Imperial Constitution

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 28.—The constitution committee of the reichstag, according to a despatch from Berlin, by a vote of 15 to 2, yesterday adopted a proposal to cancel the concluding sentence of article 9 of the imperial constitution which debars members of the federal council from simultaneous membership in the reichstag. The committee adjourned after passing an order of the day which declared: "The reichstag will co-operate in the event of the conclusion of a peace."

Refuse to Vote Increase

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 28.—The centrist and socialist representatives at the meeting Wednesday of the inter-parliamentary caucus of the centrist, national-liberal, radical and socialist parties, manifested a desire to refuse to vote favorably on the salary of Vice Chancellor Helfferich who is unpopular in reichstag circles. The establishment of the chancellorship as a separate ministry, including a vice chancellor necessitates a vote of credit. The radicals and national-liberals opposed consideration of the matter at the caucus and the question was sent to the main committee of the reichstag.

TURKISH GRAND VIZIER SAYS END COMING

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—Turkey's entry into the war was justified by Talaat Bey, the grand vizier, in a long speech closing the congress of the party of union and progress, according to a despatch from Constantinople. He defended the Turkish treatment of the Armenians, but admitted that the deportation could not be carried out by regular forces because the gendarmerie had been drafted into the army and order could not be maintained. Irregularities in connection with the deportations had been investigated, he said, and the guilty parties had been punished severely, some with death.

Referring to the pope's peace note Talaat Bey declared that Turkey adhered to the principle of arbitration. Regarding disarmament, he said:

"We shall oppose no solution which is compatible with our vital interest." He concluded by saying that no one could say when peace would come, but it was obvious that the end was approaching.

CALLS ON SENATE TO EXPEL LA FOLLETTE

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Sept. 28.—Members of the American Bankers' association launched into vehement expressions of approval when Nathan Murray Butler, president of Columbia university, addressing them yesterday on "The Changing World," demanded that congress exercise its constitutional right to expel United

Nervous Wreck- Now Live Wire

Makes Everybody Sit Up and Take Notice

One of our big league ball players had been going back for some time, no matter how hard he tried he could not get his old time Pep and Ginger into the game. It was up hill work all the time. He was one of those honest hard working fellows and it finally got his "goat," his nerves went bad, he commenced to run down, could not eat or sleep and kept steadily slipping. Doctors and medicines were no help.

One of his many admirers said to him, "Why not try Phosphated Iron, everybody is boasting it."

Grasping at the last straw, the poor fellow took try at it. The way he came back was an "eye opener," he was there in every department of the game, his nerves were like iron, he could hit the ball and was no time getting back to the three hundred mark, while his base running and fielding were great.

Discussing the matter with our reporter, he said, "Would you believe it, I could feel the iron charging my blood with health and strength, while the way the Phosphates steadied and renewed my nerve force was almost too good to believe. Phosphated Iron took hold of me right from the start and sure did make a new man of me, and you can bet I carry a good supply on all my trips."

Doctors will tell you that you must have plenty of iron and phosphates in your system if you want pure red blood and steady nerves of iron. Every one who is run down, nervous tired and has that "all in" feeling should try Phosphated Iron and you will never be without it again.

Special Notice.—To insure physicals and patients receiving the genuine Phosphated Iron, we have put up in capsules only do not allow dealers to substitute pills or tablets, insist on the genuine in capsules only.

Fred Howard, the Druggist, Lowell Pharmacy and leading druggists everywhere.

WHY HAIR FALLS OUT

Dandruff causes a feverish irritation of the scalp, the hair roots shrink loose and then the hair comes out fast. To stop falling hair at once and rid the scalp of every particle of dandruff, get a 25-cent bottle of Danderoff at any drug store, pour a little in your hand and rub well into the scalp. After a few applications all dandruff disappears and the hair stops coming out.

BREAK A CHILD'S COLD BY GIVING SYRUP OF FIGS

Cleanses the Little Liver and Bowels
and They Get Well
Quick

When your child suffers from a cold don't wait; give the little stomach, liver and bowels a gentle, thorough cleansing at once. When cross, peevish, listless, pale, doesn't sleep, eat or act naturally; if breath is bad, stomach sour, give a tea-spoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the clogged-up, constipated waste, sour bile and undigested food will gently move out of the bowels, and you have a well, playful child again.

If your child coughs, snuffles and has caught cold or is feverish or has a sore throat give a good dose of "California Syrup of Figs" to evacuate the bowels no difference what other treatment is given.

Sick children needn't be coaxed to take this harmless "fruit laxative." Millions of mothers keep it handy because they know its action on the stomach, liver and bowels is prompt and sure. They also know a little given today saves a sick child tomorrow.

Ask your druggist for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which contains directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly on the bottle. Beware of counterfeits sold here. Get the genuine, made by "California Fig Syrup Company."

States Senator La Follette.

"We are fighting across the sea and we are fighting evil-minded suspicion, cowardice and treason which have raised their heads at home," Dr. Butler said. "Our soldiers can fight the soldiers of the enemy; you and I have got to fight sedition and treason here." "Save the American people lost their capacity for corporate indignation," he asked.

"There is a provision in the constitution providing that congress may expel a member by a two-thirds vote. What are they thinking of to sit there and permit themselves to be contaminated by Senator Robert M. La Follette?"

Bankers Cry Approval.

Cries of approval came from every side as Dr. Butler proceeded:

"Gentlemen, you might just as well put poison into the food of every boy that goes to this school as to permit this man to make war upon the nation in the halls of congress."

"I am a native son of New Jersey, which has two patriotic sons in the senate. I call upon them to take the lead."

"I am a citizen of New York. New York has two patriotic sons in the senate. I call upon them to take up the challenge. No single act would go so far to shorten the war."

"A hundred million Americans are being expended and thousands of lives are being lost because we sit by indignant and supine," Dr. Butler declared.

Speaking of peace, Dr. Butler said:

"Any human being who asks for peace on any other terms than unconditional surrender is asking an armistice and all growers want peace, which comes only with the supreme confidence the Germans have in their instrument of armor and their world-dominating aims are brought to defeat. That is the only road to peace."

Lord Northcliffe Issues Warning

The bankers and, through them the American financial world, were warned against "the dream of a speedy peace" by Lord Northcliffe, head of the British war mission. America and the entente, "in the same boat," should pull together, he said, with Secretary of the Treasury McCauley, "acting as stroke."

"I believe America will even surpass her own magnificent record," Lord Northcliffe declared. "It is not my business to criticise, or even to advise, merely to let it be known that in our country, which is an innocent, valiant and unsleeping enemy, is sure to attack, and I want you, the massed battalions of iron, to bring up your reserves and simply smother him with all arms, big guns and small, subscriptions of a million dollars and subscriptions of a hundred dollars."

The food situation in Germany and Austria is "terrible," says Lord Northcliffe, warning, at the same time, Germany lives in a circle and can go on for a long time spending her own money among her own people."

Advises General Thrift

America's loans to Great Britain, the association do not cross the Atlantic, but "to swell the wages in Liverpool, Bethlehem and a hundred other centers of industry where the wages are the highest on record," and will return to swell the country's finances in the form of workers' subscriptions to the liberty loan.

The length of the war is associated intimately with the question of thrift, he said, and in connection he predicted that while newspapers are essential to the conduct of the war, as the conflict progresses the publishers will find raw material and power and labor diminishing and the size of American newspapers may be reduced.

Conservation of raw material, transport, power and labor as relating to newspapers may apply also to other industries, Lord Northcliffe said, and is "one way of shortening the war."

Other speakers were Benjamin R. Strong, Jr., governor of the New York Federal Reserve bank, who expressed his confidence in the country's ability to "pay all the taxes required to maintain its credit and support all the borrowings needed for the period of the war without crippling its vital industries." Fred N. Farmarworth, secretary of the association, who lamented the fact that the secretary of war had ruled against any banking facilities in the army camps, and George M. Reynolds of Chicago, who said he felt certain the bankers will meet every obligation and service put upon them by the government.

His Condition Serious

Capt. Bernard J. Dunn of Worcester Co., No. 8 of the fire department, who fell from the roof of a building on the Northern Woods Co. Saturday night and suffered a concussion of the brain and internal injuries, is in a serious condition at St. John's hospital. He passed a very bad night and his condition today showed no signs of improvement.

Fred Howard, the Druggist, Lowell Pharmacy and leading druggists everywhere.

TALBOT'S WONDERFUL STORE

The Reason It Became Necessary and Why We Have Made the Alterations

We hear nothing but complimentary remarks as our store nears its completion—One kind friend said "it was as if one was dropped by an airship into the centre of Broadway, New York." We felt we should tell you why we give the people of Lowell such a good store.

Way back in 1881, the writer opened a store in this location, about one-third the size of the present one—it was soon enlarged and kept enlarging until we took in the two other stores and the stable in the rear of the American House.

Fifteen years ago, how the time does skip, we took in the second story of the American House making our windows twenty-two feet high and built the entire rear part almost back to the firehouse and at that time we thought we had some store—it was too, but things keep moving and we feel the best none too good for Lowell—

Great success followed our efforts and today we stand at the head of the clothing trade of the city. Not only have we improved the store, but we added young blood and made this the store of progress, the store of new things, the store of better things—

We told you sometime ago how we went thro' the West in search of new ideas. How after looking through a great many propositions we got together with a couple of young store architects and made a set of plans of a better front than any we had seen. The reason this could be done was that with 84 feet frontage and the great height, (22 feet), the possibilities were better, and we feel we have taken every advantage of them—



We hope soon to invite you to our Grand Opening—Today we ask you to drop in and see what we are doing—Also would say our Fall Stock is complete.

That's another big reason our business grows each year—our salesmen are instructed to tell you just what you are buying. Then we go farther and guarantee satisfaction in service and wear—if anything goes wrong, we stand behind it and are ready to make good—There's no risk in trading here and that will mean a lot to you during the war times—We're fortunate too, in having Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes—they are acknowledged to be the best clothes made.

In conclusion—we wish to thank you who have made our great advance possible and we promise to live up to all your expectations in the future—

Come in and see us, we shall be delighted to show you our store.

Fall Stocks
Are
Now Ready

Talbot Clothing Co.

AMERICAN HOUSE
BLOCK
CENTRAL AND
WARREN STS.

FLEE TO ESCAPE HURRICANE

Residents of New Orleans Heed Weather Bureau's Warning

Tropical Hurricane Passing Inland Central 75 Miles South of City

NEW ORLEANS, La., Sept. 28.—The tropical hurricane passing inland from the Gulf of Mexico was central early today about 75 miles south of New Orleans and moving in a northerly direction. Reports from Pilot Town, near the mouth of the Mississippi river said the wind's velocity there was more than 75 miles an hour at 5:30 a. m. and the barometer had fallen to 28.18.

Weather bureau officials were inclined to the opinion that the full force probably would pass a little east or west of New Orleans.

The barometer in New Orleans at 7 a. m. registered 29.68 where it had been almost stationary for nearly four hours.

"New Orleans has not yet received the worst of the storm," weather bureau officials said. "It is intensely probable will encounter here up to noon."

The centre of the storm apparently passed inland from the gulf near Pilot Town, the hurricane winds being accompanied by rain. Pilot Town is approximately 30 miles south of New Orleans and had a population of about 100.

It is the judgment of the pilots who guide the vessels over the bar at the mouth of the river. Since 1:30 a. m. a gale of more than 75 miles an hour had been blowing there. No reports had been received here early today as to

OPEN MONDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS

"A Dollar or two a week will do" to clothe the family at

GATELY'S

We're Ready

NOW to demonstrate the extraordinary underselling ability of the Gately organizations, its superior buying power and wonderful assortments.

These are days when it pays to make comparisons. If you will do so you'll find real economy at Gately's.



Newest Model Gabardine SUITS
Guaranteed satin lined—all the new colors of the season. Smart stitching and button trimming. Special \$22.50

Smart Poplin and Gabardine SUITS
Full silk lined. New belted back, lapel and collar effects. Full flare coat with patch pockets \$30.00

Wool Velour COATS
Stylish silk plush broad deep collar and cuffs.

Smart buckle and belt effect. Elegantly tailored. Extra special. \$25.00

Navy, Copen or Black Messaline DRESS
Georgette sleeves and collar, embroidered high belt effect. Extra special. \$16.50

It pays to take a few steps out of the high rent district to buy ON EASY TERMS at

GATELY'S

209-211 Middlesex

ALSO—

HAYFIELD BROCKTON

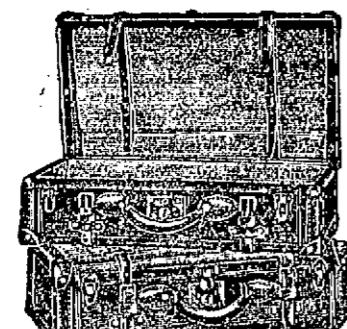
16 Water St. 274 Main St.

LYNN SALEM

52 Andrews St. 145 Essex St.

BOSTON LAWRENCE

870 Washington 24 Hampshire



GENUINE COW HIDE
PROFESSIONAL
AND STUDENTS'

BAGS

AT CUT PRICES

\$3.50 Value, at \$2.49, \$2.75
One Lot, Value \$3.00, at \$1.98
High Grade Leather Bags \$5.00 to \$10.00

1000 to Choose From, At

Devine's Trunk and Leather Store

156 Merrimack St.

Tel. 1260

260 Essex Street, Lawrence.

damage done by the storm or any casualties at Pilot Town and telephone communication was still intact.

Heeding the weather bureau's warning of the probable approach of the storm, hundred of New Orleans residents deserted their homes in the outskirts and spent last night in hotels, public and office buildings down town. More than 300 sought refuge in the postoffice building, the customs house and the new court house.

A despatch from Gulfport, Miss., stated that the barometer there at 7 a. m. registered 29.66. An east wind was blowing about 40 miles an hour and there were squalls of rain. The tide there was reported two and a half feet above normal.

Telephone communication with Pilot Town became interrupted for several hours and reports from there were received by wireless.

As precautionary measure, Dr. J. M. Cline, district forecaster, advised all schools in Middlesex, Haverhill and other small towns near here to keep their schools closed today. The New Orleans school board issued orders to the same effect.

SHOWER FOR MISS PYNE

Mrs. Mary Pyne, of Central street, who is soon to become the bride of Mr. William J. Hill, of Andover, was given a shower recently by a number of her friends at the home of Mrs. C. Keefe in Bassett street. After the presentation of the various gifts by Miss Etta Roun, a musical program was carried out and this included solos by Miss Welch, Miss Lucy Sharkey, Miss J. Riley, Miss Anna Ladd, Miss Mary Pyne, who was singing a solo by Miss Marion McDonald and a comic sketch by Miss Mary Smith. Miss Pyne was the accompanist of the evening. The party broke up at a reasonable hour and everybody wished the prospective bride every happiness in her future life.

BIG RECEPTION

Continued

visitors who were escorted to the Richardson hotel by a local committee, headed by W. A. Mitchell and Otto Blochmeyer.

The band admired Kitties favored with a little band concert before entering the hotel and the crowd that blocked Middlesex street was so great that street cars were stalled for several minutes. It was a brass band and there was some disappointment because many were of the belief that the Kitties would bring along a piano band and that the clapping hand band was the only clapping hand band that collected pieces as "Cook of the North," and "March of the MacLeans," etc., and etc., but there was nothing of that kind on the bill of fare. It was a good band, however, and the concert was all too short for the many admirers of the Kitties. It was one of the bands that has taken the conservative side of Boston by storm and has so marvelously stimulated recruiting there.

After the trench veterans entered the hotel the people saw no more of them until 7 o'clock in the evening. Meanwhile, however, interesting things were going on within the Richardson. Mayor O'Donnell and the reception committee were present during the supper and the visitors moved in response to the talk that intermittently caused laughter and response.

They told of the trenches, of Germans, of guns, of battles and wounds and home. Then they told of the need and desires of the men "over there." There was hardly a man in the group who could not have told the tale of suffering and glory if there had been time. Veterans of the Seminary, of Vimy Ridge, of Ypres, and the other places which have been immortalized within the past three years, spoke of their experiences—at times nonchalantly, and then with the utmost seriousness.

Among the officers who came up with the men on the train were Capt. J. L. T. Shuman, who had been wounded several times in the Somme battle; Capt. C. M. Riddle, who had also been through that battle; Lieut. P. F. Michie, Lieut. W. M. Kennedy, Lieut. H. Russell-Murray, Capt. W. C. McBeth, medical officer; Capt. Paul Skidmore, a member of the first Canadian overseas contingent; Sergt. Maj. Bramhall, a member of the Princess Pats and veteran of Ypres; Sergt. Holmes of the 14th Canadian battalion, and others.

Kitties in Parade

Shortly after 7 o'clock the Kitties, headed by their band drew up in Middlesex street in front of the Richardson hotel and were met by the three local companies of the State Guard commanded by Mal. W. T. Jefferis, the band started down Middlesex street and followed by the local companies and the Kitties marched through Middlesex, Central, Merrimack, Moody and Cabot streets and then back to the Westford street armory. The streets were crowded every inch of the way. Traffic was held up in the square while the marchers passed. The retreating music of the band, the unexpected military bearing of the State Guard and the picturesque Kitties themselves presented a notable and not easily forgotten picture to Lowell people.

Riding behind the marchers were Mayor O'Donnell and members of the reception committee.

At 7.59 the band made its way into the Westford street armory, marched through the hall and then down to the front of the platform for the speakers. Here they turned about and took their positions in the balcony of the building. The next to arrive were the members of the State Guard commanded by Mal. Jefferis. They were preceded by the national guard and the band and a cheer went up. The men stood at attention until the Kitties and their officers came and were re-

cited to the front seats in the reserved section. Then the mayor, the reception committee and the speakers took their positions on the platform.

After the soldiers had taken their positions the crowd surged in from the street and packed the already well filled building. One aisle of seats had been given to the early comers and the rest were reserved for the soldiers. The armory had been tastefully and appropriately decorated for the occasion. Along either wall of the sides of the building hung Old Glories and Massachusetts state seals were displayed. Forming a background for the speakers' platform were the flags of the three allies—France, England and the United States. Standing in the rear of the platform were a number of Boy Scouts carrying posters of the recruiting party.

Major Open Meeting

Major O'Donnell opened activities shortly after 8.15. He spoke of the purpose of the meeting and said that he was sure that Lowell's reputation for hospitality would be upheld by the reception which the honored visitors were receiving. He said that the men who had come to Lowell had come with a mission and promised that the men themselves would be able to explain in full detail what that mission was. Col. George H. Williams, the headquartermaster of the State Guard, was the first speaker. He opened in a humorously modest way by saying that geographical knowledge had always been necessary for the United States to look up to Canada. At present Canada wants this country to look up to her in other ways. He said that 400 years ago Canada discovered Canada and thought that he had also discovered a northward passage. Less than four years ago Kaiser "Bill" discovered Canada, but no passage. Instead he found an insurmountable barrier.

The speaker then got down to actual figures. He said that to date there had been 100,000 Canadian casualties and that if the losses gained will in turn become losses.

In conclusion he said that no British or Canadian subject in this country who had any red blood could sit by idly while American young men were being drafted to fight what is part of their fight. In conclusion he asked for volunteers and nine men responded to his call. They cheered loudly.

Then the band played hymns of the different allies and as each was played the soldiers stood at attention. It was a pretty sight.

Lieut. Chevalier was the next speaker. Slightly built but full of earnestness and appeal he also told of what Canada wanted. He said that it was the desire of the recruiting force to get a division from Lowell. Two men answered his appeal.

He then introduced the real novelty of the evening.

"How many of you women out there in the audience," he asked, "would be willing to go to the front if we needed you?"

"Half a hundred hands went up."

"How many of you who have put your hands up will step forward and shake hands with me?"

Embry Amazon Respond

In response, 15 young women came forward, shook his hand and mounted the platform. The cheering and cheering continued for fully five minutes.

Sergt.-Maj. McBeth was the next speaker. He comes from the 14th Montreal battalion. He said that he had two rights to address a Lowell audience. In the first place, when he was a boy he often heard mothers talk about Lowell to Canada. In the second place, he had five German bullet wounds and a bayonet wound on his body. For these two reasons he asked that Lowell men aid the cause. In the course of his talk he dramatically recited the speech "over the top" in exceedingly vivid language in the sensations which a soldier feels when he is about to make the dash "over the top."

Lieut. Paul Skidmore was the first overseas contingent attempting to go to the front.

Sergt.-Maj. McBeth was the next speaker. He comes from the 14th Montreal battalion. He said that he had two rights to address a Lowell audience. In the first place, when he was a boy he often heard mothers talk about Lowell to Canada. In the second place, he had five German bullet wounds and a bayonet wound on his body. For these two reasons he asked that Lowell men aid the cause. In the course of his talk he dramatically recited the speech "over the top."

Lieut. Paul Skidmore was the first overseas contingent attempting to go to the front.

He said that he wished to emphasize the fact that he was not calling upon men to fight England's battle, nor Canada's, nor that of the United States, but rather that of humanity.

Then the band, under the direction of Bandmaster C. C. Antony, himself a veteran of other wars, played "Tipperary" and other appropriate selections and the Kitties joined in.

Brig.-Gen. White, who had been in Lawrence in the early evening, came into the hall at this time and was immediately introduced by Mayor O'Donnell. He spoke much by the same line as the previous speakers and in the course of his talk mentioned the Canadians who have played in the war.

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COL. F. B. M'Coy DIED SUDDENLY

BOSTON, Sept. 28.—Col. Frank Bourne McCoy, chief of the army recruiting station at 2 Tremont row, died in the Haymarket square Relief station yesterday afternoon, after having collapsed unconscious in the Scollay-square station of the subway as he was returning to his desk from lunch at his home, 7 Boston street, Brookline.

Death was due to a recurrence of heart trouble with which he was stricken in the lobby of the Hotel Copley Plaza the night of the dinner to the Japanese mission, Sept. 19.

Dr. J. H. Stevens, the hotel physician who attended him then, urged him to go alone, but he was loath to follow the advice, absolutely returned to his desk on the following Tuesday, Sept. 25.

Thomas J. Purlow, the station master of the Elevated, saw Col. McCoy's trouble at 1:55 p. m. and helped him to a bench, where he immediately lost consciousness.

Patrolman Nickerson of the City Hall square police station, who conveyed the colonel to the Relief station, said he did not regain consciousness till nearly there. He died at 2:35 p. m.

Col. McCoy literally "died in harness," after having achieved for Massachusetts and particularly Boston, a proud record of rising after a poor start in army enlistments when the war became a fact in April, until this commonwealth led every state in the Union in proportion to its size.

He was detailed to the army recruiting station at 3 Tremont row from the retirement of private life, succeeding Capt. Constant Conner Sept. 17, 1916.

From then less than five acceptances for enlistment a day through Col. McCoy's never-ceasing efforts the figures of the station gradually rose until in the month of June in the excitement attendant on the registration for the selective draft, on one or two occasions they hovered in the vicinity of the 200 mark.

He was born in Augusta, Ga., Oct. 29, 1861, and was appointed to West Point from that state, becoming a second lieutenant in the 24th Infantry Nov. 26, 1880.

Maternally he was descended from the Martin family which gave so many soldiers to the patriot army, the father of Francis Marion, hence Col. McCoy was eligible to membership with the Society of the Cincinnati, but the only hereditary society he joined was the Massachusetts Society of the Sons of the American Revolution.

He was transferred to the 3d Infantry Feb. 20, 1883, and assigned to Fort Sherman, under Lieut.-Col. John R. Brooke. He became a first lieutenant Feb. 1, 1887. He became a captain of the second infantry April 26, 1898, and was transferred back to the 3d Infantry Nov. 15, 1898.

He received at time of the Spanish war an honorary appointment in the Infantry company of the Minnesota Infantry (militia) until November, 1898, when he was transferred to the 3d.

After transfer to the 17th Infantry he was made a major Aug. 8, 1903, and a lieutenant colonel of the 24th Infantry March 3, 1911, rising to be colonel April 28, 1913. He retired by operation of law on his 64th birthday, Oct. 29, 1916.

From 1894 to 1907 he was in command of the post at the Island of Jolo in the Philippines.

TERrible PICTURE OF GERMAN ATROCITIES

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—Rev. Dr. Newell Dwight Hillis, in the pulpit of Plymouth church, Brooklyn, drew so terrible a picture of German "efficiency" in France and Belgium that the throng in the church was moved to gasps of horror.

"Why do the German people say they feel so terribly because the authors of the world call them 'Hun' and 'barbarian,' he exclaimed. "What makes them 'Hun'?" asked the kaiser! Who christened them 'barbarians'? Their kaiser! Who likened the German soldiers to bloodhounds held upon the leash of the kaiser's thong, as they strained with bloody jaws to tear their French and Belgian prey? The kaiser, this ruler, who lifts a mailed arm and withered arm, and with bloody fingers, says:

"I baptize thee Hun and barbarian! Let the kaiser's words stand! For a thousand years no man shall speak the word 'Hun' without shuddering. The Kaiser spent July and August on the Sophie's battlefield and this was the first of six scowls on what he saw and heard and thought in the blood-soaked fields. Its title was 'The German Atrocities and Crimes of the Logical and Inevitable Results of the German Philosophy of Militarism.' The next was 'Babyton the Great is Fallen.'

The Good Old German God!

"Here upon the pulpit," began Dr. Hillis slowly, "rests a reproduction of an iron coin given as a token to each German soldier. At the top is a German portrait of the deity and underneath are these words, 'The Good Old German God.' To encourage the German soldier to carry this and thereby gain salvation and perchance the deity holds a weapon in his right hand and to dull his conscience and to steel his heart to murder, the token holds these words: 'Smite your enemy dead. The day of judgment will not ask you for your reasons.'

"To this native characteristic Goethe was referring when he said, 'The Prussian is naturally cruel; civilization will intensify that cruelty and make him a savage.' For three years, German-Americans have protested that the stories of German atrocities were to be disbelieved as English inventions, Belgians and French hypocrites. At that day is gone forever. When the representatives of the nations assemble for the final settlement, there will be laid before the Germans photographs with other legal proof that makes the German atrocities far better established than the scalpings of the Sioux Indians on the western frontier, the murders of the Black Indians and the crimes of the Spanish Inquisition."

"For the first time in history Germans have reduced savagery to a science; therefore, the great war for peace must go on until the German cancer is cut clean out of the body."

Atrocities Organized by 'Efficiency'

"The cold catalogue of German atrocities makes the most sickening pages in history. These atrocities were not committed in a mood of drunkenness, nor in an hour of anger, but were organized by a so-called German 'efficiency.' It is not simply that they

were organized when he said, 'The Prussian is naturally cruel; civilization will intensify that cruelty and make him a savage.'

"The originator of the world war was the kaiser. Treitschke was its historian. Nietzsche was its philosopher, von Bissing and von Hindenburg its executors."

Munsterberg as "Man Higher Up"

Dr. Hillis had in the pulpit the record of a 'thousand atrocities,' including hundreds of photographs of the bodies of aged priests, dead French and Belgians girls, with breasts cut off. 'The girl's life weighs nothing against a German soldier's lust or the possibility of the brute's handing his contamination to the next soldier,' he said. 'Herr is German efficiency for you!'

Dr. Hillis, in conclusion, asserted the German-Americans here could stop the war quickest of all by sending a committee abroad to view the atrocities for themselves. He quoted a German lawyer of international reputation as saying that Munsterberg of Harvard, now dead, was the 'man higher up' in the German secret service here, and spoke significantly of such 'in New York and Brooklyn' whose mail and despatches for Germany had been penetrated by the English government and found to be traitorous.

I'm helping to save white bread by eating more Post Toasties

WHAT ARE YOU DOING?

Bobby

FOLLOW THE CROWD

Mitchell Does the Biggest Business in the History of His Lowell Store



In a stupendous rush of old customers who know I always gave them the goods at low prices, at the same time I demonstrate to an unbelievable rush of new customers that I never carried better goods in the days when goods were known to be lower in price. That I am still standing pat on my old prices, when all around me boldly announce they are compelled to raise prices.

The most wonderful display of classic woolens in Lowell. Hundreds of bolts piled up to the store ceiling, of the most varied assortment of costly, exclusive styles.

The man who always pays \$40.00 to \$50.00 for his suitings or overcoatings will see in my store today, goods that he will admit his \$40.00 tailor is short of today.

Doctors, lawyers, mill men and store men—all crowd elbows in my store these days, for styles they can't seem to get in old quarters during this woolen pinch, while prosperous merchants walk into my store and say to my boys: "Measure me for one of those 16 oz. heavy weight blue serge worsteds at the old price."

COME IN—GET ABOARD THIS MIGHTY RUSH. ENGLISH WEAVE OVERCOATINGS AND SUITINGS TOMORROW

SPECIAL

Owing to the nation-wide demand for more recreation and shorter working hours for store clerks, I have decided to close every Thursday afternoon the balance of this year, 1917. My clerks have not demanded this—not even asked for it. I gave it to them voluntarily. (Signed) MITCHELL.

\$15.00

COME IN—GET ABOARD THIS MIGHTY RUSH. ENGLISH WEAVE OVERCOATINGS AND SUITINGS TOMORROW

I'LL SHOW YOU GOODS THAT RIVAL FIFTH

AVE. IN ITS PRIME. I'LL SHOW YOU PRICES

THAT EQUAL MY BALMY BARGAIN DAYS. I'LL SHOW YOU BUSINESS THAT PROVES MITCHELL

MUST BE THERE TO GET SUCH CROWDS

MITCHELL, the Tailor 31 Merrimack Street, Lowell

Open Evenings Till 9.

RAILROADS' FALL AND WINTER SCHEDULES

The fall and winter schedules on the Boston & Maine and New Haven roads go into effect Sunday, the public service commission having approved the schedules yesterday. The

if the railroads file petitions. The commission has issued the following statement:

"If either the Boston & Maine or the New Haven road petitions for the right to run Sunday excursions or to give reduced rates to Ayer on that

which took place last evening. Supper was served, the association songs were sung and an interesting address was delivered by Miss Frances E. McNair, general secretary. A membership cam-

page was organized and the group of workers was divided into two sections headed by Mrs. D. L. Page and Mrs. W. E. Hatch. The prizes offered the

sent to camp had failed to report that they had families dependent on them.

NOT THAT NELSON

Gustave A. Nelson, who was arrested for evading the draft at New York, was not the Gustave A. Nelson, formerly of the B. & M. and T. Martin Bros., of Lowell.

LOWELL PASTOR CALLED

Rev. Edward H. Newcomb, who recently resigned as pastor of the First Congregational church, has received a call to the First Congregational church of Keene, N. H. The reverend gentleman has reserved his decision on the date of his departure. The members of the Lowell church have taken action on his resignation.

Open an account in The Lowell Five Cent Savings Bank. Interest starts Saturday, October 6th.

Getting Full Value

Means eliminating all needless expense, especially the Middleman. This we do and that is why we can offer you these unrivaled values in sturdy, strong, stylish shoes for the growing girl and boy.

Children's Shoes	97c	to	\$2.35
Misses' Shoes	\$1.47	to	\$3.47
Boys' Shoes	\$1.47	to	\$3.97
Youths' Shoes	\$1.27	to	\$3.47

THEY'RE DIRECT FROM THE FACTORY TO YOU AT FACTORY PRICES.

NATIONAL STORES SYSTEM

118 CENTRAL STREET. A. D. ADAMS, MGR.

Other stores in Boston, Quincy, Gloucester, Clinton and Beverly.

Armour's STAR THE HAM HAMATAM

STAR
THE HAM
HAMATAM

The Domestic Science Teacher Says:

"Yes, I believe always in 'package protection'. This Star Ham—Armour's first choice of hams—is smoked and delivered in the Stockin Covering, which is the best package protection ever devised for ham—and worthy of guarding Star Ham quality."

Buy a whole Star Ham.

W. A. KIERSTEAD, NEW YORK

Tel. 1202-1203

1000

Armour's

QUALITY

PRODUCTS

6 AGREE ON WAR TAX OF \$2,700,000,000

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—The war tax bill, increased to raise about \$3,700,000,000 federal revenue in addition to \$1,233,000,000 secured under existing law, was completed late yesterday by the senate and house conferees.

After two weeks' deliberation, the conferees reached agreement on the bill—the largest in American history—and sent the revised draft to the printer.

While the action was officially said

to be tentative, virtually only formal approval of the new draft remains to be voted.

Presentation of the conference report to the house late tomorrow is planned.

It will be considered first by the house and the enactment of the bill into law next week is thought to be assured.

Retain Senate Tax on Profits

Taxes of between \$250,000,000 and

\$300,000,000 over the senate bill, which totalled \$2,413,000,000 were added by the conferees. As passed by the house the total was \$1,858,000,000.

Senate levies of \$1,060,000,000 on war excess profits and \$842,200,000 on incomes were substantially unchanged.

The conference increases being divided among many items with a few new taxes added, and many eliminated.

House provisions restored.

The system of levying war excess profit taxes, however, was virtually re-written in a compromise between the senate war profits and house excess war profits system. A minimum exemption of 7 per cent. on invested corporate capital is said to be provided with modified allowances for intangible assets.

The only change in the senate income tax section was to rearrange and harmonize a few graduated surtaxes on incomes over \$50,000, without substantial change in revenue returns or individual taxation. Normal taxes on individuals and corporations and the lowered individual exemptions as revised in the senate were approved.

Three-Cent Postage Restored

Liquor and tobacco sections of the senate draft also were virtually unchanged, although a slight decrease in revenues from whisky and manufactured tobacco probably will result.

Of the \$250,000,000 to \$300,000,000 additional agreed to by the conferees, about one-third was placed upon postage. The house one-cent letter tax, making the rate on first-class mail three cents instead of two, estimated to raise \$20,000,000, which was stricken out by the senate, was restored by the conferees, and their agreement for a graduated zone increase on second-class mail rates is estimated to raise some millions more.

Another large increment ordered was in passenger transportation and sleeping and easier accommodations taxes. Amusement admissions also bear a considerable increase, with some exemptions of outdoor parks and their attractions rejected.

The senate provision exempting from taxation motion picture theatres charging 25 cents or less was changed and provision made for exempting only much cheaper theatres. The exact exemptions have not been disclosed.

Stamp Tax on Checks Retained

Revenues from automobiles, patent medicines, perfumes and cosmetics and other manufactures also would be increased by the conferees' agreement. The one-cent stamp tax on bank checks, eliminated in the senate and estimated to raise \$10,000,000, is reported to have been restored to the bill.

Among important house provisions abandoned were the retroactive tax on 1916 incomes estimated to raise \$105,000,000; for a general 10 per cent. tariff levy, estimated to raise \$200,000,000 and consumption taxes on gas, electric and local telephone service, estimated to bring in \$30,000,000.

Another important act, understood to have been taken, was restoration of the specific tax of 15 per cent. on munition manufacturers, estimated to raise \$29,000,000. The senate provision for its repeal was stricken out.

Official announcement of the principal features of the conferees' work probably will be made tomorrow by Senator Summons and Representative Kitchin.

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TO TAKE OVER ALL SHIPS OCT. 15

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—Every American merchant vessel of more than 2500 tons deadweight capacity available for ocean service will be requisitioned by the government Oct. 15, the shipping board announced yesterday, in a statement giving the charter rates at which the vessels will be taken over.

American ships available for ocean trade total slightly more than 2,000,000 tons, but most of them already have been taken over for the army and navy.

In most instances, except where required for actual government service, the ships, it was said, will be turned back to their owners for operation on Government account, subject at all times to any disposition the shipping board may direct.

The rates announced will cut sharply the present charter and ocean freight rates charged by American vessels for carrying government supplies. It is understood, to apply the rates to any foreign ships chartered in the United States. The chartering will be in the hands of the shipping board's chartering commission, which Welding Ring of New York has just been named to head.

Charter Rates Announced

For freight vessels the rates a ton a month figured on time charter on a basis of deadweight tonnage are as follows:

More than 10,000 tons, \$5.75; 8000 to 10,000 tons, \$6.60; 6000 to 8000 tons, \$.025; 4000 to 6000 tons, \$6.50; 3000 to 4000 tons, \$.02; 2500 to 3000 tons, \$.015.

Vessels of a speed in excess of 11 knots will be allowed so cents a ton additional for each knot or fraction more than 11.

For passenger vessels the board adopted a two-fold basis of classification—Class A, comprising steamers with a capacity more than 150 passengers and Class B, with a capacity of from 150 to 150 passengers. Steamers in both ratings are further classified according to speed. Passenger steamer rates, based on time charters, and figured gross register, are as follows:

Class A—10 to 11 knots, \$2 a ton; 12 knots, \$3.50; 13 knots, \$3; 14 knots, \$3.50; 15 knots, \$10; more than 15 knots, \$1.50.

Class B—10 to 11 knots, \$8 a ton; 12 knots, \$5.50; 13 knots, \$5; 14 knots, \$5.50; 15 knots, \$10; more than 15 knots, \$1.50.

All Rates Tentative

Some of the vessels to be requisitioned will be used exclusively for army and navy service, will be taken over on a bare ship basis. These vessels will be manned and operated by the army and navy instead of by the owners and the rates fixed for their use are \$4.15 for cargo boats and \$7.75 a ton

gross for passenger steamers of 11-knot speed, with an additional allowance of 50 cents a ton for each knot in excess of 11 up to 16 knots.

All the rates are tentative. The board, it was announced, will examine carefully the results of operation under the rates and will determine on any revisions that appear to be necessary for fair and equitable treatment for the vessels' owners. Revisions will be made,

if found necessary, at intervals of not more than 90 days.

Government to Assume War Risk

The government will assume the war risk on the ships requisitioned, and in some instances the marine risk as well.

Where the marine risk is assumed the usual rate for this insurance will be deducted from the charter price.

Within less than six months virtually every one of the 150 American vessels now available for ocean service, including racing lines, will be engaged in the service of supplying American troops and marching abroad or in trades considered vital to the conduct of the war.

The intention of the government is to replace ships drawn from regular trade routes and from the coastwise service with neutral tonnage, for which negotiations are pending with neutral governments.

Foreign ships will be admitted into the coastwise service by suspension of the coastwise shipping laws. A bill to make this suspension possible is before congress.

DO-TREE PRUNING IN OCTOBER ADVISES AMERICAN FORESTRY ASSOCIATION

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 28.—October is the month to prune the trees, advises the American Forestry Association, 210 Maryland building, in a bulletin issued today. In this report, the association, which publishes the American Forestry Magazine, offers the following timely suggestions for the caring of trees next month:

"Prune all dead branches. The advantage of doing this work now before the leaves fall is because one can distinguish the dead from the live better then than in winter, when the tree is covered with ice and snow; because the

branches are not so brittle and also because the trees will now suffer much less from bleeding, etc."

"Take care of all wounds. Use coal tar and creosote to cover all exposed wood and be sure to remove all decayed and diseased wood in the treatment of the wounds. Be sure to destroy nests of the fall web-worm."

"Fertilize with well-rotted manure,"

etc.

"Thin apple trees and other fruit trees if necessary. Pick off gall

and scale insects, but before doing this determine the character of the insect

and receive specific instructions as to

the strength of the solution and what

materials to use, as well as the best

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WAR PROBLEM OF TEACHERS PROTEST NO HEAT IN SCHOOLS

Special to the Sun

STATE HOUSE, Boston, Sept. 28.—In one of the most comprehensive reports which have been written by any state official so far this year, issued today by Frank L. Hardison, insurance commissioner, the interesting and complex question of the war problem of insurance is explained and suggestions to remedy it are made.

Just now life insurance companies, operating in Lowell are struggling with a problem akin to that which the companies transacting a workingmen's compensation business have had in hand the past few years, and which every new form of insurance has to encounter, namely, what is the proper rate to charge for the insurance. But this problem is still more vital because it touches on the patriotic side. The risk taken by an insurance company is greater when a man goes to war, yet that man must be considered because he is doing a national service by going to war to protect the country and questions whether he should be charged additional insurance rates because he enlists to be a patriot, rather than a slacker.

For the life companies, the problem, of course, is the outgrowth of the war, Mr. Hardison points out, and specifically the problem is, what additional charge should be made to the policy holders who enter the service after enlisting in the military? The patriotic disposition of oil the companies is to make no extra charge if it can be done without endangering their safety and soundness and the interests of their policy holders. But the managers know, the commissioners state, that it would be very imprudent as a financial proposition to grant any such privilege.

"It has been the idea of some," the commissioner reports, "that the additional cost of insurance for those going into the army or navy not of their own volition—but by the order of their superiors or by the others not in the service who carry insurance in the companies which have issued policies to military men, as would be in the case if this extra cost were taken from surplus which otherwise would be available for dependents. On the contrary, they hold that it should be borne by the public as a part of the war burden. And this is right. The service is for all, not merely those carrying life insurance, nor for the soldiers' dependents. This would mean that the government or its division thereof, would pay at least the extra cost for military insurance."

"In Canada," the commissioner says, "this insurance burden has been assumed by some municipalities that have undertaken to pay the premiums on the policies of enlisted men who are residing in them in time of entering the service. In Toronto some of this insurance is carried by the city itself and part by the insurance companies whose premiums are borne by the city."

Uniform action, to a great extent is being adopted by the companies throughout the United States in dealing with this large problem of war insurance, the commissioner says. Ninety-three out of 265 companies in the country have agreed wholly or in part on a uniform plan. The others are undecided or opposed to it, or did not receive reports made of them on the proposal. Only 29 insurance companies are authorized in Massachusetts, scarcely one-tenth of the list. Mr. Hardison says, yet the bulk of the country's business is transacted by the companies authorized here.

For uniformity of action it has been proposed that the military clause shall cover the entire period of military or naval service, in time of war, if commenced within five years of the register date.

2. The clause shall call for "such extra premiums as may be fixed by the controller."

3. The extra premium charged for the present shall be at the rate of not less than \$37.50 per annum per thousand of insurance.

4. In the event of death during service or within six months after termination thereof the liability of the company shall, unless all required extra premiums have been paid, be limited to an amount not exceeding the total premiums paid on the policy, exclusive of any extra premiums which may have been paid for military or naval service.

5. The clause shall require payment of extra premium within 30 days after entering upon service or, if already in service, upon payment of the first premium on the policy.

6. A refund will be made to any extra premiums not required.

HOYT.

SOCIAL AND PATRIOTIC ENTERTAINMENT AT THE FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH

A social and patriotic entertainment was given at the First Baptist church last night under the auspices of the Ladies' Benevolent society. There was a large attendance of parishioners, and friends, and the affair proved to be a success in every particular. The program was arranged by Mrs. Gilman A. Alcott, president of the organization assisted by a competent committee.

A social in the vestry was enjoyed between 8 and 8.30 o'clock where Sec. H. Taylor acted as master of ceremonies. The first number on the program was the singing of "To Thee, America," by the members of the choir.

After the singing, as spokesman for the society, presented a large American flag to the church, and F. J. Flemings accepted it on behalf of the church. This was followed by the singing of "The Star Spangled Banner" by the entire assembly. There was an anthem by the choir and then came one of the most impressive features of the night, the March of the boys. The society presented a service flag to the church, which was accepted by the pastor, Rev. A. C. Archibald. The flag has 45 blue stars in a field of white, with an outer field of red. The number of stars represents the number of young men members who have entered the service for the army.

After the singing of "Forward, Christian Soldiers," by the choir, came the selling of the individual stars of the service flag to the members present, the understanding being that the person buying a star should write a personal letter to that soldier and continue communicating with him during the war, as well as contributing to his personal welfare. The exercises came to a close with the singing of "America."

The 45 young men of the church represented in the service flag are: William Smith, Daniel Naylor, Sergeant Russell Stack, Sherman Blair, John Paul, Clarence Gillis, George Garner, Joseph Endworth, John Taylor, Joseph McShane, Henry Sturgess, Thomas Sturgess, Robert Smith, William Johnson, Sergeant Joseph Armitage, Corp. John Gillis, Harry Fitch, Eugene L. Aldrich, Corp. Herbert C. Webster, Albert Wallace, Percy Kinney, Frank Lennox, Fred R. Keiley, John Cleek, Charles E. Field, Walter Bruce, Corp. Sidney Craig, Wm. Craig, Norman S. Smith, James E. Smith, Ladd and Kettedge, Corp. John Hayes, Francis S. Smith, A. Harold Pendleton, Aristide Journeau, A. Thompson, Francis Walsh, George Wilkins, A. Hart, Rousseau Haynes, Edward Blake, Herbert Baker, Tobias Blackstock, William Galloway, the late Skarud Severson and the late J. Gordon Pepe.

Everybody who has read The Sun's Sunday Supplement, published on Saturday, has words of praise for it.

dent has talked with some who are very influential in the movement to whom a free Ireland, under the crown is quite a welcome idea, provided that it does not mean subjection to British cabinet. This is not so very far from the home rule that

Canada enjoys. The great bulk of the support given at the elections to Sinn Fein candidates comes rather from men dissatisfied with the conduct of current politics and the necessary restrictions of the war than from those who adhere either in principle or practice to methods of violence.

There is a continuously hopeful feeling that the Irish convention may hammer out a good workable scheme of self-government and the conviction is growing that if it does produce any acceptable plan the irreconcileable will be left without followers.

Meanwhile the military authorities are treating the situation on the assumption that the extreme extremists mean what they say. They are, in fact, calling the bluff. So long as there is the threat of another rebellion they take the threat seriously and seem determined to make clear from the outset the hopelessness of repeating the wild experience of Easter week. Drilling is absolutely prohibited and those who engage in it are court martialled and sent to jail. Arms have been seized everywhere and even the camans or Hurley sticks are not allowed to be carried, as was becoming frequent in processions.

The military of Ireland are now under the command of a distinguished Irish Soldier, Gen. Sir Bryan

Mahon. He is a man of popular sympathies and regarded as personally quite incapable of desiring to make troubles.

The convention is still busy with the discussion of colonial schemes of home rule and there does not seem to be any prospect of an early decision. The delay is not caused by any friction between the parties. It is felt to be demanded by the necessity of the case. The motto in the mind of its conductors seems to be "slow but sure." The slowness is indeed regarded by wise judges inside and outside the convention as a rather hopeful sign. Everybody is anxious for a settlement that can be offered to the country with a reasonable hope that it will capture all sections of Irish feeling and provide a basis for a government of Ireland in which all can cordially join.

Donna, a horse raised and owned by p. Irving Currier, of Sheepsicut, Me., is still active and in fine condition despite the fact that she is 34 years old. After having done her share of the work on the farm since she was four years old, Donna was excused from her place in the mowing machine, and instead was assigned to the hill, where she does all the hauling of the hay into the barn and last summer hauled in 115 loads, each of which averaged 900 to 1000 pounds.

Money deposited on or before Saturday, October 6th in The Lowell Five Cent Savings Bank will bear interest from that date.

COLLEGE POTATO CLUB

DURHAM, N. H., Sept. 28.—Excellent results are reported by the New Hampshire college faculty potato club, organized last spring. The 29 professors

and assistants, encroched in the club and grade and 12½% of culms. The cost planted an acre and a half and the crop harvested yielded 131 bushels of first grade potatoes, 55½ bushels of second grade and 12½% of culms. The cost of hand labor performed by the members of the club, was 80 cents a bushel.



Dental Work That Will Last and Look Natural

Loose teeth tightened. Decayed and broken down teeth saved. Missing teeth replaced, without plates, with gold or porcelain. Fillings with silver, alloy, cement, porcelain and gold.

All work is performed by the newest and most up-to-date methods, with modern electrical appliances and made absolutely painless by a NEW SCIENTIFIC DISCOVERY.

THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST

But the highest priced is not always the best. Price and quality don't always go together. You'll find them in my work. I am not competing with cheap dental establishments.

I have but one price and that is a reasonable price, for first class work, made of the best materials money can buy and guarantees every piece of work going out of my office.

DR. S. HORNSTEIN DENTIST

For Particular People.

116 CENTRAL ST. Strand Building Open Evenings



What a sight my skin was until I cleared it with Resinol

Even if the pimples, redness or roughness are severe and have resisted ordinary treatment, a little use of Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap will usually bring out the skin's real beauty.

Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap contain only the purest ingredients and gentlest medication, which physicians prescribe widely in the treatment of the skin. Sold by all druggists.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of 

Where Lynch & Lotto Stand



MR. LYNCH
21 Years a Salesman in
Leading Tailors

Plain statement of facts of the utmost importance to every man who wears clothes



MR. LOTTO
25 Years a Designer for
Leading Tailors in Boston

The public has always expected more—and rightly so—from this Live Store than from any other, especially as regards Quality and Service. And we are happy to say that we shall continue to meet, and in all probability exceed, those expectations during this Fall and Winter season just as we have at all times in the past.

These are indeed peculiar times, but if the public will continue to have confidence in us—in our methods, our merchandise and our ability to shape circumstances to our customer's advantage—we will surely justify that confidence to the fullest.

This is the price you should pay for your clothes, because it insures your getting a better, longer-wearing fabric; a touch of style that stands out from the crowd; tailoring that has taken a little more time to finish off the fine points, and furthermore, this price brings LYNCH & LOTTO clothes whose equals have yet to be produced at this moderate figure.

It is true that clothing costs more than it did, but not very much more the way we operate. We went into the market for a large part of our stock months ago—years ago, in fact, on staples—and we are going to give the public the benefit of our forehandedness. A large part of our stock is actually priced lower than it would cost us to replace it today.

You often hear people speak about the tremendous volume of business we do. But perhaps you never stopped to think very much about how we got it; or how we keep it, to say nothing of how we continue to increase our business; it is by offering such values at \$15.00.

SUIT \$15 OVERCOAT

FINEST LINE OF WOOLENS TO SELECT FROM—MADE TO YOUR MEASURE—ANY STYLE DESIGNED AND TRIED ON IN THE BASTE BY MR. LOTTO, LOWELL'S GREATEST DESIGNER

LYNCH & LOTTO
126 Merrimack St.

LOWELL'S
LARGEST
TAILORS

Open Evenings Till 9

BRANCH STORE
930 Elm St., Manchester, N. H.

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ELECTION FRAUD IN NEW YORK

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—Discovery of evidence of "palpable" fraud in more than 100 election districts in connection with last week's republican primaries was announced by Dist. Atty. Edward Swann. In 16 of these districts, he said, the election officials would be examined at once under subpoena, in an effort to fix responsibility.

During the recount William M. Bennett, former state senator, continued to gain. This afternoon his apparent majority had reached 492 votes over Mayor Michel, fusion candidate who by his official returns won the republican nomination for mayor by 355 votes.

AMUSEMENT NOTES

B. F. KEITH'S THEATRE

Volant, the man with the aerial piano, furnishes a Simon pure novelty at the B. F. Keith theatre this week, and large audiences are constantly applauding his wonderful act. A close second is the turn supplied by Jimmie Lucas, the irresistible comedian, and his associates. Lucas has a quality of spunk which cannot be denied, and the making of laughter is his especial forte. Everybody likes him, because he has so many different things to do. Walter Schrade and the Beaumont Sisters in "Frogs" also advance a lot of good comedy. Schrade is a clever character comedian, who draws his types from the life, and the sisters are energetic. Nella Allen, the girl with a voice, is wonderfully attractive, and the Three Brittons are masters of the xylophone and other instruments. "Baby Mine," the Goldwyn picture comedy, made from the comedy of the same name, is one scream of laughter, from beginning to end, and it is beautifully photographed. Performances begin at 7:30 p.m.

OPERA HOUSE

A delightful love story, cleverly told and capitally interpreted by the principals engaged in the cast, is only one of the many pleasant and enjoyable features in "Connection" with the presentation of "Our Wives." An equally bright comedy at the Opera House this week. Large crowds and enthusiastic applause testify to its worth. Only four more performances will be given, and it's advisable to secure reservations immediately or run the chance of being disappointed. Next week's presentation will be that unique drama known as "The House of Glass" by MacMarnin and George M. Cohan, in which Mary Ryan made one of her real triumphs a few seasons back. The play has everything to make it the real dramatic sensation it proved when first produced. The story again, which the author has built his four acts of intensely interesting and entertaining scenes and action is wonderfully well told and can't help making a strong appeal to the patrons. Incidentally it might be said that this play offers the players their first opportunity of displaying their talents in a strong dramatic effort. Playgoers generally have been looking forward to the time when they would appear in just such a piece and now that it is coming all are anticipating more than ordinary pleasure. Roy Walling is in his element in "Connection," while Miss Wellington's strongest asset is her accomplishments in highly dramatic creations of this kind. The first performance will be given Monday afternoon and a smooth, finished production is assured. Kendall Weston will stage this week, all in a gay manner. Watch for "The House of Glass," the play with a punch and a story of gripping interest.

THE STRAND

"The Bar Sinister," the great Edgar Lewis photo-play which is to be the feature film attraction at the opening of The Strand Monday night, has been reckoned as one of the most human plays seen this season. It is placed in a setting of beautiful woodland at a

time just preceding the Civil War and contains scores of tense and appealing situations. Not the least impressive feature in its production is the vivid portrayal of a demented negro by Miss Florence St. Leonard, who has long ranked as one of the most accomplished character actresses on the American stage. Since turning her attention to films, Miss St. Leonard has appeared in numerous productions by the Famous Players Company, Kleine, Triangle and also in support of Miss Billie Burke in that memorable serial of love and mystery, "Gloria's Romance." The other principals of the production are in equally capable hands and all contribute materially to its wonderfully successful presentation.

Another feature for the first of the week at The Strand will be Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Drew in their latest release film comedy, "His Curiosity" and for an educational feature Managing Director Carroll has secured at extra expense the interesting and instructive film "China and the Chinese." The Strand reviews of current events will also be shown.

Not the least of the big features will be the 20 piece orchestra, with Arthur J. Martel as conductor. Rehearsals and arrangements for the creation of atmospheres for all picture productions have been made and with plans carrying the title program promises to be one of exceptional merit. Tickets for the opening night go on sale at the box office Monday night at 7 o'clock.

LOWELL FIREMEN ATTEND ANNUAL CONVENTION OF STATE ASSOCIATION AT NAHANT

A number of Lowell firemen went to Nahant today to attend the closing session of the 88th annual convention of the Massachusetts Firemen's association. Others would have gone but for the threatening weather.

Capt. Jas. F. McKissick of this city who is now on the retired list was one of the most active delegates to the convention. He read a very interesting paper on "Bills Affecting Firemen Considered by the Massachusetts Legislature of 1917" and in the course of his address said that the trouble with a large majority of the bills is that too little care is taken in preparing them. He said he did not believe there was any such thing as recklessness among the firemen while driving to a fire, the only recklessness was in sacrificing his own life to reach the scene of the fire.

In the course of his discussion of the two-platoon bill several delegates asked questions. On motion of Daniel Looney of Boston Capt. McKissick was given a rising vote of thanks for his work during the year.

Capt. McKissick also reported for the pamphlet committee. He was also named as a delegate to the national convention.

William F. Holt, chief engineer of the Towsbury state infirmary, in speaking of the "Fire Hazards in Hospitals, Public and Private," said that the greatest danger in his mind was matches left in clothing and defective wiring. He said that few fire funds are found in hospitals. He did not approve of the sprinkler system in hospitals.

Relative to membership in the association, Lowell occupies fourth place, having 161 members.

APPEAL TO COLLEGE WOMEN TO ASSIST IN RED CROSS WORK

BOSTON, Sept. 28.—An appeal to college women to assist in Red Cross work was made by Miss Kate McManam, an official of the organization, in an address before the local branch of the Association of Collegiate Alumnae last night. She urged that alumnae enlist in one of four classes to be conducted by the Red Cross, covering specialized work in first aid, home nursing, dietetics and clerical work. She emphasized the need of much investigation and help by the Red Cross in cases where dependents of soldiers and sailors appeal for assistance.

Mr. Mansfield, after reviewing the atti-

tude that was being displayed toward labor throughout the world at the present time, discussed at some length the coalition of the progressive and democratic forces.

The bringing of democracy to rule by the people," said Mr. Mansfield. "The government which is best today and will be in the future is that which is to be nearest to the people."

Mr. Mansfield said that were all men who hold progressive and democratic ideas to vote together, the world would rapidly move toward all possible progress. It was for this reason that the democratic party had this year endeavored to attract to its standard those leaders of the new progressive thought who were formerly allied with the republican party.

Because the republican party was an reactionary, said Mr. Mansfield, it was ultimately destined to become the party of the conservatives. The democratic party had been and would be the party of the people. He said it was the liberal party and the time shortly would come when it would indeed already be when the party division would be between conservatives and liberals. This was the reason that those former republican leaders who sought close association with the people had become progressives, and were today welcomed into the democratic party.

CUBS BUY "TOM" DALY

CHICAGO, Sept. 28.—Thomas D. Daly, catcher of the Buffalo club of the International league, today was purchased by the Chicago Nationals, and will come here to finish the season with the locals. Daly was a member of the Chicago Americans in 1914 and 1915 and went to Cleveland in a trade.

STUDY OF CHEMICAL ENGINEERING GREATLY STIMULATED BY WAR

CAMBRIDGE, Sept. 28.—The study of chemical engineering has been greatly stimulated by the war. This fact is revealed in the course selected by students at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology for the coming year. Walter H. Hinckley, registrar of the institute, said today that of the larger courses in chemical engineering had drawn the greatest increase in students, amounting to 12 per cent. Of the courses with less than 50 men, naval architecture is in the lead with an increase of 10 per cent.

Goes to Holy Cross

Vincent M. McCarron, son of Mr. and Mrs. McCarron of 236 Rogers street, and brother of Rev. James McCarron of Washington, D. C., has entered Holy Cross college as a student.

CMLK

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LIBERTY BONDS GAIN

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—Liberty Bonds made another new high record at the outset of today's trading at 100.16, two points above the previous high mark reached yesterday.

WAR TAX BILL IN LAST STAGES OF COMPLETION

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—The war tax bill, increased to levy about \$2,700,000,000, was today in the last stages of completion. Final drafting and printing of the conference agreement was in progress, with formal approval planned at a late afternoon meeting.

At the conclusion of the final conference Senator Simmons and Representative Kitchin, heading the respective conferees, planned to make public the results of the two weeks' conference.

MANSFIELD AND HALE SPEAK AT WORCESTER

WORCESTER, Sept. 28.—The democratic candidates for governor and lieutenant-governor, Frederick W. Lowell and Matthew Hale, spoke last night at an open-air rally on the common, attended by 500. Jas. A. Gallagher, chairman of the democratic city committee, presided. Mr. Hale said, in part:

"The question in this campaign is not one of parties but of principles. On one hand there are presented the candidates of the reactionary republicans, who represent a coterie of professional politicians, a sort of office-holding trust that already has office-holders picked out as far ahead as 1920. On the other hand there is the combination of liberal democrats and progressives, represented by Fred Mansfield, a democrat and myself, a progressive."

"My opponent, Calvin Coolidge, who is now lieutenant-governor, and is slated to succeed McCall as governor in 1918, and the speaker of the house is slated to step in as lieutenant-governor and then as governor in 1920."

Fought Same Men in 1912

"These men represent the same group of reactionary republicans that I fought in the great campaign in 1912 and who then rejected Roosevelt as the republican candidate for president."

"They represent the group of revolutionaries that we progressives have been fighting in the constitutional convention shoulder to shoulder with the liberal democrats for the initiative and referendum and the amendment for the sale of necessities of life by cities and towns. I wish I might read to you quotations from the speeches of some of them, and I will do so before the campaign is over."

"We are to concern ourselves in this campaign with principles only. We expect people to demonstrate their interest in American life in a return to government by the people, that laws may be enacted that will make life easier for the workers."

"We appeal to the laboring men, organized and unorganized, to lay their party ties and vote into control of the state those who are fighting their battle that they are privileged to rule because they represent the old order that has been in power so long."

Mansfield Predicts New Parties

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SINN FEIN OPINION SERIOUSLY INFAMED

LONDON, Sept. 28.—The death in Dublin on Wednesday of Thomas Ashe, a Sinn Fein leader, reported to have been due to voluntary starvation, according to a despatch to the Daily Mail from Dublin, has accentuated painfully the difficulties of keeping the surface of Irish politics and Sinn Fein opinion inflamed seriously. Ashe's body, dressed in the uniform of the Irish volunteers, lies in state in a Dublin hospital and there may be a public funeral on Sunday. It is said that other Sinn Fein leaders in the hospital prison where Ashe died are in a dangerous condition.

At the inquest, Thursday, into the death of Ashe, Prof. McFeeley testified that the post mortem examination, at which several doctors were present, showed that Ashe did not die of hunger. The body was not emaciated and there was an abundance of food in the stomach. Aske, he said, was due to syncope arising partly from heart trouble and partly from an intense congestion of the lungs. Ashe's heart, he added, was abnormal and he would be apt to succumb to any sudden shock or prolonged struggle.

Dr. McKenna, a hospital surgeon, testified that Ashe died suddenly on Tuesday that he had collapsed from a fit of coughing.

HORNEMAN—SPLICKLER

Miss Carolyn Jennings Splickler, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George W. Splickler of Lowell street, Lawrence and Augustine E. Hornman of this city, were married at St. Patrick's, Lawrence, on Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock by Rev. John F. Gilday. The couple were attended by Miss Louise Splickler, a sister of the bride, as bridesmaid, and the best man was Anthony Cullinan of Lowell, a nephew of the groom. The bride was arrayed in a travelling suit of blue and white brocade and carried a beautiful bouquet of blue roses. The bridesmaid was gowned in blue satin and carried a bouquet of Carnation roses. A reception was held at the home of the bride's parents near Haggatt's pond from 4 to 6 p.m., during which time over 200 guests called to congratulate the young couple and wish them success for love and happiness in their wedded life. Mr. and Mrs. George W. Splickler, the bride's parents, assisted in receiving the guests. Refreshments were served by five young lady friends of the bride. Mr. and Mrs. Hornman were the recipients of a large number of beautiful and useful wedding gifts from many friends. The young couple left on an early evening train for a wedding trip to New York City and Niagara Falls.

COLLEGE POTATO RAISERS

DURHAM, N. H., Sept. 28.—The potato club organized last spring by 20 or more members of the New Hampshire college students, being star to secure funds for themselves something lower than the then prevailing price has just harvested its crop.

One and one-half acres were planted and these have yielded 191 bushels of first grade potatoes, 66 1/2 bushels of second grade and 12 1/2 bushels of culms, 250 in all. This is at the rate of 73 bushels to the acre, and cost the members about 80 cents a bushel, exclusive of the labor performed by the members.

COLLEGE BOMBING RAID

PARIS, Sept. 28.—An official communication issued by the admiralty last night says:

"Naval craft carried out a bombing raid on the St. Denis western airfield. Bombs were dropped on the sheds and Gotha machines lined up in the airfield, direct hits being observed on the latter. All our machines returned safely."

INVESTIGATING DEATHS OF NEW BEDFORD MEN WHO WERE DROWNED

NEW BEDFORD, Sept. 28.—District Attorney Joseph T. Kenney today assumed charge of the investigation of the deaths of Joseph Barton and Harry Hammond of this city, who were

scattered

at the request of his parents.

17 GERMAN SPIES ARRESTED

PETROGRAD, Sept. 28.—The arrest of

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press

GERMANY'S FREEDOM OF SEAS

Ever since the war started, the Germans, parroted by the Austrians, have been prating over that totally bogus issue, freedom of the seas.

In their replies to the pope's last peace note they dwelt upon it with the usual crafty insistence.

Sober-thinking people have been puzzled. So far as they could figure there had been nothing but freedom of the seas before this gigantic war.

Nobody ever heard the seas were anything else than free—very much freer than life in Germany and Austria. No one even attempted to deprive the Teuton empires of the freedoms of the seas.

German ships plied in every ocean competing with British and American goods in every market. The kaiser went steadily ahead with a big war navy. England did not even erect a tariff wall against "made in Germany" goods.

There was nothing the Germans could legitimately ask for that was not freely accorded them everywhere in the world. The one thing that excited their wrath and fear was the continuing might of the British navy. They also did not like to see our own navy keeping abreast of the times. But they knew that neither of these navies was a menace to any legitimate German aspiration.

England, an island country, was forced to maintain supremacy at sea or starve the moment an enemy declared war. The United States, for the protection of her coast and the maintenance of the Monroe Doctrine, was also bound to have a considerable navy.

And it was precisely these things that irritated the Prussian war masters. They knew a British navy stood between them and their hopes to bring England to her knees. They knew our American navy, if properly developed, would stand between them and their greedy designs upon South and Central America.

They do not want to be thus balked in the future. They want, if possible, to trap the allies into some kind of disarmament scheme that would mean an inferior navy for England and a similar one for America. Then Germany could pursue her evil and sinister plans unhindered. The Pan-German weekly organ "Das Grosses Deutschland" (The Greater Germany) drops the mask by printing an article by Winand Engel which it approves. In this Engel says:

"German policy is forced to make secure for itself by all conceivable means domination over the world sea. I deliberately use the expression 'domination over the world sea' not the expression 'freedom of the seas' which is so common today. The latter expression is either dishonest or stupid. The sea is free for us only if we dominate it."

There is the truth about the German canting phrases in a nutshell. When the German and Austrian kaisers unctuously reply to the pope that they desire the freedom of the seas, they are either dishonest or stupid. In the present instance, they are plainly dishonest. They are lying once more, just as they have lied so often during the course of this war.

They want German domination of the seas, not freedom of the seas.

And when they gain domination of the seas, they will have all but conquered the world. Remember that, Americans.

LYNN FACTORIES WORKING

The Lynn shoe factories are open again after five months idleness due to differences which might have been settled by arbitration without the loss of a day. Who is the gainer now? What good has been accomplished by the conflict? None! So far as we can see everybody is poorer and the new arrangement will not compensate either side for their loss.

WOMAN SUFFRAGE

The house of representatives at Washington has formed a committee on woman suffrage. Heretofore, the judiciary committee has had to deal with this question. The suffragists naturally regard this as a victory and no doubt the pickets will claim that it is the result of their pig-headedness.

Former President Taft proved a power for good among the pacifists who attended the Unitarian conference at Montreal. Following the leadership of Mr. Taft, a pacifist resolution was voted down and condemned as an "insidious document." The meeting then endorsed the policy of President Wilson and the continuance of the war until militarism as represented by Germany shall have been stamped out.

Cleero describes a room without books as a body without a soul. While Cleero was not much of a guide on spiritual things, he was an authority on things intellectual and he was right in emphasizing the value of books and particularly good books such as we are asked to provide for the soldiers.

The state department at Washington will render a good service to the public at large if it gives out more of the names of the men who have received money for shouting for Germany and for excoriating England.

This war may result in a great federation of the states of South America. Already there is forming a United States of Central America.

May the scheme prosper! We have not taken as much interest in these states as we should have done, but now the community of interest is emphasized more than ever before.

Some congressmen were indignant over the insinuation that certain of their number had been influenced to favor Germany by the paltry sum of \$50,000. There are about seven men in congress who could not be more strongly pro-German if they had received a million each.

A study of the rules of Safety First by some of our auto operators would prevent accidents and save many lives. It is really deplorable how many fatalities result from pleasure rides in which the necessary precautions for safety are neglected.

If the hotheads in and out of Ireland who put aside the practical and advocate the impossible will only show a little patience, the Irish convention now in session will probably evolve a charter of freedom that will serve the best interests of Ireland.

The cities that have shown so little appreciation of their soldier boys as to let them depart without a demonstration are sorry for having made such a blunder. Lynn is one of these and its newspapers are voicing the city's regrets.

Among her other intrigues Germany is conducting some secret plots for a peace that will let her go free of indemnities, give her back her colonies and still leave the barbarous emperor on the throne. Such a peace seems impossible.

Everybody should help the Soldiers' Library fund. The object is most worthy and should receive most generous support from those who can afford to contribute.

Somebody besides the milk producers for Boston should fix the price. If these progressive gentlemen have their way milk will be 25 cents a quart.

Lawrence is about to purchase an athletic field. Good idea. Every respectable city should have one. Lowell has talked of buying one and nothing more.

Some widows deplore their lack of riches but they might see their lot in a different light, if they look at the fate of wealthy widows, some of whom are murdered for their money.

To the credit of Massachusetts, Mr. Cushing's appeal to prejudice did not militate to any great extent against Governor McCall at the primaries.

OCTOBER 9 WITH BE FIRE PREVENTION DAY

Tuesday, Oct. 9, has been set aside as Fire Prevention day by the State Fire Prevention committee and all the residents of this city including children and adults will be asked to do their share in clearing the city of all rubbish or inflammable material and within a few days Mayor James E. O'Donnell will issue a proclamation to that effect.

Chief Edward F. Saunders of the fire department has been appointed to represent the state fire prevention committee in this city and he will co-operate with the mayor. Special exercises will be carried out in the schools of the city and it is probable that members of the fire department as in previous years will address the school children on fire prevention.

Chasing Deer

The superintendent of the park department has spent the greater portion of the forenoon today in chasing two deer in the enclosure at Fort Hill park, but at noon his efforts had been fruitless. The purpose of chasing the deer is to get hold of two of the bucks which will be swapped for two bucks from the Boston zoo in an attempt to prevent interbreeding at both places. The superintendent of the local park department and the men in charge of the Boston zoo have agreed to swap, but the problem that now confronts them is to capture the deer.

Rally Called Off

The open air democratic rally for Hon. Frederick W. Mansfield, candidate for governor, which was scheduled to be held this evening on the city hall steps has been called off on account of the rain.

Registration Sessions

Registration sessions will be held in the office of the registrars of voters on Oct. 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14 from 2 p.m. to 3 p.m. and Oct. 17 from 12 continuously to 10 p.m.

Weekly Payroll

The payroll for the week amounts to \$21,941.88 while the monthly salaries, which will be paid Monday amount to \$17,601.44. Included in the latter amount is that for state aid, which totals \$7,078.50.

Solicitor in Boston

City Solicitor William D. Regan went to Boston this morning to attend the third hearing in the case of the city of Lowell vs. the Lowell Trust Co., which is being conducted in the court house before Auditor Joseph Whipple.

T. R. FORCED KAISER TO ARBITRATE IN 1902

CHICAGO, Sept. 28.—Colonel Roosevelt yesterday gave his version of the secret conference he held with the German ambassador in 1902, relating to the occupation of Venezuela by Germany. An incident is that then threatened to bring on a war between Germany and the United States. Colonel Roosevelt told the story for the

HELPING HOOVER

Fairburn's Plan For Reducing Prices

On and after Monday, October 1st, FAIRBURN'S MARKET, Inc., will discontinue deliveries, following the successful plan of many large markets of other cities.

Prices today are alarming; in some cases they are prohibitive.

It is an undeniable fact that the people must have lower prices, but the present high prices of goods which prevail everywhere cannot be reduced unless expenses are cut to a minimum.

This situation has made a decision imperative. The first and most logical expense to cut is that of deliveries. So choice must be made between maintaining expensive deliveries and keeping up prices, on the one hand, and abolishing deliveries and reducing prices, on the other.

This market, being progressive and quick to note and obey the popular demand, has made its decision—namely, give the people what they want—Lower Prices.

As delivery expense adds approximately 10 per cent. to the cost of goods, customers will save an additional 10 per cent. average on all purchases at this Market on and after Oct. 1st.

We take this step feeling that the people of Lowell and vicinity will fully appreciate the efforts we are making to reduce the prices of necessities for them and the motive which prompts our action.

Watch the papers for our ads. and see the remarkable price reductions this plan enables us to offer you each week.

FAIRBURN'S MARKET

12 MERRIMACK SQUARE.

first time, he said, in an address at a luncheon here.

"It was about a year after I took office," Colonel Roosevelt began. "Germany was engaged in striving to extend her dominion. She had in view certain chosen positions in South America. She aimed to turn South America into a German appendage.

Venezuela at that time had a dictator named Castro, commonly known as the 'monkey of the Andes.'

"I was determined that Venezuela should not become a German possession.

Germany said it was not to be permanent and did not define what was meant by permanency. I permitted John Hay to write a number of notes and then I sent for the German ambassador and said to him:

"This Venezuelan business has been going on long enough and I cannot afford to let it get to the point where it will cause trouble for this country."

"At that time England was backing Germany and, while I had both against me, I paid little attention to England's antagonism to the United States."

"I called the attention of the ambassador to the fact that Germany had a squadron of warships near Venezuela, threatening the mouth of the proposed Isthmian canal. I demanded a statement of what Germany meant by temporary possession, saying I did not propose to have any 99-year leases."

"I then told him that I would order Dewey to sail in 48 hours. He told me it would be an awful thing for this country."

"Yes, but it will be more awful for your country," I replied.

"Inside of 26 hours he came back smiling and said he had received instructions from the German government that they would arbitrate."

"Although Mayor Mitchell has not announced that he will run independently the fusion committee of 1917 yesterday perfected its campaign plans on the theory that Mr. Bennett will be declared the nominee of the republican party and that the mayor will consent to make a fight against him."

"I do not want to say what I think," was the reply.

"If it means war, you have chosen the one spot where you cannot fight."

I replied, and then I showed by maps our commanding position.

"When he retired I sent word to Dewey to be ready to sail on an hour's notice. About a week later the ambassador called on me, and admitted that he had not dared send the message.

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YACHT AMERICA PURCHASED

Scrap Heap Not to Be Rate of Old-Time Cup Winner

Yacht Was Owned by Family of the Late Gen. Butler

America, the most famous of all racing yachts in the world, has been saved from the junk heap or the ignominy of being converted into a Cape Verde trader. Yesterday morning she was purchased by a few members of the Eastern Yacht club of Marblehead, who had become interested in the fate of the historic craft through the efforts of G. H. W. Foster of that organization. The title in the boat has been placed in the hands of Secretary Henry Taggart of the Eastern Yacht club, acting as an individual.

The title to the only boat that ever "lifted" the cup that bears its name passed to the syndicate of Eastern Yacht club members from the family of the late General George M. Butler, through the offices of the Fidelity Burgess Yacht agency, which represented the owners, and David W. Simpson, representing the purchasers.

Ever since this yacht was put upon the market a month or so ago, yachtsmen throughout the country have become interested in the final fate of the craft, and a week ago the men in the syndicate started a movement that was consummated in the purchase yesterday.

In her 67 years of life, America has had but five owners and for nearly a half century remained in the Butler family. The United States government owned her once, and used her as an dispatch boat. It raced her the only time she ever raced for the America's cup in this country, and this is the only time Uncle Sam ever went into the yacht racing business. She lost this race, but another American craft won the race and saved the day.

During the time that Gen. Butler was alive, America was under sail and in commission much of the time and in spite of her age and design, she held her own against many of the more modern yachts. She once led the fleet of New York and Boston Yacht club yachts from Newport to Marblehead, around Cape Cod, defeating Constellation, now flagship of the Eastern Yacht club and considered one of the fastest of her type afloat.

She should not have been in rig and interior condition on the day when she raced around the Isle of Wight and brought the cup to America, her general lines are the same. She has been afloat summer and winter either at Chelsea bridge or the Summer street bridge for years and has not been in commission for 15 years.

In order to find out just what her condition was, she was towed down to the Daker Yacht basin at Quincy and hauled out on the railway for an inspection. Her bottom, which has been coppered, was found in excellent condition, and the craft seems able to stand another year or two as a yacht in the Owners design. The new trim the wears at present was designed by Ward Purcell, designer of the cup boats Puritan and Volunteer, but will not take much money to replace the original rig.

She has been launched again and is at present at the Baker Basin. Although the Butler family has had several offers for the schooner in years past from people who make a business of junking lead and metals, they refused to entertain such offers, as they believed a craft with such a record deserved better fate. They have never offered her up and hold her still. The trophy was known as the Queen's cup and was given by the late Queen Victoria. Its value in dollars and cents is as much as many of the others that grace the trophy room of the New York Yacht club, but its value as a racing trophy cannot be measured in cash money. Millions of dollars have been spent to get this cup back to England and millions have been spent to prevent the taking away of a trophy which a \$25,000 schooner yacht captured at a time when English designers and shipwrights were thought to be about the best in the world.

SUN BREVITIES

Best Printing. Tobin's. Asso. Bldg. Next week is "Quarter Week" at the Lowell Five Cent Savings Bank.

Miss Irene Laffey has returned from a two weeks' vacation spent in Providence, R. I.

Miss Sadie Snow has returned to the city after spending a month in Hartland, New Brunswick.

Arthur Lewis, motorman for the Bay State Railway Co., will spend the next two weeks at Forest, Maine.

Joseph Costa, aged four years, and living at 203 Gorham street, sustained a fracture of the left leg about 7:30 o'clock last night when he was run over by one of Davis Sargent's automobile trucks in South street. The ambulance was summoned and the boy was taken to St. John's hospital.

Another of the successful Saturday evening dances will be given at Associate Hall tomorrow evening. In addition to the dance, new cabaret features will be introduced. The music will be furnished by Frederick orchestra, all in search of a good time should direct their steps to Associate hall tomorrow and there they will have the time of their happy lives.

Manuel Perry, residing at 123 Cushing street, while at work on the building the Hartman's, on Elm street this morning, fell from a staging and sustained lacerations about the face and scalp. The ambulance was summoned and he was removed to the Lowell Corporation hospital.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Chadwick of Washington, D. C., who have been spending a few weeks' vacation with relatives in this city, were last night honored a farewell party at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Napoleon Lavoie. Many friends of the couple were present and a general good time was enjoyed. A musical and literary program was carried out, those taking part being Misses Sophie and Bertha Coulter, Blanche Finegan and Messrs. Frank Marshall and Arthur P. Chadwick. A buffet luncheon was served and the party broke up wishing Mr. and Mrs. Chadwick a pleasant journey homeward.

NEWS OF THE DAY IN POLICE COURT

Unless Louis Pelletier lives up to the promise he made to Judge Enright in police court this morning he will spend seven months in the house of correction at Cambridge. Several weeks ago Pelletier appeared before the court on a complaint charging him with non-support of his family and failing to take care of his wife and children; he was given a suspended sentence of four months in the house of correction. Of late he has been drinking and yesterday when he came home he abused his wife and she had to complain to Patrolmen Kennedy and Castles who placed him in jail. This morning he entered a plea of not guilty to a complaint charging him with drunkenness, but the testimony offered by the officers was sufficient to cause the court to make a finding of guilty and he was given a suspended sentence of three months in the house of correction and was also informed that if he did not pay \$25 a week he would have to serve the four months' sentence which had been suspended.

Case Placed on File

John J. Meehan entered a plea of guilty to a complaint charging him with larceny of articles from the New York New Haven & Hartford railroad, but owing to the fact that his mother pleaded that he be given a chance and the railroad officials were willing if restitution be made, the case was placed on file on condition that he make restitution in the sum of \$25 and pay the expenses of the suit, \$14.40, the major portion of the latter being for railroad expenses for Officer White of the railroad. Meehan

David Liston entered a plea of guilty to a charge of drunkenness and admitted that he had owed a fine of \$25 for the past two years. He was given a minimum which to pay the present case being placed on the files of the court.

John Welch, drunkard, was fined \$10 and William J. Ward, who is on parole from the state farm, will be returned to that institution.

Angus Banton, John Hart, Annie Bernier and Catherine Casserly, were having a little social gathering in a house yesterday when the police were attracted to the scene by the noise created by the visitors and decided that the condition of the house warranted their being sent to the police station. In court this morning the two men were each sentenced to one month in jail and appeals were entered. The Bernier woman was placed on probation while the case against the Casserly woman was continued until tomorrow morning.

MATRIMONIAL

Thomas Mahon, Jr., and Miss Mary A. Murray were married Sept. 26 at the Sacred Heart rectory, the officiating clergyman being Rev. Fr. Mann, O. M. I. George McCullagh acted as best man, while the bridesmaid was Miss Annie Vaughan. Mr. and Mrs. Mahon, who received numerous wedding gifts, will make their home at 12 Aguaw street after an extended wedding trip.

M'ADOO TALKSON LIBERTY LOAN

Vast Over Subscription of Three Billion Dollar Loan Predicted

Calls Bernstorff "the Adroit and Malevolent German Ambassador"

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Sept. 28.—

Vast over subscription of the three billion dollar second Liberty loan, was confidently predicted by Secretary McAdoo in an address here today before the American Bankers' association, calling upon the bankers to give the same patriotic support to the new bond issue that they gave to the first.

"It has been urged upon me," said the secretary, "that many men of wealth will refuse to buy the 4 per cent bond with liability to super income taxation. I should be much inclined to believe this; but if it is true, the position of the government must always be to offer a bond upon terms fair and equitable to all alike and which will make the widest possible appeal to all the people without regard to the fact that a man may be rich or poor. It has been suggested to me that pa-

tientism should play no part in the sale of govt. bonds. I do not concede this, although I believe the American people will buy these 4 per cent government bonds on their merits. Patriotism is first, love of country above everything above life itself, second, love of country combining with a patriotic interest in the nation's welfare and safety which will make secure the material interests of each individual and promote his happiness and prosperity."

This is the true man of wealth, with power, influence or moderation, patriotic or without patriotism, has a greater stake in the security of the government than any other class, because if the government's credit is destroyed and disaster comes upon the country, as it inevitably will, with the government's credit fails, with it goes the kaiser, who would have accomplished more destruction to our farms, to our factories and in our mines than he could achieve with all the armies and navies of the German empire."

While it is true that America went to war to make liberty and democracy secure throughout the world," said Mr. McAdoo, "it must be remembered that she entered also for a more immediate reason—the want of a disregard of American rights and ruthless destruction of American life and property. If the United States had acquiesced in the Kaiser's order that its shipping stay off the seas, he declared, \$3,400,000,000 of American money would have been lost, France and Italy would have been cut off and with one stroke of his pen the kaiser would have accomplished more destruction to our farms, to our factories and in our mines than he could achieve with all the armies and navies of the German empire."

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL

Lowell Council, Knights of Columbus, met in regular session last night and arrangements were made for the exemplification of the fourth degree next Sunday. The committee in charge of the Columbus Day observance also met and made arrangements for a banquet and reception to be held on the night of October 11 to the members. On Columbus Day morning it is planned to have the members assemble at the rooms and march in a body to mass at one of the local churches. The Lowell Cadet band has been engaged to head the procession.

The Sunday Supplement of The Sun published every Saturday contains a red-hot sporting page contributed to by leading sporting writers of the war, declaring this could not be done.

U. S. BUNTING EMPLOYEES MEET

A meeting was held last evening at the home of John Gleason in Cross street, of the committee in charge of the U. S. Bunting employees. Practically all the men in the affair had been completed and everything pointed to a successful event. In the course of the evening John A. Calkin, vice-president of the Eagles, delivered some remarks in connection with the work of the employees club.

Bonny Bill Says

GET AFTER the fly in his breeding haunts—the garbage can, rubbish heaps, and every place where fermentation or decomposition is going on. Boston's Health Commission recommends that such places should be treated with Borax. That's better than swatting the pest. 20. Mule Team Borax sprinkled in these places will destroy the fly's eggs—remove foul odors and keep the surroundings sweet smelling.

A. G. POLLARD COMP'Y

THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE

You Need a Nemo Corset Now!

We know this because we know that they help all women to better health and better style.

All Nemo Corsets give—

Healthful support, Protection for vital organs, Correct poise, Perfect comfort, and Supreme style.

Your model will have all the general Nemo qualities and, in addition, the particular health feature that you need. For instance, if you are too stout, a Nemo—

Self-Reducing Corset

—will healthfully support and reduce your figure. Here is a splendid model:

No. 403, for the stout woman of medium height, with heavy, pendulous abdomen. In addition to Self-Reducing Straps, it has the famous Nemo Relief Bands that curve under the abdomen and firmly support it. These two features create a gentle auto-massage that is most effective in driving away excess flesh. Semi-elastic In-Curve Back makes skirt comfortable in all positions. Of fine white cotton; sizes 20 to 36. \$4.50

Other Self-Reducing Corsets—\$3.00 up.

Our corsetieres will gladly help you select the one designed for your individual type.

Beautiful New Silk POPLIN DRESSES

Our stock of Silk Poplin Dresses is now complete and awaits your inspection. Suitable styles for misses and women in black, navy, copen, plum, taupe and green. Sizes 16 to 44. Prices \$10, \$12.50

Second Floor

Fall Suits and Coats

A profusion of carefully selected garments showing every new style note of the season. A big assortment to select from in all the new materials and colorings. Coats for girls, misses, women and extra large women.

\$15, \$16.50
\$18.50 to \$60

CHILDREN'S WHITE DRESSES

For Confirmation Wear

Dainty White Lawn Dresses—Prettily trimmed with insertions and edgings of val, high and normal waist effects. Sizes 6 to 16 years. Five models to select from. Prices

\$1.39 and \$2.98

Large Numbers of

NEW WAISTS ARRIVING DAILY

Just the styles you want for this season of the year and among them are some surprisingly good values. An unlimited variety of models.

White Voile Waists—with very large collars, lace trimmed and embroidered, wonderful at .980

White French Voile Waists—Beautiful frilled models and semi-tailored styles. Big variety at .980

Also Beautiful Waists of georgette and crepe, washable satin and crepe de chine, sizes 36 to 51, at .980

Semi-Mourning Waists of black georgette over white in embroidered effects.



A collection of lovely New Trimmed Hats for every autumn occasion. A great many styles to choose from.

\$4.98, \$5.98,
\$6.98, \$12.98

Becoming Soft Brim Hats for ladies and misses.

\$3.49, \$3.98

Millinery, the imperative need for school girls, for service and sports, for style and smartness.

59c to \$2.49

Palmer St. Centre Aisle

A SPECIAL SALE OF

Damaged Sheets and Pillow Cases STARTED TODAY

PRICES AS LOW AS EVER. VALUES AS GOOD AS EVER.

PILLOW CASES

25c and 29c quality, regular sizes. Sale price.....15c Each | 35c quality, hemstitched, regular sizes. Sale price.....19c Each

SHEETS

Sizes 72x90 and 81x90, good cotton, seamless; value \$1.00. Sale price.....69c Each

Sheets for all size beds, extra quality cotton; values up to \$1.25. Sale price.....79c Each

Extra large size Sheets, same grade of cotton as we sell regularly at \$1.39. Sale price.....89c Each

Hemstitched Sheets, in all sizes, fine grades of cotton, regular goods sell from \$1.30 to \$1.50. Sale price.....

89c and 98c Each

All fine grades of hemstitched, extra large sizes; values up to \$2.50. Sale price.....\$1.25 Each

The imperfections are mostly stains or broken selvages.

PALMER STREET

LEFT END

Special Prices On Wash Goods

For the Week End Selling

Two cases of Bates Crepe, 28 inches wide, in a large assortment of stripes and a few checks.....17c Per Yard
2000 yards of Fancy Striped Madras, 36 inches wide, suitable for dresses, waistings, shirtings, pajamas, etc.; regular price 50c per yard.....28c Per Yard

Two cases of Ladlassie Shorts, 28 inches wide, just the thing for children's suits and dresses; regular price 25c per yard.....19c Per Yard

Two cases of New Manchester Percale Remnants, 36 inches wide, in a good assortment of darks and lights.....15c Per Yard
A full range of colors in plain and voiles, marquisettes, silk and cotton crepe de chine, silk muslin, wash silk.

150 pieces of 36 inches long cloth, a nice fine quality, 12 yards to the piece.....\$2.25 a Piece

50 pieces of fine Berkley Cambric, 36 inches wide, 10 yards to the piece.....\$2.50 a Piece

Just received large line of Printed Batiste, 27 inches wide, in small floral designs.....19c Per Yard

PALMER STREET

CENTRE AISLE

HEAVY LOSSES IN BRITISH SHIPS

to a statement authorized by the controller of shipping today. The statement indicated it was reasonable to expect Germany to destroy by next spring 200 vessels more than could be built in the meantime.

LOCAL NAVY RECRUITING STATION ANNOUNCES NEW ORDER OF ENLISTMENTS

The local navy recruiting station announced this afternoon that telegraphic instructions had been received from Washington to the effect that there will henceforth be no restrictions on the number of enlistments.

THE STORE FOR MEN



THE STYLES ARE FINE, THE COLORS ARE GOOD, AND A SHAPE TO FIT EVERY FACE.

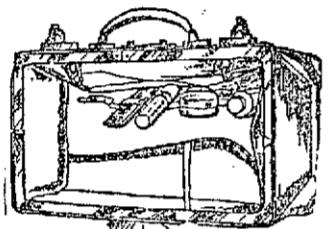
Wide brim hats have the call and scratch finish is the newest. Browns, greens and a dark oxford are leading the procession.

The values are exceptionally good.

STEP IN AND TRY SOME ON.



Most People Prefer Fall Season for Traveling



But it seems most people do not know that the proper traveling luggage can be purchased here. We still have exceptional bargains in shopping and students' bags.

SARRE BROS.
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FOR THE BRIDE

ENGAGEMENT RINGS
WEDDING RINGS, 14k. and 18k.

Gifts in gold, silver, cut glass, framed pictures. Lowest prices and largest assortment at

RICARD'S
123 CENTRAL STREET

Look at Yourself

DOES YOUR APPEARANCE SATISFY YOU?

If it doesn't, it won't please others, and that's quite essential in these times. It's our business to make you look right and feel right at the right price, and we do this

On Credit

A visit to our MEN'S DEPARTMENT will convince you that we have a most complete line of Men's and Young Men's Suits and Overcoats.

In our LADIES' DEPARTMENT, on the second floor, we are showing all the latest Fall Models in Suits and Coats. Our advance line of Coats comprises wool plush, silk plush (satin lined with large fur-trimmed collars, and belted effects), pom poms, chevrons and boucle.

In our Suits we are featuring the Long Coats, belted, fur and button trimmed, with shirred skirts. The materials are broadcloth, burella, serge and manhattan oxford.

THE CAESAR MISCH STORE
ALEXANDER STRAUS, INC.

220 CENTRAL STREET

for the following branches of the service: Hitherto, there has been a quota set upon the number in each class which could be accepted by the various recruiting offices, but from now on the sky's the limit: Machinist's mate, 2nd; landsmen for musicians, musicians, 2nd; landsmen for ship's cook, ship's cook, 4th; landsmen for baker, bakers, 2nd; mess attendants, landsmen for radio operators, apprentices, seamen and firemen.

THE STOCK MARKET

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—The stock market was again moderately unsettled at the opening of today's trading. Shipments and coppers lost 1 and 2 points and St. Paul common repeated its minimum of 56 1/2 while the preferred made a new low at 89 1/2. U.S. Steel and few equipments were fractionally higher at the outset but reacted soon after. Liberty bonds were in further demand at the new maximum of 100 1/2.

A concerted attack upon the rails provoked further irregularities during the morning. St. Paul common advanced 1 1/2 to 55, trans-continentals lost 1 to 2 1/2, coilers 1 to 3, and New York Central 1 1/2. Shipments and steel were responsive to support, but reacted again before mid-day on selling of the coppers. Trading once more checked by money rates, and then opening of the market. Liberty bonds were the sole encouraging feature extensive accumulation sending that issue to the new high record of 100 20.

Rails sagged steadily during the intermediate session, St. Paul extending its loss to 3 1/2 points. Bradling, Northern and Northern Pacific were included among the other heavy issues. Specialties and utilities also yielded 1 to 3 points.

Rails dragged the entire list to lower levels in the final hour. The closing was heavy. Liberty bonds ranged between 100 04 and 100 22.

Cotton Futures

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—Cotton futures opened easy. October 23 23; December 23 20; January 23 26; March 23 27; May 23 33.

Futures closed steady. October 24 20; December 23 26; January 23 29; March 23 33; May 23 35. Spot quiet; middling 26 30.

Exchanges

NBW YORK, Sept. 28.—Exchanges, \$57,624,871; balances, \$33,293,272.

Money Market

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—Mercantile paper 5 1/2 to 5 1/2. Sterling: Sixty day bills 4 7/8; commercial 50 day bills on banks 4 7/8; cables 4 7/8; 7-16; France Demands 5 1/2; cables 5 1/2; One-half Demand 5 1/2; cables 5 1/2. Liros: Demand 7 5/8; cables 7 5/8. Rhodes: Demand 15 1/2; cables 15 1/2. Liras: Demand 15 1/2; cables 15 1/2. Bar silver 97 1/2. Mexican dollars 75. Government bonds steady; railroad bonds irregular.

Time loans firm: 60 days and 90 days 5 1/2 to 6; six months 6 to 6 1/2.

Call money firm: High 6; low 4 1/2; ruling rate 6; closing bid 4 1/2 offered at 4 1/2; last loan 4 1/2.

NEW YORK MARKET

Stocks High Low Close

Allis Chalmers ... 25 1/2 23 1/2 21 1/2

Am Beet Sugar ... 52 1/2 52 1/2 52 1/2

Am Can. ... 44 1/2 45 1/2 45 1/2

Am Car & Pn ... 72 1/2 72 1/2 72 1/2

Am Carb. pf ... 109 1/2 109 1/2 109 1/2

Am Hide L. Com. ... 12 1/2 12 1/2 12 1/2

Am Hide & L. pf ... 57 1/2 57 1/2 57 1/2

Am Locomo ... 62 60 60

Am Locomo pf ... 101 1/2 101 1/2 101 1/2

Am Smelt & R. ... 93 1/2 91 1/2 91 1/2

Am Smelt & R. pf ... 102 1/2 102 1/2 102 1/2

Am Steel & W. ... 112 1/2 110 1/2 110 1/2

Am Sunatra ... 57 1/2 56 56

Am Wool ... 47 1/2 47 1/2 47 1/2

Am Wool pf ... 99 1/2 95 1/2 95 1/2

Anaconda ... 71 1/2 70 1/2 70 1/2

Atchison ... 66 1/2 65 1/2 65 1/2

Atchison pf ... 104 1/2 101 1/2 101 1/2

Baldwin Loco ... 62 1/2 61 1/2 61 1/2

Balt & Ohio ... 66 1/2 64 1/2 64 1/2

Balt & Ohio pf ... 68 1/2 66 1/2 66 1/2

Beth Steel A ... 96 1/2 96 1/2 96 1/2

Beth Steel B ... 95 1/2 95 1/2 95 1/2

Bell Pap Tran ... 60 60 60

Cal Corp ... 17 1/2 17 1/2 17 1/2

Cal Corp pf ... 42 1/2 43 1/2 43 1/2

Cast I Pipe Com ... 17 1/2 17 1/2 17 1/2

Canadian Pa ... 151 1/2 148 1/2 148 1/2

Cenf Leather ... 84 1/2 83 1/2 84 1/2

Cent Lead Corp ... 108 1/2 108 1/2 108 1/2

Chec & Ohio ... 50 1/2 49 1/2 49 1/2

Chi & Gt W Com ... 29 29 29

Chi Gt W Com ... 10 10 10

Chic R. I. & Pac ... 27 26 26

Chile ... 13 1/2 13 1/2 13 1/2

Col Fuel ... 45 43 43

Consol Gas ... 102 1/2 101 1/2 101 1/2

Corn Products ... 90 88 88

Crucible Steel ... 72 70 70

Cuba-Cane Sugar ... 32 1/2 31 1/2 31 1/2

Del L & W ... 106 106 106

Den & Rio G ... 78 76 76

Den & Rio G pf ... 15 1/2 14 1/2 14 1/2

Den Secur Co ... 38 36 36

Erie 1st pf ... 21 1/2 21 1/2 21 1/2

Erie 2d pf ... 29 29 29

Erie 3d pf ... 31 31 31

Erie 4d pf ... 31 31 31

Gen Elec ... 143 1/2 141 1/2 141 1/2

Gen Motors ... 44 1/2 43 1/2 43 1/2

General Elec ... 104 1/2 103 1/2 103 1/2

Int N. Ore. off ... 34 1/2 33 1/2 33 1/2

Illinoi Cen ... 101 1/2 101 1/2 101 1/2

Int Met Com ... 53 1/2 53 1/2 53 1/2

Int Met Marine ... 29 1/2 28 1/2 28 1/2

Stocks High Low Close

Int Mer Marine pf ... 88 1/2 87 87 1/2

Int Paper ... 30 28 28 1/2

Kennecott ... 40 38 38 1/2

Kan City So ... 19 18 18

Kan & Texas pf ... 5 5 5

Lackawanna Steel ... 81 1/2 81 1/2 81 1/2

Lohigh Valley ... 60 1/2 60 1/2 60 1/2

Louis & Nash ... 118 118 118

Macmillan ... 39 1/2 38 1/2 38 1/2

Maxwell 2d ... 20 20 20

Max Petroleum ... 93 1/2 92 1/2 92 1/2

Missouri Pa ... 29 1/2 27 1/2 27 1/2

Nal Lead ... 51 1/2 49 1/2 49 1/2

Nal Lead pf ... 103 1/2 103 1/2 103 1/2

N Y Air Brake ... 124 122 122

N Y Central ... 72 72 72

N Y Central pf ... 110 1/2 110 1/2 110 1/2

N Y & West ... 80 80 80

Ont & West ... 22 22 22

Pacific Mail ... 26 1/2 26 1/2 26 1/2

Pennsylvania ... 52 1/2 52 1/2 52 1/2

People's Gas ... 63 1/2 63 1/2 63 1/2

Pitts Coal ... 60 60 60

Pressed Steel ... 60 60 60

Pullman Co ... 139 1/2 138 1/2 138 1/2

Ry St Sp Co ... 48 1/2 47 1/2 47 1/2

Rounding ... 88 1/2 87 1/2 87 1/2

Ry Iron & Steel ... 60 1/2 59 1/2 59 1/2

S. East ... 67 67 67

Sloss-Sheffield ... 45 45 45

GIANTS TO IGNORE THE SHINE BALL

BY PAUL FURMAN.

With the Giants: John McGraw will meet psychology with psychology. If Eddie Ciccot's shine ball is merely a ruse to keep opposing batters guessing McGraw is ready to meet that ruse and send his men against the knuckleball artist with confidence that he has nothing on them.

McGraw will not admit it, but he evidently had some inside hunch that the remarkable success of the shine ball was due, as Ciccone himself told the writer, more to the belief of the batsman that he had something phoney on the ball than to the fact that he was actually using anything.

For weeks McGraw has been drilling his players against the possibility of

even considering that Ciccone or Dunforth are using a shine ball.

His theory is similar to that of Ciccone.

"If you think a pitcher has something on you, he has," McGraw has repeatedly warned his men.

The effect of this is that the Giants believe the shine ball is a myth and are ready to combat it as such.

"The shine ball is not bothering me," McGraw said. "If there is anything wrong with the ball it is up to the umpire to look out for it and the national commission to rule on it so far as the world series goes. I don't believe it does the players any good to worry about it."

Since Ban Johnson and the American League umpires have never seen fit to take any action against Ciccone's ball this year it isn't likely it will be ruled out in the world series.

McGraw is very crafty. If he thought there was something wrong with the ball he would have a complaint to make.

That he will not do so is almost a foregone conclusion.

DANCING

Every Saturday Night
ASSOCIATE HALL

Broderick's Orchestra

BIG CABARET

LADIES, 15c GENTS, 25c

CROWD OF 32,000 AT THE ROCHESTER FAIR

ROCHESTER, N. H., Sept. 28.—More than 32,000 attended the annual fair at the State fair grounds park yesterday.

The absence of special trains from points in New Hampshire, Maine and Massachusetts is given as the reason for the attendance dropping more than 3000 below that of one year ago on the third day. More than 5300 automobiles were parked on the grounds yesterday.

Yesterday was governor's day, when Gov. Keyes was the guest of the association and was entertained during the afternoon by Councillor Charles W.

B. Keith's F. Keith's

Lowell's Leading Theatre

Today and Tomorrow Only

GREAT DOUBLE BILL

Big Time Vaudeville

TIME TABLE

Matines	Evening
2.00..... Overture	7.30
2.05..... Hearst Pathé Weekly	7.35
2.19..... Three Brittons	7.49
2.35..... Nella Allen	8.05
2.47..... Schröde & Beaumonts	8.17
3.10..... Lewis & Norton	8.40
3.28..... Volant	8.58
3.40..... Jimmie Lucas & Co.	9.10
4.00..... Madge Kennedy	9.30
In "BABY MINE"	
5.00..... Exit March	10.30

1000 Matinee Seats at 10 Cents

"DEVOTED TO THE SCREEN"

ROYAL THEATRE

A GREAT SHOW FRIDAY AND SATURDAY
EVERY PICTURE A FEATURE IN ITSELF

FINAL EPISODE

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Here's a Real Sure-Nuff Comedian

LONESOME LUKE

In a New Screamingly Funny Play

PEARL WHITE, of Serial Fame, in the Tenth Episode of Pathé's Serial,

"The Fatal Ring"

Supported by WARNER OLAND and a Great All-Star Cast of Players.

O. Henry Story

For This Week is a Four-Reel Play, "A BLIND MAN'S HOLIDAY"—Human and One of His Best.

BESIDES OTHER PICTURES

Owl Theatre

TODAY AND SATURDAY

Is Your Wife a Companion or Merely a Convenience?

The problem of the wife who is only a stepping stone to her husband is answered in

"TO HONOR AND OBEY"

Starring

GLADYS BROCKWELL

GAIL KANE in "SOULS IN PAWN"

A story of gay life and retribution

OTHER FEATURES

CROWN THEATRE

TODAY and SATURDAY

NAOMI CHILDERS and

MARC McDERMOTT, in

"THE FOOTLIGHTS OF FATE"

A Fascinating Romance of Stage Folk—Their Heartaches and Joys

True Boardman in "Stingaree" series. Others.

Beginning Monday and Tuesday

"THE FIGHTING TRAIL"

The Most Marvelous, During Melodramatic Serial Ever Produced, Starring

WM. DUNCAN and CAROL HALLOWAY

See the First Episode

Merrimack Square Theatre

TODAY AND SATURDAY

Ethel Clayton in "THE WOMAN BENEATH"

A marriage of convenience and what results from it.

MARY PICKFORD IN

"A ROMANCE OF THE REDWOODS"

A story of the gold rush to California.

Travel Pictures Other Plays.

Usual Prices.

By the EMERSON PLAYERS, with Kendal Weston Directing. A Comedy in Three Acts

FOUR MORE PERFORMANCES OF

Next Week—"THE HOUSE OF GLASS"

THE FIRST REAL DRAMATIC OFFERING BY THE NEWLY ORGANIZED PLAYERS

A Wonderful Story—Big Dramatic Scenes—A Play With a Punch—First Performance Monday Afternoon.

COMING—"COMMON CLAY," the Harvard Prize Play

Coming Monday, MIKE SACKS

players will leave this city shortly after noon. Special accommodations for pupils of the school who wish to attend have been provided.

A particularly interesting Woman's Picture appears in the Sunday Supplement which is given away free with Saturday Sun.

Given to Dr. Dugdale's Lowell office for BLOOD POISON LOCOMOTOR TETRALYSIS and SKIN DISEASES. Blood tests made. Also treats diseases of the eye, ear, nose, throat, stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels.

RHEUMATISM, neuralgia, neuritis, sciatica, rheumatism, RHEUMATOID ARTHRITIS, gout, rheumatic fever, CANCERS, TUMORS, chronic blood and nervous diseases of men and women, hydrocole, varicose, stricture, piles, fistulas, abscess, ulcer and prostate diseases. WITHOUT FEE KNIFE, 14, testes, testes, method of treatment CHARGES REASONABLE. Lowell Office 97 Central Street. Hours, Wednesday and Saturday 2-4-7-8. Consultation. Examination. Advice FREE.

LOWELL MIRROR SHOP

Z. PARENT, PROP.

Old Mirrors revalered to look like new. New mirrors made to order.

Picture Frames made to order.

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Given to Dr. Dugdale's Lowell office for BLOOD POISON LOCOMOTOR TETRALYSIS and SK

MILK PRODUCERS EARLY SETTLEMENT OF STRIKE EXPECTED

CHICAGO, Sept. 28.—Representatives of the switchmen and trainmen of the Elgin, Joliet & Eastern railroad, a belt line for the steel mills of Gary, Joliet and South Chicago, who unexpectedly went on strike yesterday, and officials of the road met here today for the purpose of bringing about a settlement of their differences.

The number of men involved is estimated at between 1300 and 1500. They are members of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen and the Switchmen's Union of North America. Both labor leaders and officials of the road, before the conference today, predicted that the trouble would be settled before night.

Although the walk out endangers operations in certain portions of the steel plants it was stated by company officials that the situation was not serious and that government war contracts would not be interfered with unless the strike should be protracted one.

CARD OF THANKS

We, the undersigned, wish to express our sincere thanks to our many relatives, friends and neighbors, who by their many acts of kindness and expressions of sympathy helped us to lighten the burden placed upon us by the death of our beloved father, Mr. Albert H. Wilkerson.

We are especially thankful to those who so kindly sent moral offerings and spiritual bouquets, and one and all shall always be held in grateful remembrance.

Miss Helen McDermott,
Mr. Anthony McDermott, Jr.

NOTICE

IRISH NATIONAL FORESTERS

All members of Branch O'Neill-Crowley No. 558, are requested to meet this evening at A.O.H. hall to take action on the death of our late Brother Thomas Linehan.

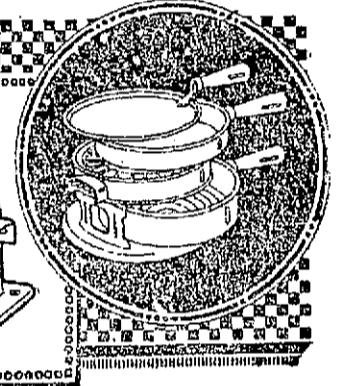
Per order,

PATRICK F. SEXTON, C.R.
THOMAS NEVIN, F.S.

NOTICE

A meeting of the Stationary Firemen's local No. 14, will be held at 22 Middle st., Sunday afternoon, Sept. 30, at 2:30 p.m. Business of special interest to the firemen employed in the mill's will be taken up at this meeting. All stationary firemen are requested to attend. Refreshments will be served.

THOMAS F. QUINN, President
JOHN W. DOWNING, Secretary.



These convenient Electric Grills are small in size, but great in usefulness.

Can be attached to any lamp socket and are ready instantly at the turn of a switch. Boil, roast fry or toast. Will perform two operations at the same time.

Will prepare a whole meal in no time right on the dining room table. Save many steps and the tiring work of standing over a slow cook stove. Electric cooking produces wholesome food and is economical, clean and safe.

Call at our showrooms and see one

THE LOWELL ELECTRIC LIGHT CORP.
29-31 MARKET ST. Tel. 821

See Our Window Display of Family Needs

Mop Handles, Plain, 15c, Wundermop Sticks..... 20c
Mop Waste, Loose, 1b, 30c. Made Mop Waste..... 25c
Mop Wringers, Five Styles..... \$1.00 to \$3.00
Wooden Water Pails, Three Hoop..... 27c and 29c
Fibre Board Pails, Indurated..... 37c and 40c
Galvanized Pails, Light.....

C. B. COBURN CO. Free City Motor Delivery
63 Market Street

FARMERS, TAKE NOTICE

If you have any FRESH KILLED POULTRY for sale, bring it to the JOHN STREET PUBLIC MARKET and we will give you full market price in cash for same. Must be A No. 1 goods.

J. P. CURLEY, Proprietor.

Moody Bridge Garage
660 MOODY ST., COR. PAWTUCKET ST.

Under New Management
We guarantee prompt and efficient service and quick delivery. Reasonable charges for storage. Repair Department in charge of Bert Girard.

BRAND NEW 5-PASS. PAIGE CAR TO BE SOLD FOR \$1000

Give Us a Call

PROBE REFUSED

Continued

should be inquired into.

They are Senator Robert M. La Follette of Wisconsin, Representatives Mason and Britton of Illinois, and Baer of North Dakota.

Mr. Hefflin declared also that he wanted "to ask some questions" of Representative Norton of North Dakota, who denounced Mr. Hefflin on the floor of the house for statements reflecting on members of congress.

Heflin Speech Blister

Mr. Hefflin's speech was made at a meeting of the house committee on rules, which has before it three resolutions inspired by the revelations of Count von Bernstorff's message to his home government asking for \$50,000 to influence members of congress.

One of the resolutions introduced by Representative Dooolittle of Kansas, to prohibit general investigation of German propaganda, with a view to establishing the identity of the "organization" named by Bernstorff.

Soon after the Heflin speech, which was at times of unusual bitterness, the number of men involved is estimated at between 1300 and 1500. They are members of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen and the Switchmen's Union of North America. Both labor leaders and officials of the road, before the conference today, predicted that the trouble would be settled before night.

Although the walk out endangers operations in certain portions of the steel plants it was stated by company officials that the situation was not serious and that government war contracts would not be interfered with unless the strike should be protracted one.

NOTICE

MEMORIAL SERVICES

Representative Dooolittle, one of the members named, issued a statement to the effect that he could give names of members.

"They published those lies yesterday and used the president to further their devilish purpose," he said angrily.

Turning to Mr. Norton he continued:

"I dare him to vote for my expulsion. At this investigation I want to ask about the Mason bill—about their correspondence (referring to congressmen—I want to know how many are in secret compact to fight the scientific draft in the next campaign)—about how they'll support Benton's bill to exempt German-American citizens from service. Let me see who has furnished the postage stamps required by the pre-German forces."

Representative Wood of Indiana asked if reports that Mr. Hefflin had charged there were gambling houses where pro-German members had won money.

"I did not say members," replied Heflin.

NOTES

MEMORIAL SERVICES

Continuing, he declared: "I want to know who is in the organization that La Follette is championing in the country that will leave the president without an army. I want you to name a committee to investigate this Bernstorff message. I will name the men and leave it to their constituents to say whether I am right or not."

"Don't their constituents know how they stand now?" queried Representative Campbell of Kansas.

"Some take one way to one set of constituents and another way to another," retorted Mr. Heflin.

"They say," he continued, "that Representative Baer was elected by men reputating the war. If there are any others preparing to join them let's name them."

"I want to know who has had the literature circulated on the Britton bill," said Mr. Heflin, reverting to that. "Who has spent hundreds of thousands of dollars in efforts to re-elect the draft? That is the work of German spies."

WANTS HEFFLIN INVESTIGATED FIRST

"The only interest I have in this matter," said Representative Norton, "is the interest that every member of the house has to have an investigation of reports in the newspapers of remarks by Representatives Heflin and Howard. I consider those very serious charges. I know of nothing more damaging than the charges that members have received German gold."

He declared it was only fair to Heflin and Howard to read the newspaper who made the reports concerning the committee under oath.

"If there are any members guilty of the charge made they should be hauled out of congress, and if these members made the charges falsely proper action should be taken against them," Mr. Norton said.

"Let's clean out our own house first. If these newspapermen have without authority to do so, then the murdering of 10 members of the house this morning would not do as much harm as the charges falsely made."

HEFFLIN THREATENS NORTON

"I do not propose that the investigation of the corruption fund shall be

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sidetracked for an investigation of me," Mr. Hefflin began. "I am willing to go before a committee and give the names of members. I have been suspicious, but I never said that any member was corrupted by money."

Mr. Hefflin said he thought he could get the services of the secretaries for the committee. He charged that certain members would like to get him out of the way before an investigation is started.

"Mr. Norton is not the only one who would like to get me out of the way before an investigation is made," Mr. Hefflin declared, turning to Mr. Norton. The latter endeavored to interrupt, but was stopped.

"You wouldn't permit an interruption from me the other day," fired Heflin. "I'll have something to say about you before the investigation committee if it is created."

ATTACKS TWO NEWSPAPERS

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"They published those lies yesterday and used the president to further their devilish purpose," he said angrily.

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